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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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DENA BANK
DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING Co. Ltd.
Head Office: Bombay & 43 Branches
Dena Bank will open their
BROACH BRANCH
on Friday, the 14th December, 1945
Seth CHINUBHAI HARIDAS ACHARATLAL, B.A
has kindly consented to perform the Opening Ceremony.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

U. S. LOAN TO BRITAIN HITS INDIA

FOURTH OF STERLING TO BE WRITTEN OFF!

MENACE OF "MULTILATERAL TRADE" TALKS

LONDON REACTIONS TO "COSTLY BREATHING SPACE"

In an interview to the representative of the "Chronicle" on the conclusion of the Financial Agreement between the United States and Great Britain Sir Chunilal B. Mehta said that though on the face of it India is not directly concerned with the Agreement, the fact is that not only India but also Egypt, Iraq and all the sterling area countries will be affected. Perhaps, the hardest hit will be India, because India is the largest creditor country of Britain.

Looking to the details, Great Britain is to arrive at agreements with her creditors for the settlement of her debts. Not only that but the lines on which these settlements are to be arrived at, have also been chalked out. Each individual creditor of Britain is to be offered a certain percentage of the total debt convertible into any currency, a certain percentage is to be funded, payable by annual instalments over a number of years, perhaps 40 to 50 and the balance is to be written off by the creditor.

Sir Chunilal said that the present balances of India in Britain are about Rs. 1,600 crores.

It seems that the Government of India have already made preparations as to how to meet the writing off of 25 per cent, i.e., Rs. 400 crores of the total Indian balances in Britain.

Let this be explained.

Before the war Government of India's balances with the Reserve Bank used to be around 10 to 15 crores. But if one will refer to the latest statements of the Reserve Bank of India, one will find this amount—deposit of the Government of India with the Reserve Bank—standing at about Rs. 450 crores. Out of this, Rs. 400 crores, i.e., 25 per cent of Rs. 1,600 crores, can easily and conveniently be written off without affecting the Indian money or financial market. But the real thing is that this amount belongs to the Indian people and should be utilised towards reducing the heavy burden of taxation in India. The Indian public should await developments in this connection.

IMPORT DUTIES ISSUE

The most important part of the Agreement is the separate joint statement by the United States and the United Kingdom in which it is mentioned that both have undertaken to begin preliminary negotiations amongst themselves and other countries for the purpose of developing concrete arrangements to carry out the proposal for relaxation of trade barriers of all kinds. What Sir Chunilal is afraid of, is that, India will be asked to reduce her import duties.

As a matter of fact, Sir Chunilal said that India has protective duties only on very few articles. Most of the import duties are revenue duties and if India is asked to reduce her revenue duties then it will be detrimental not only to the present industries but also to the establishment of new industries.

The British Government will now invite the Government of India to send a delegation to negotiate an agreement with Britain in regard to India's accumulated sterling balances. Sir Chunilal is not sure whether the Indian Delegation that will go to negotiate settlement of the sterling balances will be faced also with the problem of giving views on the subject of reduction of import duties. It is possible that discussions on that subject may take place at the proposed International Trade Conference already announced through a White Paper issued by the United States Government, to be held about next June.

There are many other points affecting India arising out of the recent agreement which Sir Chunilal proposes to deal with later on.

MENACE OF "MULTILATERAL TRADE"

Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, President of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association, said:

After a lot of haggling, the Loan Agreement between the U.S.A. and Britain is now signed. The economy of Britain has thus received the help she was sorely in need of. We must be glad for her sake.

It is difficult to say, in absence of important details, what exactly will be the repercussions on our country's economy. We are naturally anxious to know how much dollar resources will be made available to India and how

(Continued on page 8 column 1)

BALANCES THREAT TO BR. EMPIRE

Move In Commons To Turn Down U. S. Loan Terms

LONDON, Dec. 7. (Reuter): The battle for British acceptance of the Anglo-American loan terms and the Bretton-Woods financial agreement was on today. The Government Bill for ratification of Bretton-Woods was tabled in the House of Commons and within two hours two Conservative members of Parliament Mr. Robert Boothby and Squadron Leader Hollis Booth, financial experts—presented a motion for its rejection and another for turning down the loan terms.

The Bretton-Woods Bill as presented in the House today preserved the whole structure hammered out at the international financial talks. Since the Government is "putting on whips", insisting that Labour Parliamentarians maintain party discipline by supporting Government's proposals—the agreement should be ratified within a few days.

Without this British action the entire Bretton-Woods scheme would have lapsed. There was no provision for bringing it into operation unless countries having 65 per cent of the total quotas ratified it before the end of the current year. So far only the United States has ratified the plan.

One big result of British ratification will be that pound sterling will be fixed at its present rate of 4.03 dollars, as ratification automatically means continuing the exchange rates of November 1, writes Sidney Campbell, Reuter's City Editor.

The currencies of India, Egypt, South Africa, Canada and other countries which ratify before the end of the year will also be fixed at the rates of November First. France and other war-torn countries are entitled to claim a few months' grace before naming their initial currency rates.

Parliamentary opposition to the Anglo-American Loan as stated in the Boothby Hollis motion is likely to make three points:

Firstlyx, it involves return to international gold standard which it is claimed would endanger the prosperity of British industry and agriculture and deprive Britain of effective control over her national economy.

Secondly, it involves abolition of the sterling area, threatening the economic stability of Britain and her Empire.

Thirdly, it involves the principle of non-discrimination in trade liable to disrupt the unity of the British Empire.

Other Conservatives, it is believed, would criticise the proposed settlement as a severe one under which Britain would buy a few years of deceptive ease at the expense of hard times to follow.

COAL STRIKE CONTINUES

SYDNEY, Dec. 7 (A.P.A.): New South Wales tonight had an army of approximately 300,000 unemployed as a result of the coal strike.

Dead Indians To Give Evidence

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7, (A. P. I.): Dead men's evidence will be heard at the first trials of the Japanese war criminals in the Wewak area of New Guinea, says a "message from "The Times" correspondent in Melbourne.

The evidence is that of ten Indian soldiers who, with one officer who is still living, were the only men left in Japanese hands of a contingment of 2,600 prisoners of war.

PARTITION OF AUSTRIA?

Move To Set Up Alpine Federal State

BERNE, Dec. 7. (Reuter): A movement to set up an "Alpine Federal State" with more than 20,000,000 inhabitants as a breakaway from Austria and Southern Germany has been launched in Bregen, capital of the Austrian province of Vorariberg, now occupied by the French, say reports reaching here.

YAMASHITA TO HANG

NEW YORK, Dec. 7. (Reuter): Gen. Tomoyuki Yamashita, former Japanese Commander-in-Chief in the Phillippines, has been found guilty and sentenced to death by hanging, according to the Mutual Broadcasting Company correspondent in Manila.

YAMASHITA HAS LITTLE HOPE IN APPEAL

MANILA, Dec. 7. (Reuter): Gen. Yamashita seems to have little hope that his appeal to the United States Supreme Court will be successful.

Tonight he distributed his personal effects—two watches, medal ribbons, general's belt, Chinese brushes and gold braid and silver spurs among the United States officers who defended him.

TOJO TO BE TRIED NEXT MONTH

Trials of Japanese war criminals are likely to begin next month, with Gen. Hideke Tojo, the Japanese Prime Minister at the time of the Pearl Harbour attack among the first to be dealt with, Tokyo despatches stated today.

Jap War Lords Still At Large

Yenan Demands Arrest Of Two Criminals

YENAN, Dec. 7. (APA): The Chinese Communist War Crimes Commission today accused General Yasaii Okamura, former Commander of the Japanese Forces in China, of personally directing and witnessing the massacre of an entire North China village in 1942.

Okamura is at present in Nanking as Chief Liaison Officer between Chinese Nationalist troops and the remaining Japanese.

Ranking Okamura as Number One war criminal the commission demanded he be placed under immediate arrest. On Okamura's orders the commission charged, more than 800 men, women and children of the town of Peitan in Hupeh were driven into a tunnel, sealed in and suffocated.

The commission named as Number Two war criminal Lieut. Gen. Takashi Tada, Okamura's predecessor who, the Communists say, is still free in Tokyo.

CONGRESS CANDIDATE'S VICTORY

CUTTACK, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—Mr. Bhagirathi Mahapatra (Congress) has been declared elected to the Central Assembly from the Cuttack-cum-Puri Non-Mohamedan Constituency having secured 1,784 votes against 275 votes secured by Mr. Paramadhusudan Mahanti, Radical Democrat.

Ziauddin Ahmed Elected

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmed, Muslim League candidate, was declared elected to the Central Legislative Assembly having secured 3,280 votes as against 566 secured by Mr. Shakir Ali (Nationalist Muslim).

Sixteen votes were declared invalid.

Casey's Assurance To Congress Leaders

"H.M.G. IN DEAD EARNEST ABOUT SETTLING INDIAN QUESTION"

Will Review Cases Of Bengal Politicals If List Is Submitted

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7, (A. P. I.): The possibility of a Wavell-Azad-Patel-Nehru meeting after the Gandhi-Wavell meeting on Monday next is hinted at in Congress circles tonight after the hundred minutes meeting between the Bengal Governor Mr. Casey and Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, writes the Political Correspondent of the Associated Press of India.

I learn from very reliable sources that to-day's meeting between the Bengal Governor and the Congress leaders has carried the political discussions which Mahatma Gandhi had for four days with Mr. Casey, the Bengal Governor, to a further stage and the Gandhi-Wavell meeting on Monday is now keenly awaited.

To-day's discussions between Mr. Casey and the three topranking Congress leders, according to unimpeachable sources, covered the entire political situation in the country vis-a-vis the intentions of His Majesty's Government in respect of tackling the Indian problem immediately after the General Elections in India are over.

Mr. Casey, it is gathered, explained to the Congress leaders that during his recent visit to England, he had discussions with Ministers of His Majesty's Government on the Indian problem and from his estimate of their

(Continued on page 9 column 3)

India On B.B.C.

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Dec. 7.

It is learnt in London that the India Office and the Government of India are in consultations about the advisability of arranging a series talks by various Indian leaders for broadcasting by the B.B.C. There is sharp difference of opinion as to whether these talks should be broadcast only for consumption in Britain or world consumption.

ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF BR. CHIEF IN JAVA

Grenade Explodes On Plane Bringing Him Back From Singapore

BATAVIA, Dec. 7, (U. P. A.): What is believed to have been an attempt to assassinate General Sir Philip Christison, Allied Commander-in-Chief in Java, was made today as Christison and his staff were landing from a plane. He was returning from the conference in Singapore with Lord Louis Mountbatten.

A hand grenade, believed to have been thrown from a road to the direction of the Kemajoran airfield, exploded and blew a hole on the door of the hangar just as the plane landed. There were no casualties or damages to the plane.

Indonesians Closing In On Semarang 'Drome

'Reuter' adds: The Allied controlled airfield in Semarang, the trouble centre on the north coast of central Java, was closed to-day, as Indonesian troops were trying to close in on it, cables 'Reuter's' Special Correspondent.

R.A.F. transport command pilots who landed there amid firing this morning reported that Indian troops were still shelling a point a mile and a half from the airfield. Their Dakotas laden with evacuees were the last planes to leave before the airfield was closed, said the pilots.

A 'communique' from Allied Headquarters to-day reported that Semarang was under mortar fire last night.

At the Batavia airfield to-day a hand grenade exploded near the hangar, and a group of Allied officers escaped death by only 15 yards. A "serious view" is taken of this incident by the Allied authorities as the airfield is very busy with movement of women and children refugees troops and important passengers.

Gurkhas clearing Indonesian positions obstructing the evacuation of former prisoners of war and internees from Bandoeng, a hill station in western Java, suffered three killed and nine wounded.

300 JAPS DROWNED

SINGAPORE, Dec. 7 (Reuter).—Three hundred Japanese were drowned when a coaster struck a mine near Singapore recently. The ship which was carrying a Japanese working party of 450 sank in three minutes.

Flying boats from naval vesssels rescued 159 survivors.

STOP PRESS

CONGRESS VICTORIES

BAREILLY, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): Mr. Damodar Swaroop (Congress) was declared elected today to the Central Assembly from the Rohilkhand and Kumaun Divisions (non-Muhammadan) Rural Constituency, defeating his rival Seth Bishen Chand, General Secretary of the Agra Provincial Hindu Mahasabha by a large majority. Mr. Damodar Swaroop polled 12,939 votes, while Seth Bishen Chand secured 595 votes. The third candidate, Mr. Tribeni Sahai Misra (Hindu Sabha) got eleven votes. Both Seth Bishen Chand and Mr. Tribeni Sahai forfeited their deposits.

BAREILLY, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): Khan Bahadur Ghazanfarullah Khan (Muslim League) was declared elected to the Central Assembly from the Rohilkhand and Kumaon Divisions Mohammadan Rural Constituency, defeating Haji Muhammad Yaqub (National Muslim) by a large margin Sir Shafat Ahmad Khan, the third candidate, polled 15 votes and lost his deposit.

KARACHI, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): All the members of the All-India Scheduled Castes Federation, (Karachi Branch), along with their president M. Mangh-ji Bhagwan, have joined the Congress it is announced here.

BOZMAN'S SUCCESSOR

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—Mr. P. N. Thapar took over charge today as Secretary, Information and Broadcasting Department, succeeding Mr. Bozman, who left Delhi for England on deputation.

Police Sign Congress Pledge & Obtain Release

Bengal Congress Committee Report On "People's Movement" In Dinajpur

CALCUTTA, December 7 (A.P.I.)—In the wake of the arrest of Congress leaders on August 8, 1942, a "People's Movement" was started in Balurghat, District Dinajpur, followed by police repression, according to reports collected and released by the office of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. These reports state that as a result of police firing, four persons died. Collective fines totaling Rs. 75,000 were imposed upon the Hindus of a part of Balurghat town. Also, 37 persons were convicted under the Defence of India Rules and about 100 others were arrested or sent up for trial.

On the morning of September 14, 1942, a procession of demonstrators more than 5,000 strong from the outlying areas reached the town of Balurghat and ultimately raided the subtreasury office, post office, civil court and co-operative buildings, railway out-agency, excise and liquor shops, Union Board office and other Government offices. Telegraphic communications were destroyed.

POLICE PARTY OVERPOWERED

In one case, villagers, in spite of police firing, overpowered a police party who obtained their release by signing the Congress pledge, the report adds.

Santhals and Rajbansis—aboriginals of the district—also took part in the movement. In village Moradangu, while the police opened fire on a mob, the Santhals resorted to primitive bows and arrows.

Referring to police repression, the report alleges that police took recourse to shooting, molestation of men and women, search and raids of houses, looting of foodgrains and valuables and damage to properties, accompanied by mass arrests, imposition of collective fines and punitive police.

CONGRESS CABINET Mahatma Participates In Discussions

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee met at 2 p. m. at the residence of the Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who presided. Mahatma Gandhi was present at the meeting.

The Congress President reviewed the political situation in the country since the last meeting of the Committee in Bombay. A general discussion followed. The Committee is expected to adjourn at 5-30 p.m. to enable the President, Maulana Azad, Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to go to Government House to meet the Bengal Governor Mr. Casey.

The following members were present.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mr. Sankerrao Deo, Acharya Kripalani P. Govind Vallabh Pant, Mr. Asaf Ali Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Dr. P. C. Ghosh, Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab and Acharya Narendra Deo.

A large crowd gathered in front of the Congress President's house an hour before the members arrived. Mahatma Gandhi was the first to come at 1-50 p.m. he was loudly cheered.

MAHATMA ATTENDS

Mahatma Gandhi left Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's residence at 4-10 p.m. to be in time at Sodepure to attend the evening prayers. Mahatma Gandhi was present at the meeting of the Working Committee for 130 minutes during which he is reported to have participated in the discussions.

The Working Committee is continuing its session till 5-30 p.m.

MAHATMA REFUSES TO BE DRAWN OUT

Mahatma Gandhi declined to be drawn into any discussion about his forthcoming meeting with Lord Wavell. Pressmen besieged him on his emerging out of the Congress President's house, but the Mahatma cleverly eluded the pressmen by pointing his finger at the Congress President for any news of the meeting of the Working Committee.

ADJOURNS SESSION

The Working Committee adjourned today at 5-30 p.m. to meet again tomorrow at 9 a.m. The Congress President told the Associated Press of India that today's discussions in the Working Committee were of a general nature on the political situation. He had nothing by way of a statement to be released to the press

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (MARCH)
NEW YORK, Dec. 7.

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Difference	+01
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BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

	Rs.
Silver	133 12 0
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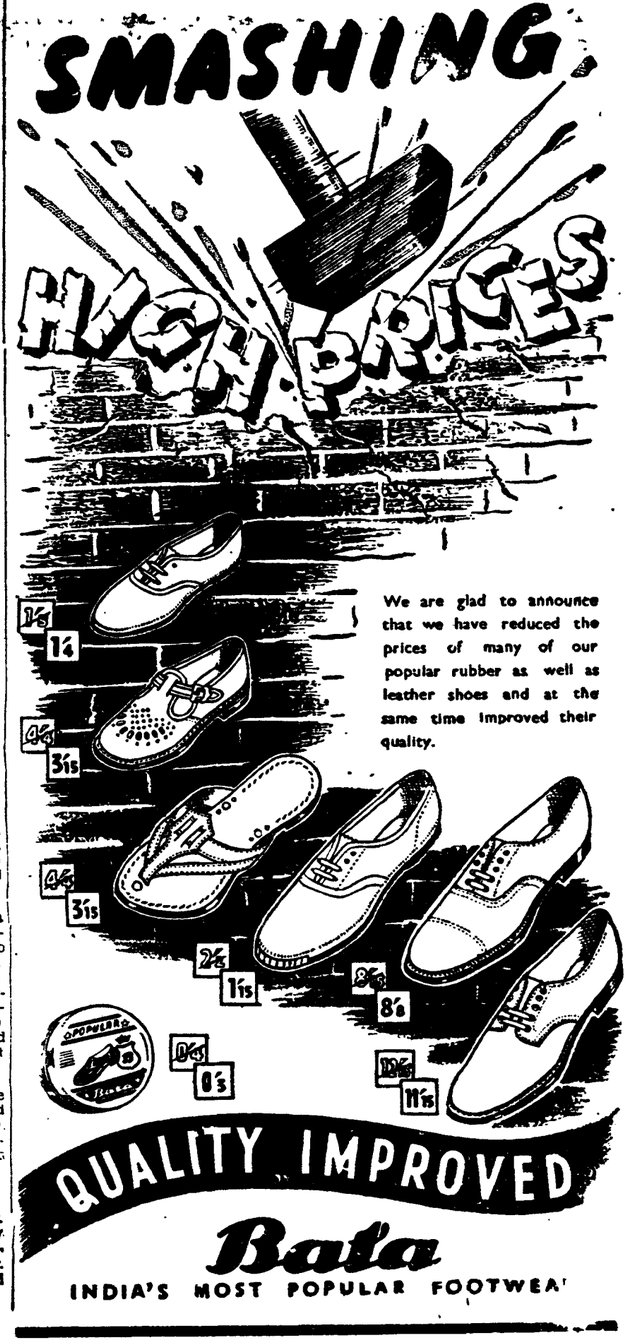
On page 2 of today's issue is a list of names of Officers of the Indian Army who were Prisoners of War in the hands of the Japanese and are now known to be safe in Allied hands. Further lists will be published from time to time.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Lot No.	Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area Guntha s	Assessment.
3	63	5	11½	1-13-3
4	86	7	6	0-14-6
5	86	8	5	0-11-6
6	86	9	29¾	4- 1-0
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INDIAN YOUTH CAN CREATE MODERN SOCIETY

Sardar Panikar On Good Living And High Thinking

GUNTUR, Dec. 6. (A.P.I.): Sardar K. M. Panikar, the Prime Minister of the Bikaner State, urged the Indian youth to discard the ideal of plain living and high thinking to adopt the doctrine of good living and high thinking.

In his convocation address to the Andhra University, Sardar Panikar referred to the "pernicious doctrine" that plain living and high thinking is India's historic ideal and said, "This becomes easily transalatable into low living and no thinking. Nothing is falser and more dangerous to the national greatness than this cry of the discarded and the disappointed, which has been elevated into almost a national dogma by the unthinking mind of the country."

Another tendency against which he earnestly warned "is the curious appeal which is made to the youth of the country on the basis of nationalism to hold fast to everything that is Indian, however unscientific it may be.

"The task of the next generation in India" added Sardar Panikar "is pre-eminently one of creating a modern society, of creating a new social dynamics, which will enable this country to break through the manacles of leaden thought and move forward with giant strides. This is essentially a mental process, though the material setting of life such as the growth of industrialisation, the dominance of urban life etc. may contribute to it. It is only by the conscious activity of the youth that this revolution of thought can come about, that is the task that awaits you."

INTRODUCTION OF DECIMAL SYSTEM IN INDIA

Amendment In Indian Coinage Act

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

A bill has been draited to amend the Indian coinage act. This is to implement the proposal to introduce the decimal system in India.

The Government's proposal is that Indian rupee should be divided, not into 192 Pies as at present, but into 100 Cents. The present rupee, half rupee, and quarter rupee coins, will remain but lower denominations will be replaced by coins of value of ten, five, two and one Cents, with possibly by half a Cent coin. As present series of coins of lower denominations are withdrawn. New coins will be introduced so that during the period of transition both sets of coins will circulate side by side, prices being expressed in either of them.

A series of coins of two annas, half an anna and pice pieces, which are at present in circulation, were introduced in 1942 as a wartime measure, in order to cope up with a greatly increased demand for small coins. But the coins of small denominations have proved unpopular. The Government of India have therefore decided that as soon as conditions permit nickelbrass alloy should be replaced by the prewar cuprobrass alloy and the pice of new design should be issued. This will involve a great recoinage programme. But the Government feels that the recoinage will afford a unique opportunity to undertake a reform of subsidiary coinage. Hence the decision to introduce the decimal system currency in India.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

BY J. C. MAITRA.

The third and final Test Match between the Australian tourists and an Indian XI will commence at Madras this morning. Vijay Merchant, the home Captain, has already announced the names of the players who will take part in the engagement under him. As was expected, the Madras speed-merchant Rangachari has been dropped and 'Shute' Banerjee has been included in his place. It is true 'Shute' is nowhere near his old form. Still he is much more reliable than his rivals. His dismissal of Whittington with his very first deliveries in each innings of the East Zone match at Calcutta was indeed marvellous. But such things are rare. I hope however that he would do well on the Chepauk ground.

OUR MEDIOCRE ATTACK

There is, unfortunately, no other fast bowler in the country to support Banerjee. So Merchant has decided to bank mainly on the medium pacers like Hazare, Amarnath and Ram Singh. C. S. Nayudu alone will represent the slow-spinners. Evidently the Indian skipper thinks that one is enough for his purpose.? Nobody can say that our attacking strength is terrific. In fact I have not seen such a weaker combination put up against a visiting side before. Unless our fielding is decidedly tight, the visitors are sure to pile up a massive total against us. I hope, however, that with the inclusion of Gul Mahomed and Ram Singh, this department will show appreciable improvement. Maka may also be relied upon to his bit behind the stumps with consummate skill and alacrity.

WICKET AND THE TOSS

The fate of the match will largely depend on the sustaining powers of the wicket. If it crumbles down quickly—say, on the third day of the match, there is every possibility of a decisive result. But if it remains true to the last a draw is more than a certainty. Much will therefore depend on the spin of the coin. If Vijay names it correctly and takes the first lease of the plumb wicket, we may hope that our big array of centurions will have a good opportunity of rising to the occasion. Only a substantial lead in the first innings can help us to win the match and the rubber. If, on the other hand, Lindsay Hasset wins the toss, we may expect a tall figure piled up by the Aussies at our expense. Then the boot may be on the other leg!

THE BATTING ORDER

Although Merchant has fairly established his claim as an opening bat now, many people wish that he does not go in so early. Vinoo Mankad and Mushtaq Ali are good enough for these positions. His proper rank is No. 4 after Amarnath, with Rusi Modi to follow him up. The reason for his backward move is that he may be able to stave off an early landslide and change the complexion of the game. If he goes out early, and one or two wickets fall quickly in his wake, as it happened in Calcutta, all chances of a gallant recovery almost evaporates. Vijay would do well to consider this aspect of the question seriously. Personal ambitions and predilections must be set aside in the interest of the team.

A BATTLE OF WITS

I have no doubt the Kangaroos would try their utmost to win this vital match. All their combined skill intelligence and experience would be marshalled against us to give a worthy battle. There is not likely to be any slackness anywhere. Their fielding which has been an object-lesson to us so far would still be improved upon. So would their batting and bowling. I have no doubt that Hasset and his colleagues have carefully studied the strong and weak points of all our players. And they would try to exploit them to their best advantage. The tourists have shown themselves to be valiant fighters. We may be sure that they would try their utmost to wrest the laurels from our men. Thus an interesting tug-of-war is ahead.

SHOCK FOR LUSITANIANS

The Lusitanians who were leading the Senior Division of the Bombay Hockey League so far, with an unbeaten record received a rude shock on Thursday last at the hands of the lowly Coastal Battery. There is no doubt that over-confidence played a large part in the matter of their downfall. They claimed the lion's share of the attacking operations but their forwards failed to pierce the all-important target mainly due to dilly-dallying methods. Another mistake they made was to reshuffle their attack and defence after were a goal down. It was forgotten that a habitual defender cannot turn into a scorer all of a sudden. Nor can an attacker become a sound defender for the mere asking. The changes in the positions upset their game to such an extent that they had a mighty hard time to keep their ends up—instead of getting the better of their opponents.

ENHANCED INTEREST IN LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP

This upset has however, enhanced the interest in the competition. The Lusies now realise that they will have to fight hard to win their remaining engagements if they wish to gain in the championship. In the B.B. and C.I. Railway they have a rival who have not lost a single match yet. The return of Captain Austen to Bombay has apparently gingered them up a good deal. H.M.I. Dockyard are also struggling valiantly to reach the top of the ladder. Craig of the G.I.P. Railway is equally determined to regain the title for his side. So this quadrangular contest is sure to provide plenty of thrills to the local hockey fans in the coming weeks.

Rickshaw Pullers' Strike In Calcutta Continues

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): The strike of Calcutta rickshaw pullers entered its eighth day today.

About six thousand rickshaws and 25,000 rickshaw pullers are involved. The strikers allege that exorbitant hire is levied by owners of rickshaws, in violation of an agreement reached recently.

Representatives of owners and pullers met the Additional Labour Commissioner for Bengal yesterday, when efforts for a settlement were continued.

Some incidents in connection with the strike have been reported to-day. Some pullers were attacked and beaten and damage was also caused to several rickshaws, says Mr. Ismail, President of the Calcutta Rickshaw Mazdoor Union. On the other hand, the Secretary of the All Bengal Rickshaw Union alleges that "hired goondas and hooligans of the Communist Party stoned rickshaws, broke and burnt them to ashes and pullers were assaulted everywhere in the public streets."

Sarojini Pleads For Folk Songs

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (API): Folk songs would reach more directly to the people than long lectures on health, said Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, inaugurating a rural health campaign training class last evening. She asked her audience to use folk songs for health education. She was convinced that through these songs, villagers could be attracted more than by any other form of approach.

"THREE GREAT DIVISIONS"

Pictorial Story Of Part Played By Indian Army In Defeating Germany

The history of the Indian Army's great contribution to the final overthrow of the Nazis in Europe is told, in vivid pictures in the publication "Three Great Divisions" brought out by the Inter-Services Public Relations Directorate, G. H. Q. (I), New Delhi. (Price As. 8/-), from leading booksellers, news-agents and railway bookstalls, plus As. 3 1/2 postage (in India).

The three Indian Divisions which participated in the war in Europe—the Fourth, the Eighth and Tenth—were all veterans who were in the van of conquering armies in the North African campaign.

The Eighth Division was the first to enter Europe on the Italian front, in October 1943; it was followed by the Fourth Division in December 1943 and by the Tenth in April 1944 in different sectors of the same theatre. In fierce battles over a mountainous country, in rains and mud and in bitter cold, the three divisions fought for over 400 miles smashing through intricate systems of German fortifications as well as formidable natural barriers.

After over a year and a half of fierce fighting against stubborn enemy resistance, their victorious march came to an end with the unconditional surrender of the German fighting forces in Italy on the 29th April, 1945.

HALLETT PLAN OF REPRESSION

How It Went Awry

(From A Special Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 5.

The Hallet regime did not appreciate the recent speeches of the erleased Congressmen, especially Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. Sir Maurice Hallet, Governor of the United Provinces it is reported made strong remonstrations to the Central Government for their policy of inactivity. The I. N. A. demonstrations in the U. P. and other provinces again gave headache to Sir Maurice Hallet and he again moved New Delhi to take action. The Hallet plan it is stated was to arrest Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Mr. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai and others, ban meetings and stop processions and demonstrations.

I learn that pointed reference to excesses corruption, and blackmarketing and particular reference to some non-Indian I. C. S. officers caused panic in their camp. These I. C. S. officers it is said, wanted to file cases against Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru for his sharp and pointed reference to them. The U. P. Governor is said to have supported their stand and wanted to permit them to file cases to vindicate their honour and again moved Central Government for sanction.

Lord Wavell, Viceroy of India it is stated advised U. P. Governor against taking any hasty step to follow a cautious policy and not to provoke Congress leaders which would have repercussions all over India and thus he saved the situation

CALCUTTA TRAMWAYS

Valuation Fixed At Rs. 3,69,35,200

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (API): The valuation of the Calcutta Tramways undertaking at Rs. 3,69,35,200, made by the Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Corporation has been accepted by the Corporation. It has also decided to make a firm offer to the Calcutta Tramways Company of that sum, as the proper purchase price of the undertaking, with a request to accept in within five days from the date of intimation.

This decision was reached by the Corporation at its meeting last night. It also decided that in the event of the Company not accepting the offer, the differences or the dispute as to the proper price should be referred to arbitration, and that Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose be requested to act as arbitrator on behalf of the Corporation.

41 U. S. Transport Planes Sold To Indian Airlines

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6—Sale of 41 DC-3 U. S. surplus Army planes to leading civil airlines in India was announced on Wednesday by Walter B. Schleiter Field Commissioner of the Foreign Liquidation Commission.

These C-47 Skytrains, as they are popularly known, will greatly enhance post-war civil aviation in India. Veterans of the roof routes over the Hump to China, Rangoon and Moscow and many other hazardous but vital pathways, these planes played an important role in carrying food muel and other essential supplies to the fighting fronts.

In releasing planes to the commercial airlines of India at prices considerably lower than cost to the U. S. Government, the U. S. Liquidation Commission has made a contribution to the development and expansion of commercial air transportation.

All planes purchased have undergone extensive repair and renovation and the new fleet with their twin engines and a cruising range of 1,600 miles will be converted to passenger ships and continue their valuable service in peacetime pursuits.

INDIAN ARMY

RECOVERED PRISONERS OF WAR

NAMES

The Government of India is pleased to announce that the following Indian Army Officers have been recovered from enemy hands. The Next of Kin have been informed in all cases. This should be read in conjunction with the previous lists published. Further lists follow.

OFFICERS.

15 Punjab Regiment.

EC-152 Capt. Fairbairn, P. Y.

VICEROY'S COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.

R. Bombay S. & M.

13858 Jem. Ghulam Ahmed
12788 Jem. Mohd. Ismail
3170 Sub. Sardar Khan, Bahadur, O. B. I.

Rajputana Rifles.

6671 Sub. Khubi Ram
16738 Jem. Pahlad Ram

Frontier Force Regiment.

9157 Sub. Fazal Dad
11839 Jem. Fazal Dad
6551 Jem. Feroze Khan
9481 Jem. Ghulam Sadiq
8598 Jem. Hayat Mohd.

16 Punjab Regiment.

9204 Sub. Dhuman Khan
7840 Sub. Gulistan Khan
.. Jem. Hira Singh
.. Sub. Maj. Lall Khan
9209 Jem. Mohd. Akbar Khan
11738 Jem. Mohd. Akram
11495 Jem. Mohd. Sarwar
9208 Sub. Mohd. Yusaf
11739 Jem. Nur Khan
15553 Jem. Sajawal Khan

Dogra Regiment.

15709 Jem. Birbal
8368 Sub. Bisambhar Dass
2615 Sub. Maj. Diwan Chand, Bahadur, O. B. I. I.D.S.M.
2609 Sub. Maj. Gian Chand, Bahadur, O. B. I.
15857 Jem. Narayan Singh, I.O.M.
9923 UPA. Sub. Parkash Singh
11326 Jem. Prem Singh
16433 Jem. Simar Singh

1 Gurkha Rifles.

1032 Jem. Budhilal Gurung
5485 Sub. Inderbahadur Thapa
1101 Jem. Prithiram Gurung
6708 Jem. Udbar Thapa

2 Gurkha Rifles.

5873 Jem. Jaganbahadur Gurung

I.A.M.C.

MC-404 Jem. Aggarwala, Jai Jai Ram
MC-163 Jem. Ahmad Iqbal, IT
2323 Jem. Bhandari, Ghulam Hussain
ME-80 Jem. Chacko, V. C.
ME-243 Jem. Chandy, A. I.
MC-81 Jem. Ghosh, Boman Krishna
MC-525 Jem. Kamboh, Bashir-Ud-Din Ahmad
2224 Jem. Kar, N. C.
.. Jem. Naranjan Singh
2016 Jem. Nath, Kidar
MC-56 Jem. Rashbehari Misra
1879 Jem. Singh, Lakhan

I.G.S.C.

GSV/114 Sub. Maj. Channan Singh.

Issued by P. S. Casualties, Adjutant General's Branch, General Headquarters, India, Simla. AAA 524

This rejuvenator par excellence has been prepared by a scientific combination of hormones, vitamins and minerals. For the first time the costliest "King of Tonics" of the ancient Ayurvedic Medicine, viz., POORNA CHANDRODAYA RASA (mixed with atomised gold), has been scientifically blended with hormones, vitamins and minerals. It is not a "dope" or a "stimulant." It does not contain any temporary stimulating aphrodistacs like yohimbin, strychnine, cantharidin, phosphorus, damiana, etc. Hence it can be taken by young and old alike in any season.

The purpose of ROYAL OONIM is to feed and revitalise the endocrines. This takes time depending upon the degree of devitalisation and degeneration of the endocrines present. Once this is achieved the results are rapidly cumulative.

ROYAL OONIM rejuvenates the brain, arteries, nerves and glands; increases every physical and vital force; enriches the blood stream; strengthens the heart; develops a perfect co-ordination between the muscles and the brain; invigorates the stomach, blood and kidneys; fortifies the lungs, energizes the liver, gives resistance to infection; restores and vitalises every function of the body: actually makes you feel and look years younger.

The action of ROYAL OONIM is gradual and cumulative and the restoration lasting, for once the glands are replenished they can do their work without further assistance. A glow of health and an amazing feeling of fitness are replenished such as one has never known before. It does not impair digestion or cause constipation, is not habit-forming and absolutely drugless and harmless.

We warn our clients that they should not expect ROYAL OONIM to act as a mere immediate and temporary stimulant in 24 hours. It is a natural "hormone-vitamin-mineral" FOOD CONCENTRATE. No temporary stimulating drugs of any nature are incorporated in it (as are often found in so-called gland-tonics) because the reactions of such drugs are highly injurious and health-shattering. ROYAL OONIM acts gradually and cumulatively like nature itself. The results are lasting. Initial encouraging improvement with ROYAL OONIM begins to appear within 3 or 4 weeks, but for maximum therapeutic effects it may be continued without interruption for 12 weeks. Prepared separately for MALE and FEMALE. Prices: Per container of 63 capsules of ROYAL OONIM (either MALE or FEMALE), sufficient for 3 weeks, Rs 50; full course of 252 capsules, sufficient for 12 weeks, Rs. 200. Sold at all Chemists.

BIOTESTRON AMPOULES: The finest synthetic hormone treatment for restoring youthful vigour and lost manhood. Contains synthetic testosterone propionate and oestradiol dipropionate dissolved in sesame oil. For intramuscular injection only. These injections are painless, cause no reactions and can be administered with the greatest of ease by any average medico or even a trained nurse or compounder. Price: per box of 12 ampoules of Biotestrin 25 mgm. Rs. 180 per box of 12 ampoules of Biotestin 50 mgm Rs. 280.

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Ask for a copy of our FREE CIRCULAR, or send Rs 2 postage 8 annas extra) by M.O. or P.O. (or by V.P.P. for Rs. 2-10) for a copy of HEALTH AND VITALITY BY MODERN METHODS. Contains over 450 pages and 200 illustrations. Everything you want to know for regaining health and vitality by modern medical methods is described and illustrated in detail.

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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Magsar Shud 4, 2002
Muslim: Mohurrum 2, 1365
Parsi: Tir 6, 1315
Sunrise 7-0 a.m. Sunset 6-2 p.m.
Hightide: 2-16, 13-47
Lowtide: 8-11, 19-41.

Domestic Occurrence

MARRIAGE

BALIGA—BAIS—Dr. B. Rabindranath Baliga Dental Surgeon Bombay, to Premalata Bais at "Saroj-Durg" Indore on Friday, the 7th December 1945.

DEATH

JEHANGIR B. MISTRI (Norwich Life Insurance Agent) expired yesterday Funeral this morning at Doongerwadi.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY PHYSICAL CULTURE ASSOCIATION: Inauguration of 1945 National Games at the Gowalia Tank Maidan today at 3 p.m. Dr. Jos Alban D'Souza will preside.

"HINDI CLASSES": Under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association Hindi classes for Prarambhik to Kovid examinations at Wardha-Rashtrabhasha Prachar Samiti are held on every Sunday morning from 7-30 a.m to 10-30 a.m in Association premises, Vithalbhai Patel Road (Girgaum). Students desirous of appearing for examinations in February, 1946, should register their names.

HEALTH EXHIBITION: Free Exhibition of Health and Cultural Talkie Film today at King's Circle Garden, King's Circle at 6-30 pm S T and Hindu Colony, Dadar, at 6-30 p m (S T).

BALKAN-JI-BARI: B. P. Executive Committee Meeting, Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 4th Floor, Apollo Street, Fort, at 4 p m (S T).

"BOMBAY SOUTH INDIAN NATIONAL CONFERENCE": It is proposed to hold a Conference of all progressive and politically conscious members of the South Indian Community in Bombay, sometime in January 1946. To this purpose a preliminary meeting willl be held today at the South Indian Association Premises, Matunga, at 6 p.m. and a Working Committee selected.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE: Programme of classical music by Miss Dhundibai Kulrani of Kolhapur today at 9-30 p m at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, Tram Terminus, Girgaum, Bombay.

YOUTH'S PARLIAMENT: Public Lecture on "Marriage and Divorce" by Dr. K. K. Dadachanji in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge today at 6-15 p m Swami S. D. Acharya will preside.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES: The following religious discourses will be held by Swami Sambuddhanandaji of Ramakrishna mission, Khar Road today at 3 p m (S T) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Prescott Road Fort, (In English. On Vedanta Philosophy.

Also at 5 p m at Ramakrishna Vivekananda Centre, Dadar. Upanishads (in English.)

IN AID OF KANARA VIDYADAINI FREE NIGHT SCHOOL: 'Bharat Milap' will be shown at Kamal Talkies tomorrow (Sunday) at 9-30 a m, in aid of the Kanara Vidyadaini Free Night School.' Tickets will be available at the theatre.

S.N.D.T.I.W. UNIVERSITY: The Legal Instruction lectures under the auspices of the S. N. D. Thackersey Indian Women's University today at 1-30 p m at the Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road.

Congress Sevika Dal

Weekly rally of the Sevikas will be held at 4-30 p.m. today at the Congress House Compound. Only Sevikas from A, B, C, D Wards are requested to attend this rally and meeting without fail. Instructions will be issued to Sevikas for their duty for Mahabharat Show at Gowalia Tank Maidan. Batches of 50 Sevikas will be required every day.

A JOINT RALLY OF CONGRESS DAL: Joint rally of the volunteers of the Congress Dal in B, C and D Wards tomorrow (Sunday) at 7 a.m. (S.T.) All the volunteers of these wards are required to be present at the Congress House at 6-45 p.m. in uniform.

URGENT MEETING OF B.P.C.C.: Urgent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee today (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4.

FLAG SALUTATION: A flag salutation under the auspices of the Varadkar Bldg., Rahivasi Sangh, tomorrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (S.T.), at Varadkar Bld., Hospital Avenue Road, Parel, when Dr. A. G. Tendulkar will unfurl the flag and address.

AMENDED ELECTORAL ROLLS: Bombay F Ward Nationalist Muslims will keep the Roll to the Mohammedan District (F Ward Area) at 18 Garden View, 7th Road, Parsi Colony, Dadar.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: All restrictions on telegrams to and from Holland are withdrawn.

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Dr. Miss S. Panandikar on "Some Interesting Findings in Child-Psychology" at Wilson College, to-day at 6 p.m.

"Mahabharata" Performances In Aid Of I. N. A.

The Mahabharata Committee is formed to help the Fund inaugurated by His Worship the Mayor of Bombay to help the families of the Soldiers of the Indian National Army and requests the Public to come in their thousands and patronise the shows which will be staged on Saturday, Sunday and Monday, the 8th, 9th and 10th December 1945 at 9 p.m. (S. T.), at the Gowalia Tank Maidan.

The Charges are so low that even the poorest can afford to help the Great cause

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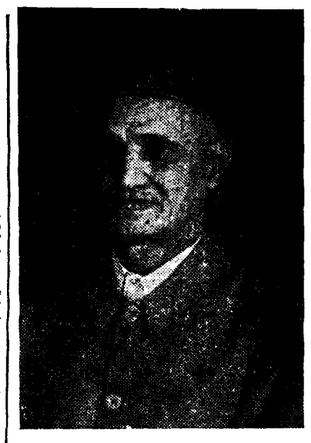

Mr. EDULJI NAVROJI MEHTA, Joint Headmaster of the Avanbai High School of Bulsar, who was presented by the staff of teachers and pupils, with an address in a casket and an oil-paint portrait, on the eve of his retirement from the institution, after a record service of fifty years.

CITY STUDENTS TO CONFER

Mr. Shanti Shah, convener of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress, writes:—

"It has been decided to call a city and suburban students' Conference on the lines of the last year's conference, which was held in Sept, 1944. Students from all schools and colleges of Bombay and suburb will send delegates to this conference in the proportion of one delegate per fifty bonafide students of any institution. The election of delegates will be held under the supervision of the head of the institution or any other person appointed by him. The elections will be completed by Dec. 18.

"The delegates from each institution will elect members to the subject committee in the proportion of one member per every five delegates in colleges, and one member per every ten delegates in schools. The subjects committee so elected will meet on Dec. 20 and 21.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel has been requested to inaugurate the conference and Rao Sahib Patwardhan has been requested to preside over it.

"On behalf of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress I appeal to all students to prepare for these elections and help us to make the conference a grand success."

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Mr. Shanti Shah, the Convenor of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress writes:—

"The election of delegates for the forthcoming conference of the All-India Students' Congress which is to be held at Lahore will be held to-day between 9 a.m. to 12 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. for all the zonal units of the Bombay Provincial Students' Congress. Shri Umashankar Dixit, the Chairman of the Students' Congress Contact Committee will act as the Returning Officer for the purpose of conducting the election.

'A' WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: All volunteers of the 'A' Ward Congress Dal should be present in uniform to-morrow at 7 a.m. at the Parade ground, after which there will be a procession in regard to "Get-on-the-roll Campaign."

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL OLYMPIC ASSOCIATION: The 50 K. Metres (31 miles) walking race under the auspices of the B.P.C.A. will be run to-morrow starting at 7 a.m. Competitors and Officials are requested to be at the Starting point at the foot of Woodhouse Bridge near W.I.F.A. Ground by 6-45 a.m.

The Marathon race will be run on Sunday 16th December, entries close on Wednesday, 12th December.

EDUCATIONAL EXHIBITION: In an effort to make teaching more effective and learning more interesting an exhibition of aids for the teaching of the different subjects has been organised by Dr. G. S. Krishnayya, Educational Inspector Bombay Division and Inspector of European Schools. The exhibition will be opened at 11 a.m. to-day by Mr. I. H. Taunton, Mr. R. P. Patwardhan, the new Director of Public Instruction will speak on the occasion. The Exhibition will remain open for a week and different schools are being assigned times and dates when their teachers and senior pupils may visit it. Representative teachers from the other Divisions of the Province are likely to be deputed to visit this exhibition prepared by the Schools of Bombay City and Suburbs.

B.E.S.T. WORKERS' UNION: A general meeting of the members of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union will be held to-day at the Kamgar Maidan, Parel at 10 p.m. for the preparation of the coming strike. Arrangements will be made for loud-speakers. Another meeting for Telugu-speaking workers of the Company will be held to-morrow at the Northbrook Garden at 10 p.m.

SEND-OFF TO J. M. DEB: A send-off party will be given to Mr. J. M. Deb, who is proceeding to London as representative of the 'United Press of India', at the Horniman College of Journalism, Khalsa College premises, Matunga, to-day at 5 p.m.

JUNAGADH DONATION FOR PHEROZESHAH CHAIR OF POLITICS

SURAT, Dec. 7 (API): A donation of Rs. 10,000 has been made towards the creation of a chair of politics and civics in the University of Bombay by the Nawab of Junagadh in memory of Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, the Liberal leader. The donation is in recognition of the services of Sir Pherozeshah to the State while he was a legal adviser to the State.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE V. S. W. TRAINING CLASS: The result of the Examination held on the 30th September 1945, of the Voluntary Social Workers' Training Class, organised by the Social Service League, Bombay, is declared. The following students passed (in order of merit):—

1st Class: R. B. K. Jayakar; B. Hanumanthrao; M. K. Bulsari; C. L. Mallick; (Mrs.) Pushpa Shitoot.

2nd Clas: Miss K. A. Curmally. T. K. Venkatachallam; Miss M. D. Cooper; B. R. Kadam; N. T. Nachnane.

3rd Class: A. A. Jairazbhoy; M. M. Kasbekar; V. K. Kadam; R. M. Patankar; (Mrs.) Shirin C. Vakil. (Miss) S. P. Walawalkar; (Mrs.) Karmally; R. N. Dalal.

Pass Class: R. S. Desai.

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS CONFERENCE: Sir M. Visvesvaraya, has ben re-elected unanimously as President of the All-India Manufacturers' Organization for the year 1946.

The Sixth Annual Conference of the All-India Manufacturers' Organization will be held at 3 p.m. on Friday, 28th and Saturday, 29th December, 1945, in Madras at the Banqueting Hall, Government House, under the presidentship of Sir M. Visvesvaraya.

NO ELECTORAL ROLL AT ALL!

Revised List Incomplete: Printed Sheets Without Any Arrangement

Mr S. K. Patil, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, has issued the following statement in regard to the revised Electoral Rolls for the city of Bombay.

One can understand and even appreciate the difficulties of the Collector of Bombay to cope with the enormous task of sorting out alphabetically arranging and printing the revised electoral rolls with an addition of as many as 2,70,000 voters. Correspondingly, the Collector also should realise the unavoidable difficulties of such a large number of voters in checking their names and making fresh applications to the Revising authority within the short time.

The revised electoral rolls should have been published, according to the Government Notification on the 3rd of this month. The publication carries with it the legal obligation of making the rolls available for sale to the public. Neither of these legal requirements had been complied with until the evening of the 6th of this month. What was, in fact, supposed to be published on the afternoon of 3rd was 'not' the Electoral Roll within the meaning of the Electoral Rules of 1936. Instead, we have had a very defective and imperfect roll partly made of some printed sheets and a few cyclostyled sheets, in many places not alphabetically arranged and worse still the names beginning with half the letters of the alphabet not appearing at all. A few addenda and Corrigenda are being supplied day after day. This is not an electoral roll in any sense, legal or otherwise.

Rules lay down that the claims and objections shall be delivered before the 10th day from the publication, excluding the day of publication. Assuming that the rolls were validly published on the 3rd, the last way for filing claims and objections would be 13th of this month. But since it has not been possible for the Returning Officer to publish the rolls in time as required by the Rules, the voters are entitled to relief by way of extension of this period of ten days. In similar circumstances the Madras Government have already agreed to an extension of time by a fortnight. The Governor, in his individual discretion, has ample powers under the Rules to give this relief to the voters who have been placed at a terrific disadvantage for no fault of theirs. The voters legitimately expect that such a relief would be given to them.

TODAY'S RACES

YAWAR POSSESSES OUTSTANDING CHANCE IN BRABOURNE CUP

Maah Para And Windsor Prince Should Win

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

1ST RACE: 1 Belle Starr, 2 Carlita, 3 Zoolfekar.

2ND RACE: 1 Insaf, 2 Mahfudh Adnan, 3 Isfoog.

3RD RACE: 1 Punter's Delight, 2 Royal Prince, 3 Mardan.

4TH RACE: 1 Young Krush, 2 Kutub Minar, 3 Shariyar.

5TH RACE: 1 Mastani, 2 Hotch Potch, 3 Paravant.

6TH RACE: 1 Yawar, 2 Orange Flower, 3 Royal Page.

7TH RACE: 1 Maah Para, 2 Carefree, 3 Birthday Morn.

8TH RACE: 1 Titbit, 2 Priority, 3 Windsor Way.

9TH RACE: 1 Windsor Prince, 2 Eastern Jest, 3 Futurity.

DARK FLUKES: Othello and Scotland Yard.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, Dec. 8.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m (1,231 kc/s)—8.0 a.m. News (H) 8.15 News (E) 8.30 Nalini Rao 8.45 Birendra Kishore 8.50 News (M) 9.0 News (G) 9.10 Programme Parade 9.15 Sardarbai Karadgekar 9.45 Marathi Songs.

12.30 Stage Songs 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 News (H) 1.0 Light Selections 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Lunch Hour Music 2.0 You Asked for It 2.30 Saturday at Two-Thirty 4.20 Children's Programme 5.0 Purushottam Solankurkar 5.25 Vinayakrao Ghangrekar 5.45 Topical Talk 5.55 Locals 6.0 Children's Half Hour 6.30 News (E) 6.40 News (H) 6.45 Nalini Rao 7.0 Music 7.10 Musical Interlude 7.15 Baboorao Gokhale 7.30 Sardarbai Karadekar 8.0 Jat Lakhawanu Te 8.15 News (M) 8.30 News (G) 8.45 For the Universities 9.0 News (H) 9.20 News (E) 9.30 B. B. C. News Relay 9.40 Nalini Rao 10.0 "The Boor" 10.30 Sardar Bai Karadgekar.

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FOLLOW MY Skin Beauty ROUTINE

★ Thoroughly deep-cleanse the skin pores by firm upward and outward strokes with cotton wool soaked in Anne French Cleansing Milk.

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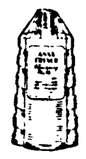
★★★ Now make up—using Anne French Cleansing Milk as a powder base if you like. During the day, when using it as a skin freshener you need not wash your face.



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Daily: 4, 7, 10 Sat., Sun. Holi. Mat., 1 P.M.
KOHINOOR
B. B. DADAR,
PRAKASH Great Production
RAMRAJYA
(MARATHI)
Director: VIJAY BHATT
CHANDRAKANT, SHOBHANA SAMARTH

2ND DEMAND WEEK
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sat., Sun. Mat. 12-30 p. m.
At Theatre De-Luxe
CITY LIGHT
B. B. MATUNGA
First run in Bombay North
BOMBAY TALKIES
JWAR BHATA
Mridula, Dileep Kumar

5TH BIG WEEK!
HINDMATA
(PAREL)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Sat., Sun. Holi. Mat. 12-30 p. m.
WADIA'S Sweet Social
PIYA MILAN
MOTILAL, NIRMALA

14TH WEEK
THE BANNER OF TRUTH STILL FLIES HIGH
AT 2 THEATRES
BROADWAY
Daily:— 3-45, 6-45 & 9-30
Sat., Sun. Mat. 1-30 p. m.
TARAMATI
Ramnik Production
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m. EDWARD

SPECTACLE—
DANCE & MUSIC!

7TH WEEK IN
CENTRAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10
Matinees Sun. Holidays
Plans open

For the first time in 5 long years. A brand new print of CHARLES DICKEN'S immortal story...at "The Northern Lights of Bombay"
A-U-R-O-R-A
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
Highest praise has preceded it, but your own tear-dimmed eyes, your own thrilling heart will tell you best how exciting and how tenderly moving it is!
CHARLES DICKENS'
"DAVID COPPERFIELD"
An M.-G.-M. triumph with a star cast of 65 players including
Freddie Bartholomew, W. C. Fields, Lionel Barrymore, Edna May, Oliver, Maureen O'Sullivan, Etc.
TOMORROW MORNING AT 10-30
M.-G.-M's Drama of Courage and Heroism!
"The Cross of Lorraine"
Pierre Aumont, Gene Kelley

TOMORROW 9-30 A. M.
DEEWAR
Prithvi Theatres' Popular Hit
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Tomorrow at 9-30 a. m.
New Century Productions' Jubilee Hit
MANE NA MANA
(Bengali)
Starring:
Molina, Ahindra Choudhury.
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ROGER TOUHY, GANGSTER!
with
PRESTON FOSTER · VICTOR McLAGLEN
LOIS ANDREWS · KENT TAYLOR
Directed by Robert Florey
Also—MARCH OF TIME
"THE RETURNING VETERAN"
...showing the rehabilitation of war veterans
& Latest Paramount News.
Tomorrow at 10 a. m.
Don AMECHE,
Gene TIERNEY,
In Ernst Lubitsch's
"HEAVEN CAN WAIT"
(In Technicolor)

RIVOLI
Matunga B.B. & C.I. Rly.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p. m.

with
WALTER BRENNAN · LAUREN BACALL
DOLORES MORAN · HOAGY CARMICHAEL
A HOWARD HAWKS Production
SUN. MORN. SHOW AT 10-30
FRANCHOT TONE, ANNE BAXTER
IN
"FIVE GRAVES TO CAIRO"

4th WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, & 10 p. m.
Sun. & Holiday Mat. at 1 p.m.
PANCHOLI'S Musical Masterpiece!
KAISE KAHUN?
Ragini, Najmal, Jagirdar, Akhtar, Pran & Durga Mota
AT
IMPERIAL
CINEMA

PARADISE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P. M.
SOHRAB MODI ❖ SHEELA
IN
"KHAN BAHADUR"
Tomorrow Matinee at 1 P. M.

12TH WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S SCREEN CLASSIC
SHAKUNTALA
Starring: JAYSHREE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.
Sat., Sun. Holi. 12-30 p. m.
PLAZA TALKIES DADAR

29th Triumphant Week!
DASSI
Ragini, Najam, Gyani
Daily: 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
Matinee: Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, Dadar.

PRITHVIRAJ'S MIGHTY
"DEEWAR"
IN AID OF I.N.A.
On Sun. 16th Dec.
At 9-30 A. M.
Plans 10 to 12 at Opera House
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FEEL The RHYTHM OF THE WORD—
BULLETS!
—Meet the MAN WITH FIERY TONGUE IN
New Theatres' Matchless Hit!
HAMRAHI
Direction & Screenplay:— BIMOL ROY
Music:— BORAL
Radha Mohan BINOTA BOSE
MINERVA Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m. Sun. at 1 p. m.
(Plans open:— 10 to 12)

9 NINTH WEEK
TWO SISTERS who have DIFFERENT VIEWS on LIFE
of Undisputed POPULARITY
SUNRISE Pictures
GHAR
JAMUNA
Nawab, Yakub,
Molina, Mirza Musharaaf.
Director: V. M. VYAS.
MAJESTIC
Sun. Matinee at 1 p.m.
Daily: 4, 7 & 10.
Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6.
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Phone: 35017
SECOND RECORD WEEK!

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30
"THE SULLIVANS"
ANNE BAXTER
THOMAS MITCHELL

PALACE Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
The sensational Broadway Stage Hit with the immortal Cole Porter songs comes to the screen with the "Cherry Blonde"!
SOMETHING FOR THE BOYS
In Technicolor, Starring
CARMEN MIRANDA, MICHAEL O'SHEA, VIVIAN BLAINE
SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A. M.
FOR ME & MY GAL
JUDY GARLAND

RANJIT'S DEVOTIONAL HIT 2nd WEEK
DHANNA BHAGAT
KAMAL ZAMINDAR, KAMLA CHATTERJI,
N. KABIR, BABY MUMTAZ, RAJENDRA.
Director: KIDAR SHARMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10; Sun. Matinee 1-15.
Advance Booking:
9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6-30.
AJIT Release.

CENSURE MOTION FAILS

"BRITAIN DIDN'T LIKE ONE-MAN SHOWS", SAYS ATTLEE

"Labour Didn't Come In Power To Leave Things As They Were"

LONDON, Dec. 6. (Reuter): The Labour Government defeated the Conservative Opposition's vote of censure on its domestic policy by 381 votes to 197.

LONDON, Dec. 6. (Reuter): Mr. Clement Attlee the Prime Minister, amid loud Ministerial cheers and counter cheers took issue in the house of commons today with Mr. Winston Churchill on the charge that the Labour Party had driven a wedge between parties in the state.

Speaking after Mr. Churchill in the censure debate, Mr. Attlee said" I have not forgotten Mr. Churchill's broadcast" a reference to Mr. Churchill's election speech in which he said there might be a Gestapo in Britain if the socialist won.

"Nor have the people of this country, "Mr. Attlee added, to renewed cheers.

"I have also had the pleasure of reading Mr. Churchill's speech the other day to his party—A very very different style or speech from the one we have had today. The Burden of Mr. Churchill's speech is this. He asks why when we were elected to carry out a socialist programme, did we not carry out a Conservative programme (ministerial laughter).

To Mr. Churchill every thing that is conservative is normal to him anyone that sees a changing world and wants change must be wrong. We always asked to rally round, be patriotic and keep things as they are. Well, we were not returned for that purpose (ministerial cheers).

Mr. Churchill earned rightly the respect of this country as the great man who inspired for fighting forces (cheers). Today, quite rightly, on that vote of censure he is coming forward as a partisan and his speech, though studiously couched in terms that suggested he was only considering the good of the country, was in fact entirely a partisan speech. Anybody who differed from him was following some fetish and whenever he suggested that we shall carry out the good old conservative policies he was speaking for Labour (laughter). We do not accept that.

Demobilisation Rate Not Reduced

Dealing with Mr. Churchill's criticism of the slow rate of demobilisation, which was based on age and length of service, Mr. Attlee recalled that Mr. Churchill's policy at the end of the last war was precisely the same. "We pledged our word to the troops and now we are urged to depart from it" he said.

Mr. Attlee denied Mr. Churchill's assertion that the rate of demobilisation was being reduced from 12.000 a day to 9.000 a day at the end of the year. Mr. Churchill intervened to say he was glad to hear that.

Mr. Attlee said Mr. Churchill's main indictment was that the gloomy vulture of nationalisation was hovering over basic industries. Was it Mr. Churchill's view that the basic industries were so rotten that they drew the vulture. Mr. Churchill talked about growing uncertainty there was no uncertainty whatever (cries of oh).

'Our party has stood for the nationalisation programme for 40 years or more and even members of the Opposition might have realised by now that when we got a majority we would naturally bring nationalisation.

Mr. Attlee said the suggestion that proposals for nationalisation diverted Government from its immediate tasks was an example of the static mind. Were the Conservatives satisfied with the coal industry? It was a question of the best way of dealing with economic machinery—the Conservatives way of private enterprise and things being left as they are or the Government's way.

Change The Route

"We have had 20 years of fiddling with their way and now we are going to take the other way", added Mr. Attlee amid cheers. Although the vote of censure was nominally directed against Government it seemed more a vote of censure on the electors. It seemed to be a terrible shock that a Government should come in which was unprepared to carry out its policies.

Now said Mr. Attlee there was the wonderful cry which the party opposite put forward of "people versus socialists." At the time of the general election the the Tory Party was the nation, according to Mr. Churchill's propaganda. Now they were the people. He thought Mr. Churchill must surely have had in mind the days of the people's budget, when he had Lloyd George were standing for the people against the Tory Party (laughter). If he only goes back for a period (when Mr. Churchill was a Liberal) he will remember telling us that the Conservatives were ruining the country (laughter).

But Mr. Churchill was called to the Premiership, not by the Tory party—he was despised and rejected by them. He was called in by action, and with the support of doctrinaire socialist-vultures—people who were not allowed to belong to the nation now.

No one who did not belong to the party which for the time being Mr. Churchill had selected, belonged to the people, added Mr. Attlee, amid laughter.

Greatest Disasters?

Then, continued Mr. Attlee, Mr. Churchill said: "The vote of the general election was one of the greatest disasters that has smitten us in our long and chequered history." Mr. Attlee said he at first doubted whether he had got a correct report. The "Times" newspaper's version was "in our long and chequered history" That might have meant the Conservative party (loud and prolonged laughter).

However, said Mr. Attlee, he had checked it with another report which said: "One of the greatest disasters which has smitten this country."

Throughout the election Mr. Churchill had the spotlight, said Mr. Attlee "All these able and experienced front-benchers, and those who have fallen by the way side, were after all mere chorus girls" (loud laughter).

"The Prima Donna held the stage. The other candidates were commended to the electors, not on their individual merits but for their total support of Churchill."

Forward With Policy

Mr. Attlee said he was sure Mr. Churchill knew by now that the country did not like one-man shows. Therefore, they would not accept this vote of censure as anything more than the party mood of a politician in difficulties, and they would not accept the cry of "the people against the socialists."

Government would go forward with their policy.

When Mr. Attlee sat down he was cheered vociferously by his supporters, a large number of whom had risen to their feet and excitedly waved order papers.

One of them shouted to the Opposition "you have had it", and there were further cheers.

Move To Raise Wages Of Indian Seamen

LONDON, Dec. 6 (Reuter): There is to be close association between the National Union of Seamen in Great Britain and the Indian Seamen's Union with interchange of officials as the next move to raise wages and living conditions of 'Indian Seamen, said Mr. Charles Jarman, Secretary of the British Seamen's Union in London today, cables, Ronald Bedford, Reuter's special correspondent.

Mr. Jarman added that there was no likelihood at present of Indian Seamen organising a strike to achieve realisation of their grievances.

No Case Against Edda Ciano

ROME, Dec. 5. (U.P.A.): The Provincial Commission of the Political Police of Messina will meet in a special session on Dec. 10 to decide whether Edda Ciano widow of the former Fascist Foreign Minister will be allowed to remain in Lipari Island, north of Sicily.

It may be recalled that when Edda returned to Italy from Switzerland in September, she was immediately sent to the penal Island of Lipari as a "protective measure" and she has been living there without custody.

The Messina political police will decide whether the undesirable guest may remai in Lipari.

An official told the United Press of America that there is for the time being no case against Edda Ciano.

OFFICER CHARGED WITH OFFERING BRIBE

NEW DELHI, Dec. 6 (A.P.I.): A general court martial presided over by Lt.-Col. Newington began the trial of a case which is an offshoot of the series of bribery cases decided some months ago against Major Dunnette, formerly Assistant Secretary, War Department.

The accused Lt. Bishen Singh Phul is charged with offering a bribe of Rs. 1,500 to Major Dunnette, through his assistant for getting charge of a local purchase section.

When the trial opened, Diwan Chamanlal, M.L.A. (Central) Defence Counsel, applied for adjournment and asked for copies of the summary of evidence of certain witnesses.

The court rejected the request for copies of the summary of evidence which they held to be confidential.

After recording the evidence on behalf of a dozen of prosecution witnesses, the court adjourned.

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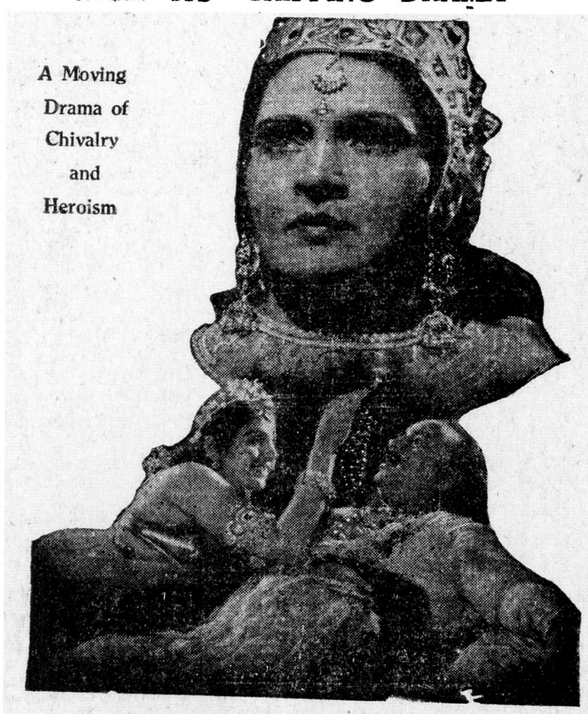

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VEER KUNAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 P.M.; Sun. Matinee 1 P. M.
Advance Booking: 10 to 12 & 4-30 to 6 P.M.
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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT TO INTRODUCE SALES TAX

Objections To Proposed Bill, Which Is To Come Into Effect On April 1 Next Called For Before Jan. 7

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Government of Bombay has decided to levy a tax on the sale of goods, or, more accurately, on the turnover of such sale with effect from April 1, 1946, or as soon as practicable thereafter. The immediate occasion for the tax is the need to augment Provincial revenue in order to meet the expenditure, recurring and non-recurring, on post-war reconstruction.

AMENDING OLD ACTS

A sales tax, in one form or another, already exists in Madras, the Punjab, Bengal and Bihar. The Government of Bombay considers that it may suitably be introduced in this Province. There is already a Bombay Sales Tax Act (Bom. V of 1939) under which a tax is levied on the sale of motor spirit. Under the same Act a similar tax can be levied on the sale of manufactured cloth. It is proposed to repeal this Act and continue the tax on the sale of motor spirit under a separate Act.

HOW IT WILL BE REALISED

The tax under the present Bill will be levied on the sales of goods to actual consumers and will be collected from dealers whose turnover exceeds Rs. 10 000 a year. All dealers whose turnover exceeds Rs. 10,000 a year will be registered. A dealer's certificate of registration will specify the goods which he sells. Such goods may be sold to him free of tax for purposes of resale. Sales by registered dealers to the general public, or to unregistered dealers, or to other registered dealers where the goods sold are not covered by the certificates of registration of such other dealers will be liable to tax. For the guidance of all dealers, a list of registered dealers showing the goods which may be sold to them free of tax for resale will be compiled as soon as possible after the registration of dealers is completed.

SCALE OF TAX

The tax is proposed to be levied at half an anna in the rupee. It is at the same time intended to exempt from this levy certain essential articles, such as food grains and cheap cloth, as also articles which are already subject to a separate Central or Provincial tax, such as matches, sugar, liquor, opium and electricity. It is also proposed that sales of goods to addressees living outside the Province should be excluded from the operation of the tax.

The officers entrusted with the administration of the Act will be vested with powers to call for documents, to inspect any accounts or registers, and to enter and search any business premises. It is also proposed to invest the Commissioner of Sales Tax with powers to prescribe a form of accounts and require those dealers who do not at present keep proper accounts to maintain their accounts in that form. The Bill provides that all particulars furnished by the dealers, including accounts or documents produced by them, shall be treated as confidential.

The text of the Bombay Sales Tax Bill has been published in an Extraordinary issue of the 'Bombay Government Gazette', dated December 7, for general information. Any objections or suggestions may be sent to the Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Finance Department, Secretariat, Bombay, on or before January 7, 1946.

restrictions or limitations inherent in the principles and conditions governing the policy of discriminating protection.

"NEED FOR SPEEDY ENQUIRY"

In another communication to the Tariff Board, the Committee emphasises the need for a speedy inquiry and suggests that a rough and ready method of prima facie scrutiny into the affairs of each industry should be evolved so that immediate action can be recommended without going through an elaborate inquiry.

With regard to the Government's purchases of stores, it suggests a close scrutiny of all orders placed outside of material supplied by Indian industries during the war period. The Government in its opinion cannot justify overseas purchases on the ground of cost, when they offer to protect Indian industries through the Tariff Board.

An examination of the Tariff Schedule has disclosed to the Committee that, apart from the revenue duty, many raw materials are made to pay 30 per cent or more. The Committee does not see any justification for taxing the imports of raw materials at a rate higher than that at which imports of manufactured goods are taxed, and suggests that the latter should be taxed at "not less than 30 per cent" irrespective of its group or class. For that purpose, there should be a definite gap between the duties on raw materials, semi-manufactured goods and finished goods so as to afford a minimum degree of protection to the people preparing semi-manufactured or finished goods in the country. It also stresses the need to prevent exports and re-exports of raw material, scrap or semi-manufactured articles in which the country is in short supply.

TARIFF BOARD AND PROTECTION

Merchants' Plea For Clarification Of Govt. Policy

The Indian Merchants' Chamber, in a little address to The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce, New Delhi, re, Tariff Board enclosing a copy of a communication which they have addressed to the Secretary of the Tariff Board raising certain general issues regarding policy and procedure arising out of the investigation and examination of claims for protection before the Board, requesting that Government will take such action as may be necessary to remove some of the general difficulties pointed out therein and also create the necessary conditions which would facilitate speedy and immediate action being taken for affording full measure of assistance to the industries concerned. It is pointed out that Government should have given an indication of their policy in their Resolution so as to be of guidance to the Tariff Board in framing their proposals for assistance to the industries covered by the present Enquiry. In the absence of a fresh indication of policy, it might be assumed that the Board would feel itself bound by the framework of the tariff policy previously in force, viz: policy of discriminating protection. The Committee suggest that Government should lose no time in making it clear that the Board need not consider itself bound by the

New President Of Tariff Board Entertained

Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty was the guest of honour at a dinner party given in his honour by a committee of hosts at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Friday.

Paying a glowing tribute to his multiple services to India as President of the Indian Central Legislature in 1924 and later at the Ottawa Conference, Mr. Manu Subedar pointed out how Sir Shanmukham had done a good deal of headway work, as the Head of the Purchasing Mission to America and how he was mainly responsible for the various reforms in Cochin State as it's premier.

Dr. Alagappa Chettiar also paid tribute to Sir Shanmukham.

Sir Shanmukham in his reply observed that India needed a proper guide in one person and not a Tariff Board, a person with a wider jurisdiction particularly in view of the changes to come in the next two or three years which were bound to have a far-reaching effect on India's economic structure and progress in general. He showed his keenness to retain those new industries which had sprung up in wartime or were given a proper impetus as an indigenous product. Finally he expressed his keen desire to see that the present Government's policy was to raise the standard of living in India which in his opinion was the fundamental policy of any civilised Government.

Plea For Removal Of Ban On Student Worker

Mr. Dinkar Sakrikar, General Secretary, All-India Students' Congress, writes:—

We have been informed by the Home Department of the Punjab Government that the externment order against Mr. Vimal Chandra, the Office Secretary, All-India Students' Congress, is still in force and cannot be withdrawn. The order was originally served in June, 1944 in connection with his activities among the students of the Punjab. The Delhi Government following suit had served similar order upon him and has not yet withdrawn that order. The All-India Students' Congress is holding its annual session at Lahore in the ensuing Christmas vacation. The continuation of the externment orders against our Office Secretary will seriously hamper the work of our Conference. I strongly condemn this unwarranted interference of the Punjab and Delhi Governments in our normal activities and request our Punjab and Delhi units to maintain a ceaseless agitation for the removal of this ban.

Subhas' Lieutenant In Europe Awaits Repatriation

LONDON Dec. 6, (U. P. A.): A. Nambiar, who is a friend of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's and was allegedly Subhas Chandra Bose's lieutenant in Europe is in Berlin awaiting repatriation to India, the United Press of America understands. The whereabouts of J. K. Banerjee and P. Sen who were among the group of Indians in Europe striving to get Indian independence at the hands of Germany is unknown. Indian students participating in the Prague conference said they had been unable to contact them.

American Industrial Research Group Appoints Indian Associate

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.

International Associates (U. S. A.) announced recently the appointment of the Bureau of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics of 12 Sleater Road, Bombay, to act as their India Associates.

Increasing interest on the part of American manufacturers and engineering firms in the development plans of India has brought about the need for accurate surveys of the markets of India.

R. Stuart Murray, Executive Director of International Associates (U. S. A.) from their offices at 103 Park Avenue, New York City issued the announcement to the American Press.

"We have been fortunate indeed, to have had the opportunity to meet many high representatives from India during the past year", said Mr. Murray, "and as a result we are setting up a plan for servicing the engineering and commodity requirements of Indian principals".

"We are happy to report a general tendency on the part of American business to look seriously upon India's development problems as they are presented by incoming trade emissaries". Mr. Murray continued, "and our entire staff is devoting all of its time to negotiating with American firms who can supply the varied needs of our Indian clients. We have requested our India Associate to forward all inquiries for merchandise, capital goods and engineering 'know how' to us for attention".

At the 32nd National Foreign Trade Convention held in New York in November special interest was shown by the 2,000 delegates to all matters relating to the current difficulties of trade with India as imposed by the Sterling Bloc restrictions, International Associates (U. S. A.) reports.

Freedom Held Up By Threat Of Civil War

NEW YORK, Dec. 6. (U.P.A.): A "New York Times" editorial to-day asserted that "India's freedom is now held up not by British imperialism but a minority threat of a civil war".

The editorial said that all Asiatics are carefully watching situation and warned that if the present Parliamentary mission to India fails, then the future "outlook is not bright."

The journal advised British Prime Minister Clement Attlee to be both bold and honest in solving the Indian issue and pointed out that "it is certain that Attlee and his followers would breathe a sigh of relief if they could turn India over to a Government of its own people and let the country settle its own internal disputes."

KHAR MISSION WANTS LAKH AND QUARTER

The President of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar, writes:—

The Ramakrishna Mission Ashram, Khar, Bombay, which comprises in itself a charitable dispensary, a students' home, a free reading room and library, and which to its credit has a number of varied relief activities in Gujarat, Sind, Konkan, Bombay, Malabar, Bengal, Bijapur, Orissa and Assam, stands badly in need of expansion of its activities in consideration of increasing demands of the public of Bombay.

The dispensary treats about 80,000 patients free every year. Of these about 4,000 are surgical cases. To build up a fairly equipped charitable dispensary with an operation theatre, it has been estimated that the probable cost of land and building will amount to Rs. 60,000.

In consideration of want of accommodation for the city and surburban students the Mission Keenly feels the necessity of extending the students' home which now consists of only seven residential rooms accommodating 15 students to accommodate as many as 50 students. The proposed extension may be completed at a cost of Rs. 50,000.

The Library housed in a small hall and serving as free reading room and lecture hall for students and the public badly requires extension. The proposed extension may be completed at a cost of Rs. 15,000.

We therefore appeal to the generous public of Bombay to contribute liberally to the success of the great cause which the Mission has so earnestly espoused for the service of the suffering public, irrespective of caste, creed or colour. If the cost of any work be borne by any donor, it will be commemorated as the donor desires.

POPULAR SCIENCE EXHIBITION

Under the auspices of the Science Group of the Bombay Students' Union, a science exhibition was inaugurated by Dr. H. J. Taylor, Professor of Physics, Wilson College, at the Fellowship High School on Friday evening, Prof. P. A. Wadia presiding.

The Science Group which has as its aim the popularising of science and stimulating interest in it, proposes to make a beginning by organising a popular science exhibition.

Dr. Taylor declaring the exhibition open said that although it was regrettable that so many scientific inventions were used for destruction yet it remained a fact that knowledge by itself was a good thing. All that had been done in atomic research was nothing that we did not foresee.

Photographic Exhibition In City

Inaugurating the Seventh Member's Exhibition of the Photographic Society of India at its premises at Hornby Road on Friday evening, Mr. Ahmed I. Rahimtulla congratulated the members of the Society on their splendid efforts to improve the art of photography in India. He hoped the good work done by the society would be carried on zealously by its members.

The present exhibition contains 72 prints by 39 members. Among them Mr. A. J. Patel's splendid portrait-study titled "Vicky" was accepted by the jury of selectors to be the best. He was awarded "the Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla Memorial Shield." Mr. Patel also got the Society's silver plaque.

The two bronze plaques of the Society went to Dr. S. B. Cooper and Mr. R. N. Kharas for their pictures titled "Jack" and "Lone Cyclists" respectively. All these prizes were distributed by Mr. Rahimtoola.

WORSHIPPER RELIEVED OF RS. 4,696

That thieves are not troubled with scruples concerning the sanctity of places of worship was demonstrated in a case reported at the Pydhownie Police Station last week. The victim in this case went to offer prayers at a "masjid in Pydhownie area. He removed his coat and kept it near him while carrying out preliminary ablutions along with other worshippers. A few minutes later he donned his coat and was surprised to find that during the brief period of his pre-occupation, a wad of currency notes to the value of Rs. 4,696 had been stolen from a pocket of the coat. Four of the stolen notes were of Rs. 1,000 denomination and bore numbers A/7 787515, A/7 787516, A/7 787517 and A/7 665925. If any of these stolen notes comes to notice immediate information should be given at Pydhownie Police Station (Telephone No. 39811 and Extension 232) or to any policeman.—Police News.

Cost Of Living Index Goes Up

During October, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July, 1927, equal to 100, was 217, which was 12 points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles advanced by 19 points to 229.

B. A. Railway Plans Double Shift

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (UPI): It is officially announced that arrangements are now being made to introduce double shift working at the Bengal Assam Railway workshop at Kanchrapara which will provide work for approximately 3,000 employees.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: Members are requested to be present in mufti at 7 p.m. today at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on the occasion of "Mahabharat"—a show in aid of the I.N.A. Relief Fund. They are also requested to attend in mufti at 7 a.m. on Sunday for the usual parade to be held near the "A" Ward Congress office.

R.C. TALWAR'S ALBELI Starring RAMOLA SATISH-SUNDER ROOPLEKHA-HIRALAL MANORAMA

THE MISCHIEF GIRL OF THE INDIAN SCREEN GOES GYPSY

To Give You The Entertainment Of The Year!

RAVISHING RAMOLA in

TALWAR PRODUCTIONS' TANTALIZING HIT

ALBELI

Story & Direction: R. C. TALWAR
Screenplay & Dialogues: J. S. CASHYAP
An 'EMPIRE TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS' Release.

With SATISH, SUNDER, ROOPLEKHA, HIRALAL, MANORAMA, USHA etc.

Coming Soon AT CENTRAL

THEY BOTH ARE WRONG

The FATHER who has an exaggerated idea of his Authority

The SON who thinks that he can behave as he likes...

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Director: M. BHAVNANI
Music: PANNALAL GHOSH
Daily: 4, 7, & 10
Sat., Sun., Matinee at 1 p.m.
Booking 10 to 12 & 3 to 6

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A DIAMOND—NATIONAL STUDIOS Release

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EASTERN PICTURES Present Her ENNOBLING STORY IN

ZEENAT

Starring: NOORJEHAN, YAKUB, DIXIT, BIBBO, KARAN DIWAN, NASEEM (Jr.), SHANTA RIN SHAH NAWAZ

Producers: SHIRAZ ALI HAKIM, RAMZAN ALI S. LAKHANI
Directed by SHAUKAT HUSSAIN
Story: VAZAHAT MIRZA
Plans Open: 9 to 11, 5 to 6 p. m.

4TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
Daily: 4, 7, 10. Sun. 1 p. m.

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DIRECTION:- SHANTI KUMAR

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A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

We bear the wrong in silence,
We store it in our brain;
They think us dull, they think us dead,
But we shall rise again.
—Ernest C. Jones.

The Bombay Chronicle

AIMS OF EDUCATION

At a time when industrial planning is engaging the attention of Government, the politicians, businessmen and the public in general it was but natural that in his Convocation address to the Benares Hindu University, Sir Mirza Ismail, Prime Minister, Jaipur, should have stressed both the need and the limitations of industrial development in India and industrial training. Sir Mirza is well known for his enthusiasm for economic betterment and technical training. In his address he referred to advanced technical training as "a most urgent demand" and claimed to be "one of the most vigorous supporters of the practice of sending as many men as possible abroad for technical and other professional training and development of such training in India." He also pleaded for "a really adequate and comfortable livelihood for the whole people—not just a bare livelihood." But he feared that "there is now a great tendency which we share with the countries of the West to regard economic prosperity as in itself the satisfying end of patriotic effort." Regarding the demand for technical education, too, he said that "we must not let this pendulum swing too far" and in support of his warning he quoted the First Prospectus of the Benares University which said: "Mere industrial advancement cannot restore India to the position which she once occupied among the civilised countries of the world." But if there are any responsible men in India who regard economic prosperity as in itself the satisfying end of patriotic effort or who think that industrial advancement alone can restore India to her old high position, they are, we hope and expect, extremely few. The danger is rather that too many in India still fail to realise the need for vast expansion of industries, both large scale and small scale, and for almost unlimited progress in scientific and technical education. The time is far off when it may be necessary to give the warning that the pendulum is swinging too far towards industrialism.

Sir Mirza also deplored "our over-concentration on the development of the mechanical processes of science" and quoted Prof. Joad's warning: "Until our social wisdom is able to cope with our mechanical skill, and we learn to live up to the challenge of our new powers, the discoveries of science will tend to our discomfiture rather than to our good." But the real trouble is not the over-concentration on physical science but the comparative neglect of scientific or rational study of social sciences including Ethics and Religion. That is one main reason why social wisdom has not kept pace with man's increasing power over Nature's forces. We can never have too much of Science. We have too little of sane ideas about religion and ethics and social organisation. Sir Mirza says: "It might be said, and often is said, that it is the lack or loss of religion that has brought the human doom so near." It would be more accurate to say that the tragedy is due to our lacking rational religion and our having too much of superstitious theology and too much of credal bigotry. The proper remedy for many of our ills is harmonious education, inculcating rational belief and particularly the religion of brotherhood of man.

U. S. A. And Indonesia

In defending the part which British troops are playing in Indonesia, Mr. Ernest Bevin, Foreign Secretary, had claimed, during the recent debate on foreign affairs in the House of Commons, that "Britain's task in Indonesia was allocated to her on behalf of the Allies." Mr. Bevin did not specify the Powers who form these "Allies"—whether the "Big Three" or "Big Four" or the "Big Five". From the countries of at least two of the Powers composing these groups, pointed criticism has come of the manner in which Britain has been discharging her "task" in South-East Asia. The American criticism has been the most outspoken and damaging to the reputation of the British Government. It would not be surprising, therefore, if there should be a move from official quarters, in the States to subject to an independent scrutiny the operations which Britain is carrying on in Indonesia in the name of her Allies. There is no official confirmation so far of the report, sent by the "Daily Mail's" correspondent in Batavia that America is preparing to take a hand in the business and that already a U. S. Naval Commander has set up headquarters in Batavia and Sourabaya. If the report proves true, it will be very reassuring, following as it does, on the heels of the welcome assurance given by the Secretary of State that America has "no intention to assist or participate in forceful measures" in Indonesia. Since Britain claims that she has the sanction of her "Allies" for what she is doing, it is necessary for the American Government, in the interests of its own fair reputation, either to wash its hands of the business or to pull up the British Government and put an immediate stop to the operations against the Indonesian patriots.

Frankly Speaking

The Kettle And The Pot

Having no substantial grounds on which to base his Party's vote of censure on the Labour Government, Mr. Winston Churchill resorted to the familiar device of calling the rival, in advance, by a name which properly would attach to oneself. It is the old, old story of the kettle which called the pot black. Mr. Churchill charged the Labour Government with being imbued with the "fascist spirit", forgetting, or rather, trying to screen the fact, that his own Party leaders were among the stoutest supporters of the gangsters of Germany and Italy and had all but sold their country to the latter in a spirit of craven fear of these bullies and of the bogey of "Boishevism" raised by the latter. Mr. Churchill and his henchmen, smarting under the trouncing they received at the hands of the disillusioned nation, are trying to raise the bogey once again. But their efforts are doomed to failure. Mr. Attlee and Sir Stafford Cripps found not the least difficulty in rendering to shreds the hollow charges of Mr. Churchill. That at one time he should paint the bogey as "fascist" and at another time as "socialist," shows to what straits he was put in getting up a case against his opponents. The House of Commons must have enjoyed immensely the thorough exposure at the hands of the Premier of the discreditable pre-war record of the Conservatives and of the pretensions of their present leader, the chameleon of British politics. In the interests of his war-time reputation it would be better for Mr. Churchill to retire from the political field and devote his time to literary and other pursuits in which he will shine better.

Threat To Chinese Unity

A glimpse into the lengths western—in which must be included American too,—diplomacies, inspired by the spirit of imperialist exploitation, will go in dealing with the destinies of eastern peoples, is afforded by the further revelations made by Major General Patrick Hurley, who recently resigned his post as American Ambassador to China. The part, which, according to him, Britain in particular, and Russia to some extent, have been playing in thwarting the achievement of internal unity and stability by China, comes in for severe exposure at his hands, justifying his statement, that these and other "Allies" of China are more interested in keeping her internally divided than united so that all of them can exploit her weakness for their own ends. It goes without saying that both the Nationalists headed by Marshal Chiang Kai-shek and the Communists must be well aware of the designs of the Western Powers who are posing as their country's friends and sympathisers. It is a pity that the two parties in China are still unable to free themselves from the nets spread for them by these Powers, so that they can present a united front and assert the national will to complete independence.

Timely Warning

The warning which the Governor of Bengal has issued regarding hooliganism in connection with the elections to the legislatures, will be welcomed by the public of the province, belated somewhat though it is. The disgusting and highly reprehensible manifestations of violence towards leaders of the eminence of Sir M. Ghaznavi and Mr. Fazlul Huq and Congressmen in several places, if they had gone without any official censure would have justified the impression in the minds of the public of Bengal that official circles were conniving at such hooliganism because they are opposed to the progressive movements in this country and do not like the leaders of these movements to come out successful in the elections. The Governor of Bengal has done well to remove such an impression. It is to be hoped that officials everywhere in the province and particularly the police will note the warning and put down every manifestation of the hooligan spirit with a firm hand. During the coming provincial elections all over the country and not only in Bengal, feelings are bound to run high, but hooliganism and violence of every form should be sternly suppressed and officials and the police should be solemnly warned against taking sides or conniving at breaches of the peace.

"Can India Be United"?

The current number of the "Indian Journal of Social Work", the organ of the Tata Institute for Social Sciences, publishes an article entitled "Can India Be United"? by Dr. J. M. Kumarappa, Director of the Institute. And the article is also separately published by the Institute in book form under the same title (pages 31; price 12 annas). The booklet suggests eleven alternative methods of constituting a single Central Legislature. Under the "ideal" plan what are called "the nineteen national elements of the country" are to be equally represented in the Assembly. And Congress is only one of these nineteen elements, the other eighteen being Kisans, Anglo-Indians, Europeans, Indian Christians, Communist Party, Hindu Mahasabha, Hindus other than those of the Congress and the Mahasabha, Industries, Labour, Landholders, Liberals, Muslim League, Muslims other than those of the League and the Congress, Parsees, Radical Democrats, Scheduled Castes, Sikhs and the States. But the author himself rules out this ideal plan at present as "it would be too much to expect such concord in the initial stage of political advancement". In other alternatives these "elements" have varying proportions of representation. In some of these the States, which have only one-nineteenth of the total representation in the ideal plan, receive one-third of the total. In several alternatives Congress and the Communist Party get equal representation. Not the least interesting plan is that in which all the major communities put together, including Hindus, (together with Harijans), Muslims and Sikhs, have equal representation with the minorities taken together, namely, Anglo-Indians, Europeans, Indian Christians, Parsees and other minorities if any. The author's principle is that as far as possible all elements, large or small, should be treated alike, just as "one man, one vote" is "just and fair, irrespective of the disparities in the individual head and heart". The author also acts on the principle that the "greatness of the great lies in giving and not in taking." We think the unworkability of these principles in the realm of political representation will be obvious to most persons. Yet the novel plans of the author may help in inducing among the majority interests more sympathy for the rights of the minorities.

Indian Seamen's Wages

Indian seamen will welcome the report that a move is afoot to raise their wages and improve their living conditions and that to this end there is to be close association between the National Union of Seamen in Britain and the Indian Seamen's Union. Indian seamen's wages and working conditions have long been generally recognised to be extremely unsatisfactory in comparison with the nature of their work and the wages paid to British seamen for similar work. Mr. Charles Jarman, Secretary of the British Seamen's Union, thinks it useless to start talking about strikes as that will not create an atmosphere helpful in bringing about the desired reforms. Indeed, if the reforms can be brought about through amicable negotiations nobody would suggest a strike which may be prolonged and may cause much harm to the seamen themselves. But if negotiations fail, the seamen may have to pay a price for the necessary reforms and may have to resort to strike as the only weapon they can legitimately employ to redress their grievances. As Mr. Jarman himself admits, "the big stick" may have to be brought out if the proposed round table conference fails, though for the present its proper place "is in the cupboard".

"Attitudes And Latitudes"

By "BIRBAL"

(The views expressed in this column are not always necessarily those of the Editor.—Editor "B. C.").

Suddenly Britain has felt the need of a closer understanding between her and us and so we are to have another delegation with no authority except to contact. We had first a tortuous period of endless 'talks.' Meanwhile all this talk of a struggle and preparation for it must stop,—please note, Panditjee. You and your colleagues of the Indian National Congress must not try to undermine the loyalty of His Majesty's servants nor attempt to resolve constitutional issue by force.

"The Government of India cannot divest itself of the responsibility which rests upon it and upon all provincial governments in preserving Law and Order."

The real and first issue is Law and Order and safety of His Majesty's services personnel: the second issue is to raise the standard of life, of education and of health of the masses of the people (just realised after over 150 years of laborious experience); the third and the incidental issue is the promotion and early realisation of full self-government in India. Meanwhile you must fold your hands and pray for this transition period is a very delicate period—even the best of intentions may miscarry.

Political scientists, please note that a real revolution has taken place in political thought. Freedom is no longer the supreme urge but Law and Order—in India, in China, in Java, in French Indo-China, in Burma, in Iran, in Palestine, in Greece.....

This Law and Order was first perpetrated with the conquest of colonies and to preserve it our imperial masters are determined to fight to the last man. Never has such a pure passion with such altruistic motives provoked such admirable action, such bravery, such killing, so much disorder and suspension of Law itself.

Nehru's Stand Vindicated

The resignation of Major-General Hurley of his post as Ambassador to China has had an interesting reaction in the United States circles which are interested in Indian affairs. According to Stuart Hensley of the U.P.A.

"Major-General Hurley's defence of the Chungking Government as a bulwark against Communists and against the Imperialistic Bloc of nations whose policy is to keep China divided, is seen in some circles interested in Indian affairs as providing a clue to the reason for Pandit Nehru's staunch defence of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-Shek. To-day, quarters in Washington, which are informed on Indian affairs asserted that astute Mr. Nehru has long realised that Generalissimo Chiang was the only safeguard against a division of China, which would be an advantage only to an Imperial Bloc interested in keeping China weak' and maintained that Major-General Hurley's statement showed that Pandit Nehru's stand for Generalissimo Chiang was perfectly logical, since it was based on a desire to avoid 'further exploiting an Asiatic strife to Imperial advantage'."

It has required a Hurley to vindicate the logic of Pandit Nehru's stand on China. May God bless America with as many Hurleys as Pandit Nehru's 'stands' which still await vindication but for no fault of their own.

Shadows Of Coming Events

In Mymensingh District in Bengal a murderous attack was made on Sir Abdul Halim Ghaznavi. In Bombay, Mr. Hussainbhoy Laljee was not allowed to vote for himself and his car was stoned while his supporters were roughly handled. At Khulna in Bengal, in Bihar, at Hyderabad (Sind) and in fact wherever Muslim constituency elections have taken place the future rulers of Pakistan have shown such magnificent rowdyism, lack of common civic and political sense and the barest routine tolerance, in spite of every confidence of success, that it makes one shudder to think of ever being their unfortunate subjects.

Provincial elections are fast approaching. The hooliganism of League supporters will increase in intensity. It is imperative that the nationalist forces organise to meet this menace suitably. Strong volunteer corps must be organised immediately throughout the country.

Russia, Iran And All That

Iran is finish—nearly. Events in Iran have a meaning for those who are clamouring for Pakistan on the North West of India. It is more than likely that if they succeed in establishing what they would call Pakistan, they would be inviting Russia to repeat in course of time on the North West of India what she is doing to-day in the North West Province of Iran. The Sukkar Barrage is fast turning Sind into a granary and Karachi is both sea port and important air port on the world air route and this would be too great a temptation for Russia to resist, with the Indo-Russians in our country available to constitute the spear-head.

By the way a story is going round that Comrade P. C. Joshi and Comrade Stalin have fallen out on the question of Molotov's succession!

THIS INDIA:—"Two Bridegrooms for a girl of 12"—Patna message. Nov. 23.

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ON EUTHANASIA

By SARDI

The great carnage is over—atleast in most parts of the globe. But its ghastly effects will be with us for a long time to come. Not least among these will be lives that are maimed seemingly beyond repair—men hopelessly crippled or blinded or with their nerves shattered. These lives, mostly young, will never again be able to savour the full joy of living; for them the sun will have partially, perhaps wholly, set. Would euthanasia, i.e., 'mercy killing', before the extreme cases, the kindest release?

At first thought one is inclined to favour the idea. No doubt many of these men would themselves welcome a painlessly administered death. It seems the most humane way, and many a doctor must often face the temptation to release an incurable patient, thus, from torment.

The legal question apart, one must realize that, however merciful euthanasia may seem, in the light of progressive science it is wrong, for there may always be some new discovery that may bring a new lease of health to a wrecked human life. Medical science has often performed miracles, as, for instance, after the first Great War.

Often a patient himself, or a near relation unable to see a loving life in torment, may make a request for a painless ending to incurable suffering. But it must be remembered that a pain-racked person, and those nearest to him, are bound to take a more serious and probably distorted view of a malady than those viewing it from a more detached angle.

EXCEPTIONS.

There are, of course, exceptions where one may condone euthanasia. About ten years ago, there was the case of a mother who, after nursing an insane son for thirty years, put an end to his life by administering an overdose of asperin when she herself was faced with certain death. Mr. Norman Birkett, delivering judgment in favour of the mother, stated: "Seldom have human love and devotion been shown in a higher light. The act was not a long premeditated one, it was the act of one confronted with the fact that death was very near to her, and her thought was all of what was to become of her son".

But, despite the exceptions, most persons desire to live their lives out. I recollect reading of the case of a young subaltern who, in the last war, seeing one of his men in great agony and with no chance of living, put his revolver in the man's hand. Later, returning to the spot, he found the man in his dying gasp with a pain-twisted but heroic smile which seemed to declare proudly that he had stuck it out to the last.

Exceptions apart, in the majority of cases we must remember that science, if it progresses in the right direction, is bound to triumph over pain and suffering.

The goal should be not mercy-killing, but mercy-saving, not destruction of human life through warfare, but the building of universal happiness through Peace which might have victories far more renowned than war if only we would give it a chance.

TETE-A-TETE

Without Comment

TEHERAN, Dec. 6 (Reuter): Russian troops yesterday moved behind Persian troops screening the northern provinces, placing themselves between these troops and Teheran, it is learned here.

* * *

The British financial delegation to America, headed by Lord Keynes, have dropped their plans to visit Canada and are sailing straight for England

—Hurrying home with the bacon?

* * *

Speaking on the censure motion in the House of Commons, Mr. Winston Churchill accused the Labour Government of being "imbued with a spirit of Fascism."

The more reason why he should have spared some "kindly words" for them as he did for Franco on a historic occasion not so long ago.

* * *

Mr. Churchill went on to say. "I only remain in politics, because I think it is my duty to prevent the great position which we won in the War being cast away by folly and worse than folly on the morrow of victory."

"We" means the great Winston himself, while the folly and worse than folly" was committed by the British electorate in giving the sack to him and the Tories.

* * *

Most of the twenty Nazi accused at the Nuremberg trial are reported to have turned to religion. They are evidently preparing for the extreme unction.

* * *

Sir Stafford Cripps described Mr. Churchill's recent speech to the Conservative Party as "irresponsible mischief-making." "I have seldom, if ever, read the outpourings of a disappointed politician, which so misrepresented the facts of the situation," he said.

We have: the speeches of Sir Stafford Cripps after his return home from the ill-fated Indian Mission in 1942. Remember, Sir Stafford?

* * *

In its statement on the British delegation to India, the India League says: "As we do not know who is to comprise the delegation we cannot express an opinion, but in any way the problem is not so much of fact-finding as policy-findimg."

The India League seems to be utterly innocent of real politik. You have to find facts to substantiate the policy already found! Q. E. D.

* * *

The King has knighted Mr. F. J. Burrows, Governor-Designate of Bengal, and invested him with the insignia of Knight Grand Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire.

Plain Freddie Burrows, ex-railway porter, would have, of course, been a terrible anachronism in the Calcutta Government House, apart from being a menace to the Empire itself!

* * *

Tale Of The Day

A man was killed by a train near a country village, and an inquest was held.

The jury consisted of villagers unused to such proceedings, and the coroner, wishing to be helpful, advised them to bring in a verdict of "felo de se."

Having retired to consider their verdict, some argument arose among the jury as to what the coroner meant. The foreman soon settled the difficulty.

"This coroner chap," he explained, "knows what he's talking about. He's had these jobs before. If he says the dead man fell in the sea, he fell in the sea."

A few minutes later the jury filed back into court, and the foreman announced the verdict, "Found drowned."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Tidal Wave & Atom Bomb

From the reports published in your columns of the above phenomenon and whatever scanty knowledge about atomic energy I possess I am strongly led to believe that the tidal wave and the earthquake are due to the energy of the atom bombs, exploded, either in Mexico for experiment or in Japan for devastation, travelling through the deep interior parts of the earth and getting out wherever it would find an easy quarter. It is the good fortune of the people of India that they have luckily escaped a big disaster with a roll of few thousands, otherwise it would have been another "Hiroshima" somewhere in this country.

I do not remember western coast of India has ever had such an earthquake during last 40 years we get some such tremors in Bihar and Orissa.

I am afraid such incidents and expected to be repeated elsewhere in other parts of the world who knows how this atomic energy will come to an end?

A. V. AINAPURE

Non-Ferrous Metal Industry

India has suffered a lot from 1940 to 1945 and is still in the same category and facing no end of trouble. India is an agricultural country where 85 per cent people maintain their lives by agriculture and 15 per cent lead a city-life, by engaging themselves in various industries spread throughout the country.

It is of no less importance to mention herein that since the outbreak of the war many industries have been brought to a standstill due to the scarcity of raw materials. The non-ferrous metal industry is also one of them.

The non-ferrous metal dealers issued to import all sorts of non-ferrous metals in huge quantities from abroad such as tin, zinc, antimony, aluminium, copper, brass (sheets, rods ingots and tubes) and scraps, etc., but since the war began the Government of India imposed many restrictions on the import trade by various Ordinances and Control Orders which proved detrimental to the interests of the metal dealers. Out of the above, there is a very big demand of brass and copper sheets which was largely used and consumed by the hand-made utensils producers called as 'Kansaras' situated throughout the country. Due to the Civil Supplies Control Order coming into force, their business was snatched. Only the utensil manufacturers were booked up whilst the cottage industry was badly paralysed and thereby a big majority of Kansaras became empty-handed and experience difficulty in living from hand to mouth. They have spent a big portion of their life in this line and so they find difficult to divert to some other lines.

It would be better if the Government of India would consider over this problem and arrange to supply the imported brass and copper sheets, lying intact in the godowns, to the cottage dealers in order to give life to the cottage industry.

TARKESHWAR NATH TEWARI.

Bombay's Buffalo-Stables

A suggestion has been made for the removal of all buffalo stables situated between Bandra and Andheri. Since the proposal affects the livelihood of a very large number of up-country "Bhaiyyas" it is my earnest request to the authorities, not to be precipitate in the matter. Cleanliness in these stables can be secured by proper regulations. In any case, I hope the owners of the stables will be given enough time and assistance in improving the conditions. Otherwise, any immediate action may cause a great deal of uneasiness among the people.

RAMJI SINGH.

G. I. P. Ry. Suburban Train Service

It is a matter of great regret that the G. I. P. Railway authorities have not so far acted on the numerous complaints from the public regarding the irregularity of the suburban train service. It has of late become so irregular that it is looked upon not as effective means of transport, but only as an instrument of torture. When the Railway authorities publicised through newspapers and posters that the train timings will be revised from the 1st October 1945 and the additional trains whenever possible would be run, the public thought that conditions would improve at least in October. Even these hopes have now been shattered and the irregularity become all the more sickening. Trains do not arrive at stations by the scheduled time and are invariably late. In the busy hours of the morning, some of the trains are cancelled and this causes undue hardships to the travelling public. The present state of affairs should not be allowed to continue for long. The public will be eager to know the steps the G. I. P. Railway authorities propose to take with a view to ensuring the travelling public a regular train service. It is hoped that no more time will be wasted.

S. RANGACHARI.

Peace And Welfare Committee

It is a welcome sign that esteemed citizens of Bombay from all castes and communities have come forward to form the "People's Peace Committee" on the occasion of the recent outburst of hooliganism in Bombay which was wrongly described as communal riots. May I venture a suggestion to the worthy sponsors of the People's Peace Committee through the esteemed columns of your paper? I suggest that this body should remain pemanent, with expansion in its activities, assuming some such name as "People's Peace and Welfare Committee", with decentralized branches in all the localities federated at the centre. These local branches should be composed of the most worthy and respectable citizens residing in those localities, irrespective of caste and community. When there is already peace, the next pressing need is "welfare" and these should serve as standing bodies for any day-to-day emergency welfare-work. Today when we are sick of welfare work on communal and caste lines fostering narrow loyalties, welfare work on residential basis would help to promote healthy fellow-feeling and good neighbourliness and would remove the widening wedge of communal disharmony which is the bane of our social and political life.

JYOTSNA KHANDERIA.

Spitting

The dirty and nasty habit of spitting is so intimately connected with tobacco chewing and the use of green stick of a tree ("Datun") for brushing teeth that until and unless these latter causes are removed all other denouncement in the press and public will not avail.

The Government and tobacco dealers must be prepared to let go their benefits in the interest of society Even an European will start spitting if he takes to chewing tobacco or a fresh stick of a tree. Tobacco juice is not swallowed because it upsets the stomach. "Datun" habit is unsuitable for modern city life. People must take to tooth brush in cities.

Therefore all attempts to stop spitting must be directed against these two habits.

B. V. VED,
L.M.&S.

Decimal Coinage

"Decimal Coinage" has been satisfactorily used by a number of countries, including Ceylon. It would be beneficially used in India, as it would be simpler for calculations and book-keeping.

It is true that in the earlier stages some of our poor villagers may be duped by the crafties money-lender but later on they would be able to realise the true value of the cents.

The greatest benefit would no doubt be derived by the businessman who would find the decimal system very convenient for calculations, especially when allowing discounts which is generally based on percentage.

As the Decimal coinage system has been successfully used in Ceylon, I do not see why its sister country India could not also successfully use it?

GULAMALI HABIB.

Need For Nature Cure Clinics

It was very interesting to read in your paper an account of the Nature Cure Clinic at Poona whose activities are being widened so as to afford facilities for the poor at the suggestion of Mahatma Gandhi.

In our country there is a very great need for such Nature Cure Clinics. It is much better to teach the public how to live well rather than to treat them when they fall ill. Particularly in India, where poverty is so wide-spread such clinics could serve a double need by showing the people how to take proper care of their health in a very simple way and also by guiding them along the right path with regard to matters of food. Unfortunately cooking in India generally is done in such a way that all the vitamins and nourishment are destroyed. Hence such clinics could serve a very great need by showing to the public the value of the eating raw foods and cooking food in such a way that the vitamins are preserved.

The clinics will serve the basic need of treating the troubles in the most natural manner, viz., by methods which are most natural rather than medicate for such ills by drugs. It should be the concern of the Government to help such institutions and also the concern of public-spirited citizens to sponsor and support them, because they fill a really great need particularly in big towns where life is congested and strain on health is heavy.

A. F. FAZELBHOY.

(SEE PAGE 10).

COORG HAS A PLAN

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Nov. 12.

Coorg, one of the three Chief Commissioner's Provinces, has a Post-war Plan. It is a well co-ordinated plan, which makes provision for almost all the urgent requirements of Coorg. The basic idea underlying all planning is to raise the standard of living of the comman man. The Coorg Plan tackles this question in straight and earnest manner.

Malaria is the biggest handicap in the way of better standard of living. In Coorg, particularly, it is largely responsible for slow decline in the growth of population. The Plan has a special scheme to combat malaria at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,31,000.

Protected water supply, improved housing, better sanitation, dental clinics, maternity and child welfare centre sand tuberculosis sanatorium are included in the Health Plan and a further sum of 9 1/4 lakhs are provided for them.

Improved standard of living is dependent on increased earnings. The Plan has schemes both for agricultural improvement and industrial development.

On the agriculture side, there are schemes for agricultural laboratory, demonstration farms, cattle breeding stations, cattle goat and sheep rearing farms, poultry and piggery farm, Central Apiary, land mortgage bank and fire forests. The Plan leaves out questions such as large scale afforestation and control of soil erosion, for the simple reason that Coorg has neither the expert technical personnel nor the requisite financial resources to tackle what are admittedly major problems.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

On the industrial side, the Plan has schemes for fruit preservation and canning factories and a saw mill. Cheap power is the basic need for the industrialisation of the Province, and the Plan envisages about forty thousand K. W. electrical energy from "Barapole Hydro-Electric" Project, exploration of which is strongly urged. With cheap power match, plywood, tile, sandalwood oil and soap factories, paper mills, distillery tanning, shoe making could be profitably started.

Coorg is equally deficient in communication and the Plan earmarks over a crore and a half for building Provincial roads and rehabilitation of district roads and bridges. The necessity of a railway link with the outside has long been recognized and a provision has therefore been made for a railway line from Mysore state to the West coast via Fraserpet in Coorg and a branch line connecting Mercara the capital of the Province.

Irrigation schemes include Laxamanthirtha Irrigation Project at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,50,000 in the first post-war quinquennium. It is also proposed to construct Harangi river project as part of the re-settlement scheme for ex-servicemen. Coorg Administration is exploring the possibilities of "Barapole Hydro-Electric Project". It is expected to generate power between 34-40 thousand K. W. thereby providing sufficient cheap energy not merely to Coorg but also the neighbouring Madras Districts of South Kanara and Malabar. The Central Technical Power Board has been requested to take it up immediately. A Power Board on the lines of T.V.A. is suggested.

RESETTLEMENT OF EX-SERVICEMEN.

The Plan includes detailed proposals for the re-settlement of ex-servicemen. It is asserted that in the post-war planning, the re-settlement of ex-service men has been assigned a high priority. The principal avenues of employment open to the demobilized soldiers must be mainly in Government service, private companies including large estates and on the land proposed to be allotted to them. Individual holdings forming an economic unit will be granted and steps are being taken to constitute colonies where compact blocks of arable land are available. The preparatory work on these colonies, for instance, the opening up of roads, drainage and water supply, construction of dwelling houses, etc., will be carried out at Government cost to afford attractive condtions for settlement on such colonies. Monetary assistance at the rate of Rs. 100 per acre, both for wet and dry farming, and grants up to Rs. 1,000 for each of the ex-servicemen, half of which will be free the balance being repayable in easy instalments, for the construction of dwelling houses, will also be extended. A preliminary survey of all the available land has already been conducted and it is expected that there is sufficient land to settle about 500 men who may wish, on return, to settle on the land.

NO PRESSURE ON PRISONERS TO JOIN I.N.A.

Accused Officers Deny Charges

Terms Of Surrender Accepted By Br. Commander

Prosecution Story Of Concentration Camp Discredited

RED FORT, DELHI, Dec. 7, (A. P. I.): At today's resumed hearing of the Court Martial of the three I. N. A. officers, Lt.-Col. J. A. Kitson of the 4/2 Gurkha Rifles, who had been specially flown from Java, gave details of Capt. Sehgal's surrender with about 40 officers and 500 men of the I. N. A. during an attack of his company on a village on the left bank of the Irrawady.

Col. Kitson said that at about 10 a.m. on April 28, 1945, as a result of information received from one of his advanced guards, he halted this advanced guard about 600 yards north of a village named Magygal. He sent another company on an outflanking movement to get to the south side of the village. About half an hour later he heard firing and, believing the enemy to be in the village, he gave orders for the company north of the village to move forward.

Later, as a result of further information, he went forward to the east corner of the village, where he met his leading company commander together with Capt. Sehgal and a number of officers of the I.N.A with about 100 Indian troops of the I.N.A. More I.N.A. troops appeared later.

SURRENDER NOTE DESTROYED

His company commander handed Col. Kitson a note which he had received from the surrender party under a white flag. This note he destroyed when going through his papers about two months later. It was addressed to the commander of the British or Allied forces and said that approximately 30 officers and 500 troops of the I.N.A. wished to surrender as prisoners of war.

DISLIKED BRITISH IMPERIALISM

After arranging for the disarming, counting and harbouring of the prisoners, about 50 of whom were wounded, Col. Kitson said he sat and talked with Capt. Sehgal.

"I asked him a number of questions, including why he had joined the I.N.A. and he talked about the last two years of his war and the disagreements the I.N.A. were having with the Japanese.

"I asked him whether he liked the British and he said that he had two or three very great friends among British officers. The reason he fought he said was because he disliked the system of British Imperialism in India. He told me then that he had fought for what he considered to be right and now that he had lost, he was prepared to take the consequences."

Col. Kitson said that he told Capt. Sehgal his disposal would be a matter for brigade headquarters. Capt. Sehgal was very lame and the Colonel arranged for him to be sent back by car.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, Counsel for Defence, said that he had no cross-examination.

The Judge-Advocate said to Sir N. P. Engineer, that a number of witnesses who appeared in the summary of evidence had not been called and asked whether he wished to call them. The Prosecutor replied that he did not.

COURT ADJOURNS

Mr. Desai, however, said that he wished to cross-examine two of these witnesses and the Court adjourned for three quarters of an hour to enable them to be brought in.

Gengasaran, of the 4/19 Hyderabad Regiment, whose evidence was contained in the summary, cross-examined by defence, said that he was at Popa on February 26 and 27 as a signal officer of No. 1 Battalion of the I.N.A. He was arrested for refusing to take out a fighting patrol. Jodh Singh presented a crime report with three crimes and was sentenced to death. Thereafter he was pardoned by Capt. Sehgal.

SHAH NAWAZ DENIES IT

Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan, one of the accused, read out a statement to the Court in which he said that he had committed no offence for his being tried by a Court Martial or by any other Court. "I do not deny having taken part in the fight", he said, "but I did so as a member of the fighting forces of the Provisional Government of Azad Hind, who waged war for the liberation of the Motherland according to the rules of civilised warfare and to whom the status of belligerency was accorded by the British forces opposing us."

Referring to the charge of abetment of murder, Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan denied that he had caused the death of Mohd. Hussain.

Denying the charge of abetment of murder, Capt. Shah Nawaz Khan said: "Even if the facts alleged by the prosecution were true, I could not be held to have committed any offence. Mohd. Husain, who had voluntarily joined the I.N.A. and submitted himself to its discipline, had admittedly attempted to desert and induce others to desert at a very critical juncture. If he had succeeded in his attempt, he would have carried information about the forces under my command to the British, which would have meant complete disaster for us. Under the I.N.A. Act, as under the military codes of all civilised nations, the offence attempted to be committed was a most serious and heinous one, punishable with death.

"It is, however, in fact wrong to say that I sentenced him to death or that he was shot in the execution of a sentence passed by me. Mohd. Hussain and his companions were informally produced before me. They had no crime reports drawn up. I only very stronly admonished Mohd. Hussain and told him that he had committed an offence for which he could, and should, be shot. I, however, left the matter there and asked the accused to be put up again before me or before the Regimental Commander, who had, in the meanwhile, been invested with the power to try such cases if the men concerned attempted to misbehave a second time. The case never came up before me again, presumably because the contingency never arose.

LOYALTY THEIR TRADITION

Tracing his family connection with the British Shah Nawaz said that his father had served the Indian Army for 30 years. In the first and second World Wars, every able bodied member of his family joined the army. At present, there were over 80 of them serving as officers in the Indian Army. He belonged to a family in which loyalty to the Crown has always been a valued tradition.

NEVER SEEN SUBHAS IN INDIA

Shah Nawaz said he had never seen Subhas Bose in India and knew nothing about his activities. But in Malaya he heard a number of Bose's speeches which had a profound effect upon him. "It will not be wrong to say that I was hypnotised by his personality and his speeches. He placed the true picture of India before us and for the first time in my life I saw India, through the eyes of an Indian. I was most impressed by his selflessness, his absolute devotion to our country, his frankness and his refusal to bow before the Japanese wishes." Shah Nawaz said he realised that "whether we liked it or not, the Japanese were definitely going into India. I also realised that the fight would, in all probability, be carried into Indian territory as I did not think that the British forces would be able to stop the Japanese advance."

He had seen the invasion of Malaya and he did not wish it to happen to India. He thought he would be "much more useful to my country with a rifle in my hand to save the life, property and honour of Indians, than as a helpless prisoner of war in Malaya." In recruiting men for the I.N.A. he collected such men as would be prepared to fight even against the Japanese if they proved dishonest and this fact had been established beyond doubt even by the prosecution witnesses.

NO FORCED ENLISTMENT

He denied there was any pressure on prisoners of war to join the I.N.A. He had forbidden forced enlistment and actually warned officers with punishment if anyone was forced to join the I.N.A. Netaji—Subhas Chandra—gave free choice to everyone in the I.N.A. to leave its ranks if they were not prepared to make extreme sacrifices and his warning to those who stayed in the I.N.A. was to be prepared to face thirst, hunger, forced marches and in the end death.

"I FOUND A LEADER"

"With my own eyes I saw," Capt Shah Nawaz continued, "the enthusiasm of thousands of poverty stricken Indians in the Far East, who gave to the I.N.A. all that they possessed and whole families joined the Azad Hind Fauj and became "fakirs" for the sake of their country. I know we had a real leader; and when he in the name of millions of poverty stricken, unarmed and helpless Indians, appealed to us to come forward and sacrifice our lives for their liberation, no honourable Indian could have refused this much to him."

"I found a leader and decided to follow him, and for me it was the greatest decision of my life, of fighting against my kith and kin, who were in the British Indian army in very large numbers, and whom I was certain, I could never induce to see eye to eye with me."

"I wish to bring to your notice," Capt. Shah Nawaz said, "and to the notice of my countrymen that no mercenary or puppet army could have faced the hardships as the I. N A. did . We fought only for India's Independence."

SEHGAL'S STATEMENT

Captain Sehgal in his statement recounted the circumstances in which he said he felt compelled to join the I.N.A. He referred to the meeting held at the Ferrar Park in Singapore on February 17, 1942, and said that there Lt. Col. Hunt, as the representative of the British, handed over the Indian officers and men to the Japanese like a flock of sheep." "This", Captain Sehgal went on "came as a great blow to us all. The Indian Army had fought bravely against the heaviest odds, and in return the British High Command had left them completely at the mercy of the Japanese."

G. O. C. OF I. N. A.

"We felt that the British Government had on its own cut off all the bonds that had bound us to the British crown and relieved us of all obligations to it. The Japanese handed us over to Captain Mohan Singh, who was styled as the G. O. C. of the Indian National Army and we were left free under him to fashion our own destiny.

"QUIT INDIA" & AFTER

Captain Sehgal proceeded to refer to the happenings in India in August 1942 after the passing of the Quit India resolution, "All India Radio Delhi, and the B.B.C. drew a curtain over the happenings in India. However, certain secret stations, supposed to be functioning somewhere in India, and the Japanese and other Axis controlled radio stations outside India broadcast freely about these happenings and the measures taken by the Government to suppress the Freedom movement. From the details of broadcast by these stations, a veritable reign of terror similar to the one that had followed the revolt of 1857 seemed to have set in.

ONLY SOLUTION

Captain Sehgal said that the information they had about the state of Defence in India was by no means encouraging and the most optimistic among them could not be sure of the ability of the British to stop the Japanese advance. After protracted discussion, the only solution they could think of was the formation, of a strong and well disciplined armed body which should march into India side by side with the Japanese army and while fighting for the liberation of India from the existing alien rule should be able and ready to provide protection to their countrymen against any possible molestation by the Japanese and to resist any attempt by the latter to establish themselves as rulers of the country in place of the British.

CONDITIONAL SURRENDER

Captain Sehgal claimed he was entitled to all the privileges of a prisoner of war. In his note of April 18, 1945, to the Commander of the British Forces to whom he and other officers and men fighting under his command surrendered at Popa (receipt of which note is admitted by the headquarters, Bahadurgarh area in their letter dated 12/10/45 but which was stated in the letter to be unavailable). He said quite plainly that "we were ready to surrender only as prisoners of war." "On receipt of this note, surrender was accepted without objection to the terms on which we had offered to surrender and after surrender we were actually treated as prisoners of war."

On the charge of abetment of murder, Captain Seghal said he tried four sepoys mentioned in the charge sheet. They were found guilty and were sentenced to death. The sentence was, however, not carried out the convicts, like many others who were similarly tried and sentenced about that time, having been pardoned on their expressing regret and giving an assurance not to misbehave in future. The fact of the sentence having been passed was of course used for its propaganda value in order to deter others from deserting.

NO ABETMENT OF MURDER

Even, however, if the sentence had been carried out, he could not be charged with the offence of abetment of murder. The four culprits had voluntarily joined the I.N.A. and had submitted to its discipline and had voluntarily and willingly agreed to participate in the coming fight. They having shamefully deserted while in action and in the face of the enemy had committed an offence punishable with death under the I.N.A. Act and under the military law all the world over.

"Although the I.N.A. failed to achieve its primary object of liberating India, everyone of us has the satisfaction that it fully accomplished its objective of protecting Indian life, property and honour in Malaya, Burma and other parts of South-east Asia against all aggfressors. The telegrams I have received after the commencement of this trial from the president of the Indian Christian Association, Rangoon, and the President of the Burma Indian Association bear ample testimony to this."

DHILLON ON DEHRA DUN MOTTO

Lieut. Dhillon, recalled that in the Chefwode Hall in the Indian Military Academy, Dehra Dun, were engraved words: "The honour, welfare and safety of your country comes first always and every time. The comfort, safety and welfare of the men you command comes next. Your own safety and comfort comes last, always and every time." It was with this motto in front of him that he served his country as an officer in the Indian Army.

"EMASCULATED US"

"It was at this time that I got to realise the full significance of the havoc done to my unfortunate country by the one and a half century of British rule. While the British, I thought to myself, had exploited all our material resources for their own benefit and had freely drawn upon our manpower to fight their own imperialistic wars, they had not only done nothing to prepare us for the defence of our Motherland in case of need but had in order to keep us in bondage for all time to come, completely emasculated us."

"NEW HOPE FOR INDIA"

"In the Indian National Army proposed to be organised by Mohan Singh I saw a new hope for India.

Lieut. Dhillon went on to explain his decision to continue in the Second I.N.A. under Subhas Bose.

Referring to recruitment to the I.N.A., Dhillon said to his knowledge no coercion or force was ever used to induce any prisoner of war to join the I.N.A. "In fact, use of force or coercion for such a purpose was wholly unnecessary because we always had a very large number of surplus volunteers whom we were unable to arm or put under training for want of equipment."

In all lectures delivered by him, Dhillon said, he told his audience that they should volunteer only if they loved their country and were willing and able to bear all kinds of hardships and sufferings in her cause. At the time of going into action, he again warned the men under his command. Some of the officers and men did show their unwillingness and about 200 such men were sent back to Rangoon before his regiment left Myingyan.

"ABSOLUTELY FALSE"

Lt. Dhillon declared that "the evidence given by some of the prosecution witnesses that P.O.W.'s were sent to concentration or detention camps to coerce them into volunteering is absolutely false. There was no concentration camp in existence at all. There was a detention camp to which only persons found guilty of indiscipline or other offences were sent by way of punishment. That camp had, however, nothing to do in any shape or form with enlistment in the I.N.A. On the contrary, persons confined in the detention camp were not accepted as volunteers even if they offered to do so, because detention in that camp for any period indicated some defect of character and was a disqualification for membership of the I.N.A. These prosecution witnesses have told false and distorted tales to save their own skins and to curry favour with the Government."

CAN'T BE TRIED UNDER C.I.A. OR I.A. ACT

"Whatever I did, I did as the member of a regularly organised force fighting under the provisional Government of Free India and am therefore not liable to be charged with or tried under the Indian Army Act and the Criminal Law of India for any offence on account of any act done by me in the discharge of my duties as a member of such a force."

"I am further advised that in point of law my trial by the Court martial is illegal."

CRORES CONTRIBUTED TO FUND

"I successfully persuaded the Japanese to refrain from bombing civilians and their properties in towns in India. Indians in the Far East showed their appreciation of the services rendered to them by the I.N.A. by contributing crores of rupees to the Funds of the Provisional Government of Free India which was actuated by the most patriotic motives."

PLIGHT OF POLITICALS IN KORAPUT JAIL

CUTTACK, Dec. 7. (API.) Mr Dadhakrishna Biswas Roy, President Provincial Congress Committee interviewed political prisoners in Koraput Jail. He says:

"There are at present 31 prisoners sentenced to transportation for life in the case in which our late lamented Lakhan A. Naik was sentenced to death. More of them died not many months ago death of political prisoners is a chronic disease in this jail in Koraput All politicals and myself are very pleased with the interview.

IS IT SECRET DEAL?

BANGALORE, Dec. 6 (A.P.I.)—In the Mysore Legislative Council today the President disallowed a short notice question relating to the question of the retrocession of Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, to the Mysore Darbar.

RAJSHAHI BAN ON MEETINGS

RAJSHAHI, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—All public meetings, processions, etc., without the previous permission of the authorities have been prohibited in Rajshahi town.

I.N.A. Men Asked To Report To Congress

NEW DELHI, Dec. 7, (A. P. I.): The I. N. A. Relief Committee which deals with non-legal work of the I.N.A. Defence Committee in a statement asks all released personnel to report to the nearest Congress Committee's office in the district or Tehsil in their respective homes. The Committee says that this information is required to facilitate the work of the Relief and Enquiry Committee.

Spot-light On The Philippines

In next Sunday's B. C. Weekly Kamaladevi discusses the U. S. deal to the Filipinos.

Among other special articles may be mentioned: "The B. B. C. Bloomers" and "A Visit To Vanasthali".

Our legal Correspondent discusses the Right, to Kiss—strictly from the legal point of view.

Then there is the exclusive Louis Fischer article and the usual features, photos and the latest news, which make the Bombay Chronicle Weekly the ideal Sunday paper.

B. C. Weekly December 9

COALMINES, NO PLACE FOR WOMEN

American's Eye-Opener To India Govt. Delegate

LONDON, Dec. 6 (Reuter): Efforts were being made to reorganise mining industry in India, declared the Indian Government delegate, Mr. Ikramullah, at a meeting of the Committee of the International Labour Organisation in London.

Mr. T. J. Jones, United States workers' delegate, raised the question of employment of women in Indian coalmines. "We in the U. S.," he said, "think that the situation is shocking. A coalmine is no place for women."

He urged the Conference to adopt the declaration prohibiting employment of women in coalmines of any country in the world.

Mr. Ikramullah replied that owing to manpower shortage in India the ban on women being employed was temporarily lifted and it would probably be reimposed early next year.

Mr. Nirmal Das Gupta, Indian workers' delegate, said man-power shortage was caused by men being attracted away from coalfields as they could get better wages and conditions in other industries. If wages and conditions in the mines had been better there would never have been any labour shortage.

"BIG THREE" FOREIGN MINISTERS TO MEET SHORTLY

LONDON, Dec. 7 (Reuter): Reuter learns that the Foreign Ministers of Britain, the United States and Soviet Russia are to meet shortly.

The last time these three Foreign Ministers met was at the Five-Power Foreign Ministers Conference which started on September 11 in London and broke up on October 2.

Although no definite arrangements have been made regarding the venue for the meeting of the Three Foreign Ministers, it is believed that Moscow is likely to figure as the possible choice.

Governor Returns From Tour

BOMBAY, Dec. 7 (API): After nine days of strenuous tour of the districts of Gujarat and Thana, Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, returned to the city this evening.

STUDENTS DEMONSTRATE AGAINST G. M. SYED

KARACHI, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—About 100 Muslim students today staged a black flag demonstration at the residence of Mr. G. M. Syed, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, who arrived in Karachi yesterday.

Some of the students have gone on hunger-strike and are squatting on the lawns in front of his bungalow. Mr. Syed and Sheikh Abdul Majid tried to persuade the demonstrators but the students demand "unconditional surrender to the Muslim League High Command."

DARDANELLES CONTROL

ANKARA, Dec. 7 (Reuter).—Turkey is prepared to accept in principle the United States plan for revision of the Montreux Convention on control of the Dardanelles as basis for discussion, the Turkish Prime Minister, M. Chukru Sarajoglu, told a Press Conference in Ankara.

He pointed out that revision in accordance with the United States proposal was also desired by the British Government, who, however, did not think the question was of an urgent character.

U.S. MOVE TO SURVEY INDIAN MARKETS

BOMBAY, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—Increasing interest in India's post-war industrial planning is being evinced by American manufacturers and engineering firms during the last few months.

The International Associates, a commercial organisation in the United States, with a network of agencies in various parts of the world, engaged in the collection of commercial intelligence, is stated to have asked a local bureau of commercial intelligence to help them in the survey of Indian markets.

TWO POLICEMEN JAILED

SUKKUR, Dec. 7 (API): Two policemen have been convicted and sentenced to six months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 200 each on a charge of wrongful confinements and maltreatment of a local merchant.

BHATIA'S ANNUAL SPORTS DURING FEBRUARY

The Secretary to Bhatia Sports Committee beg to announce that it has been decided to arrange a function of the Sports for the members of the Bhatia Community about the month of February, 1946. The date of the function when the final races will take place, will be declared hereafter.

The persons desiring to take part in the sports are requested to obtain their entry forms from the following institutions and the last date of accepting the entry forms is 21st December, 1945.

Besides this, the members of the Bhatia Community who intend to arrange memorial races on their own account or from the Trust Funds under their Control are requested to communicate to the Secretaries of the Sports Committee C/o. Bhatia Stores, Kolbhat Lane, Bombay, giving the details of prizes to be distributed before 31st December, 1945.

The entry forms can be had from the following places:

Bhatia Stores, Kolbhat Lane; Bhatia Stores Holi Chakla; Bhatia Stri Hunner Udyaga Grah Kolbhat Lane; Bhatia Stri Mandal Mangesh Senoy Street, Fort; Kanthi Bhatia Volunteer Corps, Virji Madanji Bungalow, Haveli Road, Ghatkopar; Bhatia Mitra Mandal Sukhadwalla Building, Fort; and Yuvak Stores, New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi.

NEW GOVERNOR OF U.P. SWORN IN

LUCKNOW, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—Sir Francis Wylie was sworn-in as Governor of the United Provinces this morning at Government House.

OVER 600 STILL DETAINED IN INDIA

LONDON, Dec. 7. (Reuter): Mr. Arthur Henderson, replying to the debate on India in the Commons, said: "The number of detenus on August 1, was 1958. On October 1, it was 1109. By December 1, it had been further reduced to 622. I think those figures indicate that Government is carrying out the policy which I announced on October 15. If it were necessary, I should like to assure the House that this policy of progressive release will be continued at as rapid a pace as conditions in India will permit."

A STEP IN BUILDING WORLD TRADE

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (APA): Former Secretary of State Cordell Hull to-day endorced the Anglo-American Loan and Trade Agreement as a step in building world trade.

In a statement issued through the State Department, Hull declared:

"I feel that this may be our final opportunity to make a peace that will last. I believe the Government's overall plans released yesterday set forth the prerequisites to economic prosperity and improved standards of living in our own and all other countries.

"I have high hopes that the United States will play its full part in bringing about conditions necessary for lasting peace."

CIVIC GUARD ORGANISATION IN C. P. TO BE WOUND UP

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail).

It has been decided to wind up the Civic Guard organisation of the C. P. and Berar early in December.

In announcing this a press note issued by the Provincial Government records its warm appreciation of the valuable services rendered by all ranks of the Civic Guard and its thanks to the many gentlemen who organised and fostered the movement in their towns.

The organisation was formed in 1940 and afforded an opportunity to those who were unable to join the Defence Services to contribute to the war effort of the province through the civic service of an organised and disciplined nature directly related to the war. In the early years of the war, the movement attained considerable popularity, and in December 1941 the strength of the force was 3,350. Since then recruitment to the armed force, the A.R.P. and other Defence Services developed rapidly in the province and the strength of the Civic Guard declined. A strong nucleus, however, continued to function in most towns as an auxiliary to the Police in traffic duties, control of food and cloth shops, at fairs, exhibitions, bazaars and other gatherings. During the difficult years of the war, the Civic Guard contributed materially to the maintenance of public morals and the avoidance of panic.

A statement of accounts for 1944-45 has been issued by the Provincial Government. It shows that the total revenue realised was 9,61,68 lakhs against Rs. 9,48,69 lakhs anticipated in the revised estimate resulting in an improvement of Rs. 12-09 lakhs. There were larger collections under land revenue, larger receipts under forest than were estimated. Other heads under which receipts exceeded those estimated in the revised estimate are other taxes and duties, administration of justice, jails and convict settlements, police, civil works and miscellaneous. There was a fall in receipts under excise, receipts under motor vehicles acts, irrigation, navigation and embankment. Agriculture and Civil defence. Actually there was a decrease in expenditure of Rs. 3.38 lakhs as compared with the revised estimate. There was a revenue surplus of Rs. 2,59.03 lakhs. The closing balance was Rs. 92.49 lakhs. This balance is exclusive of a sum of Rs. 3 crores invested in Government of India Treasury bills in March 1945.

FOUNDER'S DAY CELEBRATIONS IN SCINDIA SCHOOL

Baroda Ruler In Presiding Over Function Praises Education In Gwalior

GWALIOR, Nov. 30.

"Unlike other institutions, teachers of this School have a unique opportunity", observed the Maharaja Scindia, inviting the Maharaja of Baroda to preside over the celebrations of the Scindia School Founder's Day last evening," of moulding the character of the pupil by giving him proper training and regulating conditions of his environment.

"Such being the facilities, what is it that a teacher here should accomplish? He should see that this School becomes a Centre from which students, even more inspired by the example of their teachers than instructed by their teaching, go forth in their turn not to lead a life that is too arid and too dry or a life which is too narrow and too poor but to pursue a life which is the realisation of the beauty and the glory of their dreams."

Speaking of the glorious past of Baroda, His Highness observed: "If modern Gwalior is the creation of my revered father, the Baroda of to-day owes its present position to the far-sighted and liberal policy of Your Highness' grand-father, His late Highness Maharaja Sayaji Rao Gaekwad. The late Highness Maharaja belied the illusion that Indian India was a dead weight on country's advancement."

ONE KILLED & 15 INJURED IN MOTOR SMASH

HUBLI Dec. 7, (API): One person was charred to death and 15 others seriously injured in a motor accident which occurred near Arabhavi eight miles from Gokak says a message received here.

Crowds Throng Sodepur Ashram

Gandhiji Explains Significance Of Prayers

CALCUTTA December 7. (API): Mahatma Gandhi addressing a largely attended open air congregation prayer at the Sodepur Ashram today said: "My journey to Bengal would really be successful if I can penetrate the hearts of all the citizens of Calcutta and explain to them the significance of prayer."

He said that he would be glad if all the citizens of Calcutta would come and share with him the valuable experience that he had gained through prayer. They would realise the truth and usefulness of prayer if they offered it peacefully and meditated over it after returning home. Gandhiji added that he was pleased to note that people were maintaining calm in response to his wishes and he asked everyone to remain quiet throughout the prayer.

Spot collection for the Harijan Fund amounted to about Rs. 650 today.

About 4,000 railway tickets are now being collected every day at the Sodepur station. Trains crowded to the very foot board land streams of passengers heading towards the prayer ground. The prayer meetings are attended by a good sprinkling of Americans Chinese and other nationalities.

Besides special trains, arrangements for lighting, train stoppage and volunteer services have been made at the railway station and way-side eating houses and hawkers carry on a brisk trade daily.

SPENDS A QUIET DAY

Mahatma Gandhi spent a quiet day at his residence in the Bee avenue of the Sodepur Ashram. He was away in Calcutta for about three hours, attending the meeting of the Congress Working Committee.

When a group of Calcutta Business men called upon him in the evening Gandhiji reported to have remarked jokingly that it was all the better as with their coming he would have more money. Mr. Jairamdas Damiatram is also staying at the Ashram. Ammording to the ashramites, the whole tour programme of Mahatma Gandhi except his proposed visit to Santiniketan and Midnapore, may be cancelled in view of the importance of the leaders talks in Calcutta.

A group of Chinese professors who attended the prayer meeting at the Sodepore Ashram today said that Mahatma Gandhi was the only leader for a peaceful world. He would be the saviour of the Asiatic people.

The professors are on their way to England and saw Gandhiji for the first time.

"We had heard of Gandhiji even when we were young boys," said one of them "He is great in his career and learning as well as holy in appearance. May he live long and bring happiness to our Indian friends."

BYRNES DENIES HURLEY'S ALLEGATIONS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (A.P.A.): Secretary of State Byrnes said today that he had been unable to find any evidence of disloyalty on the part of the two American diplomats whom Maj.-Gen. P. Hurley, former U. S. Ambassador to China, charged with seeking to wreck his efforts to bring about a unified China.

Mr. Byrnes also challenged Gen. Hurley's assertion that while he was at Chungking he had been unable to get a public statement of American policy towards China from President Truman or from the Secretary of State. He added that Gen. Hurley never requested such a statement.

R

BOMBAY CONVICTIONS

CHATURBHUJ KATCHRA has been sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 6,500 for possessing 18 bags of rice without a licence as required under the Essential Articles Restricted Acquisition and Possession Order.

HASSANALLI KASSAM has been sentenced to one week's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 15 for profiteering in aluminium utensils.

PPH BOOKS OF THE WEEK

Rural Bengal in Ruins

by BHOWANI SEN.

A brilliant analysis of the various aspects of and the reasons for the collapse of Bengal's Rural Economy—and the way out. As. 8/-

Your Tagore for Today"

Edited by

AMIAN KUMAR SANYAL

Excerpts from the great poet's writings giving his profound thoughts on Fascism, British imperialism, Our National Movement, Russia etc. Re. 1. All profits from this book go to Rabindra Memorial Fund.

People's Publishing House Sandhurst Road, Bombay, 4.

KEYNES HEAVES SIGH OF RELIEF

(Continued from page 1)

much of the sterling balances will be released immediately.

The suggestions regarding spreading over payments of the sterling balances as also the possibility of the balances being scaled down, a part being treated as a contribution towards the settlement of post-war indebtedness, are bound to be viewed with grave concern in this country. India will not accept the scaling down of the sterling balances which have been accumulated in London by our sweat and tears.

We see references of expanded multilateral trade through removal of trade barriers, but India industrially is far backward and it will certainly not be in her interests to remove protection, which is vital to her, until she is quite able to stand competition with the highly industrialised countries. Reduction of tariffs, removal of barriers, and expansion of multilateral trade, are all issues on which India will have to make her own reservations. The details of these and such other questions, inter-empire and international, remain to be thrashed out, and it is therefore premature to say how our country will be affected by this Agreement.

EXPORT SUBSIDIES MUST GO

I hope that the desire of the U.S.A. for a freer trade is accompanied with the removal by them of export subsidies which is another way of dumping. The Agreement has however raised the hope that the Bretton Woods proposals will have sufficient support from the various nations to facilitate their being implemented in the near future.

While India is on the threshold of independence, I hope the present Government of India will not enter into any commitments which may hereafter handicap her free and full development industrially or otherwise, or thwart and interfere with her freedom to shape her economic and trade policies in a manner best suited to her interests.

HEAVY BURDEN ON POSTERITY

LONDON, Dec. 7 (Reuter): Stock-taking is in progress of the position created by the conclusion of the Anglo-American loan agreement which the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, officially announced in the House of Commons yesterday, coupling it with far-reaching plans for world trade promotion.

Lord Keynes, the chief British negotiator of the loan, said in Washington that a great load of anxiety and probably suffering had been lifted off the British public.

"There are no strings to the loan", Lord Keynes added. "It is cash credit which we may use anywhere. In this respect it is an unique agreement."

The American Administration intends to rush the agreement through Congress with utmost speed, but in view of the Christmas recess it may not be signed by the President for several months.

The British Government is seeking Parliamentary approval with equal speed. The Bretton Woods Agreement Bill is having its first reading in the House of Commons to-day and it is hoped will receive Royal assent by the end of the year.

END TO FEARS

In an announcement, Prime Minister Attlee said that the agreement would "make it possible for Britain to relax import and exchange controls."

He added: "This agreement will put an end to fears of an economically divided world."

Mr. Attlee stressed that there would be no 'unilateral' surrender of preferences and there must be adequate compensation for all-parties affected.

The credit would enable the United Kingdom to move forward with the United States and other countries towards the common objective of expanding multilateral trade.

Referring to publication of the document setting forth proposals for consideration by the International Conference on Trade and Employment, Mr. Attlee said that Britain and the United States had agreed on procedures for international negotiation and implementation. They had undertaken to begin preliminary negotiations at an early date between themselves and other countries for the purpose of developing concrete arrangements to carry out these proposals including definite measures for relaxation of trade barriers of all kinds.

These negotiations would relate to tariffs and preferences, quantitive restrictions, subsidies, State trading, cartels and other types of trade barriers.

COMMONWEALTH NOT COMMITTED

Mr. Attlee emphasised that talks in Washington were conducted "on behalf of the United Kingdom alone."

He added "I am not in a position to speak for our partners in the Commonwealth, none of whom is in any way committed. "It is quite understood that each of the Governments concerned will be able to approach international discussions with full freedom of action."

Mr. Attlee added that the United States statement made it clear that "in pursuit of the objectives of article seven of the mutual trade agreement "Britain was quite ready to agree that the existing system of preferences within the British Commonwealth and the Empire will be contracted provided there is adequate compensation in the form of improvement in trading conditions between the Commonwealth and Empire countries and the rest of the world."

Mr. Attlee pointed out that the statement provides that "all margins of preference will be regarded as open to negotiation"—that is, where prior commitments exist the consent of a third party may be sought.

"The statement makes it clear there is no commitment on any country in advance of negotiations to reduce or eliminate any particular margin of preference. The position is that each country remains free to judge in the light of offers made by all others the extent of contribution it can make towards realisation of agreed objectives."

After Mr. Attlee's statement, the Leader of the House, Mr. Herbert Morrison said that the House would debate the Washington negotiations result and the Bretton Woods Agreement as well on Wednesday, and would continue on Thursday.

BURDEN ON POSTERITY

Reuter's City Editor states that although the loan agreement will mean short term relief to the present "austerity" in Britain, the burden on this and future generations should not be underrated.

Britain has bound herself to pay the United States 140,000,000 dollars (Rs. 45,50,00,000) every year until the year 2,000.

The writer says: "Unless trade greatly expands, more than all Britain's exports to the United States will be required merely for service on this loan debt leaving Britain herself with no direct spending power for American goods and services.

COSTLY BREATHING SPACE

"The stark fact is Britain is falling short of paying her way in her international accounts. The United States loan intensifies rather than reduces the imperative urgency of rectifying that. It does not of itself rectify it. On the contrary, Britain by this loan merely buys a bare and costly breathing space in which to rectify it."

BRITAIN'S CONTRIBUTION TO WIN WAR

Details of Britain's huge financial contribution to win the war were given in a Government statement issued last night, which disclosed that gold and dollar reserves in the United Kingdom and other countries in the sterling area fell to only £23,000,000 (Rupees four crores) during April 1941 soon after the passage of the Lease-Lend-Act, but before its effects could be felt.

Reserves have now been built up to some extent largely because of the pay of the United States forces in the sterling area brought considerable dollar sums into the country, but they are still below the pre-war level and are inadequate in relation to the immediate needs of the United Kingdom and to the problem of releasing accumulated sterling balances.

The statement gives the estimate that the increase of exports over the pre-war level must be 50 per cent to pay for the pre-war volume imports but that an increase of 75 per cent will be necessary to reach and maintain full equilibrium without restrictions.

Government hopes that work on export orders will reach the pre-war level by the second half of 1946.

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PLAY SAFE!

ASSURE WITH THE LEADING INDIAN LIFE OFFICE

INDIAN LIFE ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

HEAD OFFICE: KARACHI ESTD. 1892

HAMARA SCREEN

Above: Left—Kishore Sahu as Kunal. Centre—Shobhana Samarth as Tishyarakshita

Above: Right—Durga Khote as Kuruvaki

On Left—Kishore with Nila Nagini as Kanchan Mala in a gorgeous setting.

'VEER KUNAL' SETS SEAL ON KISHORE SAHU'S ARTISTRY

GLORY OF MAURYAN PERIOD FAITHFULLY REVIVED

NOTEWORTHY FILM EVENT

at

THE NOVELTY

Inaugurated by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who paid a tribute to the enterprise of Producer-Director Kishore Sahu, "Veer Kunal" proves itself a highly commendable Ramnik production. For Kishore Sahu, it is an achievement that for ever sets the seal on his artistry and genius.

SETTINGS AND COSTUMES

The cobwebs that hang over the ancient Mauryan dynasty, the dust that conceals the glory that once was Ind, are brushed and swept aside by the magic wand of Sahu, and, lo, and behold, the brilliance of bygone days sparkles once again to enchant our eyes and enthrall our senses. The poetry of a young man's imagination, wedded to his painstaking labour that has striven to lift the veil that conceals the past, has revived, with as much authenticity as possible, the splendour of the kingdom of Patliputra.

Once again Ashok, the Great and Good, strides his beautiful palace in royal dignity, clad in the softest raiments, beside him his evil consort Tishyarakshita, decked in flamboyant elegance.

The exquisitely-modelled sets and the tasteful costumes, particularly those of Kunal and Tishyarakshita, are two of the highlights of the production.

THE STORY

Highly dramatic is the story of "Veer Kunal", at times verging on melodrama which, however, is never over-done but, on the contrary, directed so skilfully that its interest is intensified and every major incident achieves a breath-taking climax.

Enamoured of Tishyarakshita, an obscure chief's daughter, Ashok marries her. When she sets eyes on Prince Kunal, whose mother has long been dead, desire kindles in the voluptuous heart of this lustful woman. Kunal, happily married to Kanchan Mala, the mother of his son, spurns the infatuated woman calling her "mother" and not "beloved."

No fury indeed is there like a woman scorned. Tishyarakshita tries to bring about Kunal's downfall. At her behest, he is imprisoned on a trumped-up murder charge. In prison, too, he scorns her. So she has him blinded. Eventually, with the help of Kuruvaki, his other step-mother, and Somdev the Prime Minister, Kunal escapes and with the people of Patliputra rallied round him, seeks justice of his father. The scales fall from Ashok's eyes. He metes out justice—and Tishyarakshita suffers Chanakya's penalty: death by fire.

But the world is not for the blinded Kunal whose inner sight leads him and his wife to the glorious path of renunciation trod, long before, by Ram and Sita.....

THE PLAYERS

SAHU is superbly restrained in the difficult role of Kunal. He invests his part with becoming dignity and even the fire of his denunciation of his oppressors and his plea for justice, has a certain mellowness that bespeaks a finely-polished artistry.

Durga Khote and Shakir give their usual expert performances in the roles of Kuruvaki and Shakir respectively. Nila Nagini makes a charming Kanchan Mala and is great in the scene where she sings to her little son, Mubarak, as Ashok, is, however, somewhat ineffective.

For me the surprise of the picture was the clever performance of Shobhana Samarth as Tishyarakshita. The sweet and coy Sita of "Bharat Milap" and "Ram Rajya", the faithful Damayanti of "Nala Damayanti", becomes, with amazing skill, a vile, lustful and cruel woman as loathesome as a Lady Macbeth or a Lucretia Borgia. This finely-portrayed role is a proof of the outstanding versatility of Shobhana Samarth.

SUMMING UP

"Veer Kunal" must rank high among film productions for the beauty and splendour of its sets and costumes, its high histrionic standards, its vivid photography which introduces some novel angles, and above all, for its dramatic value. Moment after moment—the blinding scene, the scenes wherein Tishya weaves her web of passion, the durbar scene and the great finale—is filled with suspense that grips one with horror, charm or fascination and never relinquishes its hold till the climax is reached, in which Sahu rises to lofty histrionic heights.

A pleasant feature of the production is that it is unburdened by too many songs, containing merely four tuneful melodies—a refreshing changing from the average semi-operatic Indian photoplay.

Truly does "Veer Kunal" reach the high-water mark of film-production, for which the main credit must go to its maker—Kishore Sahu.

I heartily recommend the picture to all and sundry.

Sardul

Latest Release

PREMIERE OF "HAMARA SANSAR"

At

The Capitol

Prakash Pictures' latest social was flashed on the screen, for the first time yesterday evening.

"Hamara Sansar" is the first starring vehicle of Ranjana the elfin Prakash actress who gave quite a good account for herself in 'Ram Rajya" and "Vikramaditya". Umakant plays the male lead, while Sushil Kumar is worthy of note in a lesser role which he enacts with considerable skill.

The theme of "Hamara Sansar" is based on the joint-family system. Shantukumar directed the picture which is embellished with the music of Govindram and the lyrics of Ramesh Gupta. Sharad Shukla is responsible for the dance sequences.

CURRENT FILMS

Swastik: 2nd Week

THEATRICAL LIFE DRAMATISED

Bhavnani Productions' "Bisvi Sadi" centres round a stage-struck youth whom the glamour of the theatre lures away from his home. He makes good as an actor and marries his leading lady. The machinations of his father's manager and later, of the father himself, lead to all manner of complications which are eventually straightened out.

The story is from the pen of Enaxi Ramrao. The picture was directed by M. Bhavnani. Its cast consists of the ever-popular Motilal with Nargis as the heroine and Mazhar Khan in a character role. Pannalal Ghosh composed the musical score.

Super: 5th Week

WOMANHOOD CHAMPIONED

From the pen of Vasahat Mirza comes the story of this Eastern Pictures' film which exposes the social tyranny of self-appointed moralists who point an accusing finger at a woman with a posthumous child. The picture recounts the vicissitude through which this brave but branded woman and her daughter are forced to pass, before the latter's paternity is proved and the mother's honour is vindicated.

Old-timers such as Yakub, Bibbo and Shah Nawaz are to be found in the cast headed by Noorjehan.

Illicit Liquor Manufacturers Arrested

Three persons said to be manufacturers of illicit liquor were arrested by the Southern Preventive Section Police in the early hours of this morning in the City. Four barrels containing 200 gallons of fermented wash and implements for manufacturing illicit liquor were seized from them.

Accused Patabhai Bakardin Gulam Mohamed and Katchroo Yesoo were later on produced before Mr. Elias, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court when they were allowed bail.

Case Against Subhas Adjourned

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6 (A.P.I.): The four-year-old case against Mr Subhas Chandra Bose, now reported to be dead, came up for hearing before the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day and was again adjourned for three months.

BOMBAY BADMINTON

Punjab Beat Bengal

In the two inter-provincial matches that were played on Friday Punjab won both very easily. Davinder accounted for Bose after conceding 11 points in the first game. But after he had warmed up, he had things his own way and Bose could do absolutely nothing right against Davinder. In the other match, the former All-India Champion Lewis made short work of Guha who was never comfortable against the wiles of Lewis.

In the most closely contested match of the evening Miss M. R. Vimadalal and Madgaoker prevailed over Miss Nigudkar and Brayshay over the extra points in the third game. The ultimate winners won the first game with comparative ease but in the next they were forced to fight all the way. The decider found both making a supreme bid and with fortune fluctuating the extra points had to be resorted to, to determine the issue of the match.

The following were the results: Shopardikar beat M. P. Desai 15-1 15-3; T. N. Seth beat Shunns 15-1 15-1; Prakash Nath beat Talyarkhan 15-3, 15-4; Lewis beat Guha 15-3, 15-6;

Cricket:

Australians Recover After Poor Start

MADRAS, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.)—In the third and last unofficial Test between the Australian Services Eleven and an Indian Eleven which commenced here this morning the Australians batting first had made 315 for 7 at close of play. The visitors began losing a wicket before a run had been scored and at one stage their total was 103 for five wickets. Indian bowlers especially Banerjee. Hazare and Sarwate were on top in the pre-lunch period. Hassett and Pepper batting with superb confidence thereafter pulled the game round and at tea time they were unseparated with 95 and 63 respectively.

The sixth wicket stand between Hasset and Pepper put on 181 runs in 150 minutes. The Australians closed the day with a total of 315 for 7 wickets. Hasset scored his fourth century of the tour and his first in the unofficial 'Tests' remained not out with 133 at close of play. He has so far been batting for nearly three hours and has given no chance. Pepper who scored 87 gave two chances. Sarwate has so far taken three wickets for 92 runs.

Score:

AUSTRALIAN SERVICES XI
(First Innings)

D. K. Carmody, b Bannerjee	0
R. S. Whitington, c Bannerjee, b Sarwate	33
J. Pettiford, c Modi, b Hazare	12
C. F. T. Price, b Sarwate	25
A. L. Hassett, not out	133
K. R. Miller, c Maka, b Bannerjee	2
C. G. Pepper, l.b.w. b C. S. Nayudu	87
D. R. Cristofani, b Sarwate	5
E. A. Williams not out	1
Extras	17
Total (for 7 wickets)	315

FALL OF WICKETS:—1/0; 2/21; 3/71; 4/76; 5/103; 6/284; 7/313.

SUSPECT IN BREACH OF TRUST CASE ARRESTED

Suspected of being involved in a case of criminal breach of trust in respect of five bales of cloth collectively valued at Rs. 3,500 Panachand Odhavji was put up before Mr. P. D. Kanga, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade, today. He was ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 5,000.

It was alleged by the police that Panachand with the help of a cooke who is still absconding had sold the goods to one Abbasbhai Hatim.

Davinder beat Bose 15-11, 15-4; Miss Chinoy and Lotwala beat Miss Wagle and Shirka 15-3, 15-12; Miss M. R. Vimadalal and Madgaokar beat Miss Nigudkar and Brayshay 15-7, 10-15, 17-14.

The following are today's matches:

CENTRE COURT: SEMI-FINALS:

4 p.m. Davinder Mohan v. R. D. Desai, 4-30 p.m. G. Lewis v. Prakash Nath 5 p.m. Mrs. R. Soman and Miss N. Wagle v. Miss Suman Deodhar and Miss Sunder Deodhar, 5-30 p.m. Miss M. R. Chinoy and Miss P. Talyarkhan v. Mrs. G. Lewis and Miss P. Anand, 6 p.m. Ramchandra v. L. G. Salve, 6-30 p.m. Miss Sunder Deodhar and Davinder v. Miss M. R. Vimadalal and V. A. Madgavkar, 7 p.m. Miss M. R. Chinoy and K. R. Lotwalla v. Miss Suman Deodhar and Prakash Nath, 7-30 p.m. Popatlal v. Pandurang. 8 p.m. Inter-Provincial Semi-finals: Delhi v. Bombay (Two Singles only).

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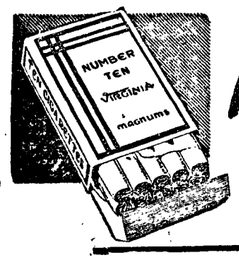
RITA HAIR TONIC

Overture to friendship

Admittedly waiting in queues has become a part and parcel of our wartime life—even when it's a question of buying cinema tickets. The prospect of a long wait, however, isn't exactly enjoyable. Then after lighting your favourite cigarette: Virginia No. 10: on an impulse you offer one to the man waiting next to you. It immediately serves as a link of fellow-feeling, you talk over this and that, and the weary wait turns out to be a pleasant interlude of friendliness.



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RESIDENTIAL QUALIFICATION TO BE VOTER

Question Raised In Commons About Claims Of Those Who Were In Prison

LONDON Dec. 7. (Reuter): The House of Commons had an unexpected debate on the Indian elections late last night.

One of the main points was the assurance by the Under Secretary for India, Mr. Arthur Henderson (Labour) that the policy of progressive release of detenus would be continued as rapidly as conditions in India would permit.

The debate was started by Major W. L. Wyatt (Labour) who has served in India. He said the elections in India might result in a constitution-making body, which would settle the country's whole future once and for all.

The elections might be last—he hoped they would be—ever held in India under British jurisdiction. It was most important for future relations between this country and India that Indians should at this time have relied in the good faith of the intentions of Government.

Already in India things had been said which indicated that many Indian leaders felt this Labour Government was not different from the Conservative Government.

There were still detained in India several thousand political detenus. It was time there was a clear decisive statement about what was to be done with them. They should either be released or tried because it was against the traditions of this country to detain people indefinitely in prison without trial.

He appreciated that many of these detenus could be classified by the authorities as terrorists. If the authorities had reasonable ground to suppose some of them were terrorists, they should either try them now or announce a date—after the election if they thought it too dangerous to let them out now—so that they might be tried.

He understood that in the past, instructions had been given that names of political detenus should be removed from the voters' list, if in the current year they had not the necessary 120 days residential qualification.

He asked that disability should be removed. At the same time if they were not in the voters' list they could not be candidates. That disability also should be removed.

Governors should be instructed to use their discretion they were allowed under the Government of India Act to permit people who had been convicted of any offence and had served a term of imprisonment of two years—and five years had not yet run since the end of their imprisonment—to stand as candidates.

Reports of Government officials taking sides in the Punjab elections assumed considerable importance. The Unionist Party, which was in power there, was very friendly to Britain, and wished probably more than any other party that Indian nationalism should never be achieved. It might be more convenient for Britain or for Government administration in the Punjab to see that the Unionist Party was again returned at the election, because if it was not returned a certain amount of instability must follow.

PUNJAB, THE TEST

With the possible exception of Bengal, the elections in the Punjab would be most important of all provincial elections. It was in the Punjab that the issue whether or not the Muslim League could press its claim to Pakistan could be decided.

There should be no possible suspicion that the elections in the Punjab were not free

HENDERSON'S REPLY

In the course of his speech, Mr. Henderson declared that the Government of India had followed a liberal policy in regard to the elections to Central and Provincial Legislatures and Disqualifications resulting from convictions arising out of political offences were being removed on application in all cases where the offence had not involved violence or where the disqualification was not on account of corrupt practices at elections.

Mr. Henderson said:

THE CASE OF MADRAS

"The presidential qualification, as laid down for Madras in the Sixth Schedule in the 1935 Act is that a person must have resided in a House in the constituency for a period of not less than 120 days in the previous financial year. The Madras Government has received legal advice that a person confined in jail within the constituency for more than 245 days in the previous financial year cannot be said to have fulfilled the residential qualifications as he has not resided in a house in the constituency.

"There is, however, some doubt whether this legal advice is correct and further inquiries are being made. Meanwhile, arrangements have been made for the last date for filing claims for inclusion in electoral rolls. This will enable persons affected by the previous decision to be included in the electoral rolls if this is found to be permissible."

Mr. Henderson said he agreed with what Earl Winterton had said about the undesirability of interfering with the detailed arrangements that might be made in any province, especially such as the Punjab, which had a Ministerial Government and has shown great stability during the past few years. His Majesty's Government would be very reluctant to interfere with detailed arrangements for election.

CASEY'S ASSURANCE TO CONGRESS LEADERS

(Continued From Page 1)

attitude, he was in a position to assure the Indian public that His Majesty's Government were in dead earnest about settling the Indian question once and for all as quickly as possible, after the elections in India are over. There was no question of His Majesty's Government adopting delaying tactics, as had been suggested in certain quarters. His Majesty's Government were anxious to create a peaceful and cordial atmosphere in India in which alone important political questions could be settled. He, therefore, asked the Congress leaders to help in creating the proper atmosphere in the country.

"NO EVIDENCE OF MUTUAL TRUST"

It was pointed out on behalf of the Congress by the Congress spokesman that the Congres had already demonstrated, its willingness to co-operate with the British Government and the Congress was all for creating a peaceful and cordial atmosphere in the country. But the British Government's attitude towards the Congress remained unchanged, though the Government itself in England had changed. What was now required was tangible proof of British Government's 'bonafides' and real intentions. The Congres spokesman is stated to have further pointed out that just as the British Government expected the Congress to trust them, the Congress equally desired that the British Government should show proof of their trusting the Congress. Trust could not be one-sided. It had to be mutual. There was no evidence of such mutual trust, because the change of Government in England had not been reflected in the attitude of Central and Provincial Governments in India towards the Congress.

The Congress President, it is understood referred to the non-release of several political prisoners in spite of repeated requests and the continued ban on certain political organisations and restrictions on meetings and processions. The Congress President is stated to have pointed out that this attitude of the Central and Provincial Governmens in India could not be regarded as helpful to create a calm and peaceful atmosphere in the country.

CASEY'S ASSURANCE

The Bengal Governor it is further learnt, assured the Congress leaders that with a little effort on both sides, mutual trust could be created. He asked the Congress President to let him have a list of the Bengal prisoners still in detention and he would review their cases. It is understood that following this suggestion of the Bengal Governor, the Congress President is writing a letter to the Bengal Governor, pointing out the cases of prisoners whose release is overdue.

"CORDIAL & FRANK TALKS"

This evening's talks between the Bengal Governor and the three Congress leaders were very cordial and frank. Both sides are reported to have made their respective viewpoints clear and unambiguous.

It is not yet known whether there will be a further meeting between Mr. Casey and the three Congress Leaders. While one of the Congress Leaders said that there was not likely to be a further meeting, the possibility of a further meeting, after the Wavell-Gandhi meeting and the possible meeting between Lord Wavell and the Congress President, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, is not altogether ruled out. Congress circles indicated tonight that everything would now depend upon the Wavell-Gandhi meeting on Monday.

OPTIMISTIC OUTLOOK

A feeling of optimism was noticeable in the Congress camp tonight after the conclusion of the Casey-Congress leaders meeting. A prominent Congress leader pointed out tonight that these political pourparlers in Calcutta between the Congress leaders and the British Government's representatives might lead to a closer understanding between the Congress and the Government.

A report of what transpires at tonight's meeting between Mr. Casey and the three Congress leaders was conveyed to Mahatma Gandhi immediately after the return of the Congress leaders to their headquarters.

SESSION MAY BE PROLONGED

The Congress President will report to the Congress Working Committee tomorrow morning when it resumes its sitting, the trend of this evenings discussions with the Bengal Governor. The Committee is already in possession of what transpired between Mahatma Gandhi and the Bengal Governor during their recent meetings.

The committee did not do much substantial work today except hearing from Mahatma Gandhi direct an account of his discussions with the Bengal Governor. Mahatma Gandhi will attend the meeting of the committee tomorrow afternoon.

Congress leaders are feeling that in view of these unexpected political developments the three-day meeting proposed for the Working Committee may be prolonged and that the Committee may not finish its session till Tuesday or Wednesday next.

CONGRESS LEADERS MEET CASEY

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7. (A.P.I.) The Congress President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad accompanied by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel aid Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, left for Government House at 5-45 p.m. to meet the Bengal Governor, Mr. R. G. Casey.

Just before six p.m (Bengal Time), the Congress leaders arrived at Government House. They were received by the Private Secretary to the Governor and shown into the Governor's study, where the leaders are meeting His Excellency jointly.

The leaders were with His Excellency till 7/45 p.m Bengal Time, when hey left. The crowd outside Government House was still waiting for them and greeted them enthusiastically as they passed through

Publicity Director's Press Note

A press note on the meeting of the Congress leaders with His Excellency has been issued by the Director of Publicity, Bengal. It says:—

"His Excellency the Governor of Bengal the Rt Hon. R. G. Casey had a meeting this evening at Government House with the president of the Congress, Maulana Abul Kalam Aazd, Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

"The meeting lasted about two hours during which His Excellency had a very friendly discussion with the three Congress leaders."

British Mission To India

Labour Back-Benchers Sceptical Of Success

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, December 7.

It is now expected that the Parliamentary Delegation to India will consist of about 15 members, instead of eight as originally planned by Government. They would be chosen roughly on a proportional basis, that is, eight Socialists, four Tories, two Liberals, and one Independent. It is practically certain that Government would drop its proposal for the selection of the Delegation by the Empire Parliamentary Association.

It is likely that the Speaker will choose the Delegation after consultations with Party Whips. The Mission will reach India by Christmas and return to London in March.

Labour Backbenchers strongly feel that, as Government has to implement the policy based on the Blackpool resolution of the Labour Party and, as it is responsible for the good Government of India, the Mission should have been a pure and simple Governmental Delegation

These Backbenchers are now sceptical of its success in view of the conflicting elements forming the personnel of the Delegation. There is also uneasiness about the terms of reference which, I am told, will be "the most complicated".

CANADIAN ARMS FOR DUTCH ARMY

New Divisions Being Equipped For Immediate Service In Java

AMSTERDAM, Dec. 7 (Reuter).—The Dutch are equipping four divisions with Canadian army equipment for immediate service in the East Indies, the Netherlands News Agency reports.

Canadian Army Headquarters announced the sale of equipment of 11,000,000 dollars (about Rs. 3,60,00,000) worth of army equipment to European Governments, the Dutch being the chief buyers.

They have bought 1,500 lorries and other material and negotiations are taking place in Ottawa for the purchase of tanks and field artillery worth 5,000,000 dollars (about Rs. 1,60,00,000). The purchase includes 44 tanks now in Britain, 170 anti-tank guns, 26,000 Sten guns, 3,000 Brens, 42,000 rifles and bayonets and 1,200 mortars, the report said.

"A mammoth base ordnance depot" for equipment at Bordon, Hampshire, has been sold by Canada to the Netherlands Government for 500,000 dollars (about Rs. 16,00,000) together with two workshops in Antverp with full equipment, it was stated.

Four Adjournment Motions For Central Assembly

Ranga To Raise Debate On Use Of Indian Troops In Indonesia And I. N. A. Trials

NEW DELHI, December 7, (API): Prof. N. G. Ranga M L A (Central), has given notice of four adjournment motions for the Budget Session of the Central Assembly, seeking to discuss matters relating to the use of Indian troops in Indonesia and the trial of Indian National Army officers.

Three motions seek to discuss "the using of Indian troops in the bombardment of Nov 10 and succeeding days of 1945 of Sourabaya on the expiry of the ultimatum given by Gen. Eric Mansargh to the Indonesians

"The sending of Indian troops to Indonesia to aid the British in their operations against the Indonesian struggle for independence after the war with Japan had been declared to be at an end" and "the failure of the Government of India to refuse to cooperate with the British Government in their violent operations in Indonesia and Indo-China even after the war with Japan was over."

The fourth motion seeks to raise discussion on "the institution of the trial or some of the Indian National Army officers after the emergency of the war is over and ascertaining the opinion of the House."

League Candidates For Punjab Assembly

LAHORE, Dec. 6. (A.P.I.)

The Punjab Provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board has announced the following names of five more candidates who have been awarded the Muslim League ticket:—

1. OKARA—Mian Abdul Haq.
2. MUZZAFARGARH (NORTH):—Mohammad Ghulam Jilani Gurmani.
3. MONTGOMERY:—Malik Bhawal Shah Langrial.
4. BATALA:—Khan Saifullah Khan.
5. ATTOCK (SOUTH): Mohammad Yusuf.

The Parliamentary Board is again meeting tomorrow to announce the remaining Muslim League nominees. So far the total number of names announced is 72

It has been also learnt that the Central Parliamentary Board of the Muslim League will reach Lahore on December 6 and hold meeting on December 9 and 10.

LEAGUE LEADER THREATENS IRON & BLOOD POLICY

SHAHJEHANPUR, Dec. 7. (O.P.I.): "If Pakistan is not achieved by the course we are following we might resort to another method. We might even be forced to pursue a policy of blood and iron to achieve our cherished goal", thus observed Nawab Ismail Khan, Chairman the Committee of Action, All-India Muslim League, while addressing a mammoth gathering of Muslims here.

SULPHATE OF ALUMINA

NEW DELHI Dec. 7 (API.) The Sulphate of alumina Control Order 1943 is being withdrawn, says a Press Note.

THREE ATTEMPTS ON SUBHAS' LIFE

Lucky Escapes During His Stay In Malaya And Burma

POONA, Dec. 7 (UPI): Three attempts were made on the life of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose it is learnt here, during his stay in Malaya and Burma as the head of the Azad Hind Provisional Government but every time he escaped unhurt.

About fifteen hundred Mahrattas had joined the Azad Hind Fouj and about four hundred of them were in officers cadre. Besides Col. Bhonsale, Capt. Balshikar from the Khandesh District was the senior officer of the I.N.A.

A large number of Mahratta personnel of the I.N.A. at present are detained in the Red Fort in Delhi for interrogation. It is understood the authorities have not yet taken any final decision about their trial and a few of the Mahratta soldiers of the I.N.A. have been let off and they now have gone to their places after reporting to the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee.

Some Maharatta girls in Malaya and Burma had also joined Captain Luxmi's Rani of Jhansi Brigade.

Calcutta Arranges Gigantic Rally For I. N. A. Week

CALCUTTA, Dec. 7 (A.P.I.): A gigantic portrait of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, 16 feet by 12, dressed a Commander-in-Chief of the Azad Hind Fouj, will be prominently set up on the top of the rostrum at the inaugural meeting of I.N.A. Week at Deepriya Park to-morrow.

This and other arrangements for the meeting, which promises to be one of the biggest held in recent years in Calcutta, were described to pressmen by the Secretaries of the I.N.A. Relief Committee.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose will preside over the meeting, and the only other speakers will be Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Pandit Jawahar lal Nehru.

About 2,000 volunteers will be on duty at the Park. The Park will be flood-lit and there will be first aid posts with doctors, nurses and medical attendants on duty.

Collections to the I.N.A. Relief Fund, Bengal, till yesterday afternoon, amount to Rs. 1,25,000.

Mammoth Demonstration In Ratnagiri

RATNAGIRI, Dec. 6 (A.P.I.): Scenes of enthusiasm were witnessed in Ratnagiri last Monday which was observed by citizens as the Indian Army Day."

A mammoth procession of Hindus and Muslims went round the main parts of the town with slogans of "Advance Towards Delhi", "Jai Hind", etc., with the flags of Congress, Hindu Mahasabha and the Muslim League waving at the head of the procession.

A complete Hartal was observed in the city, all educational institutions were closed. A meeting was held in the evening under the Presidentship of Mr. Hassan J. Dhanji, the Vice-President of the Ratnagiri Municipal Borough and the local leader of the Muslim League and was addressed by Mr. M. G. Shinde, Vice-President Local Hindu Sabha, two college students and three members of the local Bar viz. Mr. M. A. Dingankar (Muslim League), Mr. S. G. Bhide (Hindu Sabha) and Mr. M. D. Joshi (Congress).

The local students organization collected I.N.A. Fund.

All the shops including the smallest tea-stalls and bidi-shops remained closed throughout the day as well as the only cinema house in the town

AMERICAN DECORATION FOR BRITISH OFFICER

POONA, Dec. 5: A remarkable tribute to a British Officer for meritorious service o the United States forces at the time the North African Expeditionary Force was being equipped in the U. K. was paid at a ceremony at "A" Vehicle Depot Kirkee, when the Officer was decorated with the American Order of Merit (Bronze Star Medal).

The officer is Major David Bryson, I.A.O.C.: now Deputy Chief Ordnance Officer at H. Q. Kirkee Vehicles Depot, and he was presented with the Order by Major-General R. S. Lewis, O.B.E. Director of Ordnance Services.

In the citation, which was read by Major-General Lewis Major Bryson was said to have rendered meritorious service in connection with military operations as Park Commander, Vehicle Part for United States Vehicles in the United Kingdom from October to December 1942.

A ceremonial parade in which men of the Kirkee Vehicle Depot took part, followed at which Major-General Lewis took the salute.

Arrested For Alleged Cheating

Posing as a Telephone Inspector R. G. Dhairyawan it is alleged, induced R. N. Joshi to part with a bearer cheque drawn in his favour on the Punjab National Bank Limited, on a promise to procure a new telephone for his office at Khetwadi. The cheque was cashed the same day, but Dhairyawan was nowhere to be found thereafter. On a complaint filed by Joshi he was arrested by the C.I.D. on Thursday.

Applying for the remand in custody of the accused before Mr. F. D. Kanga, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade, the police alleged that Dhairyawan had formerly a similar offence to his credit. He was ordered to be enlarged on bail in the sum of Rs 600.

Assault On Postman Alleged

On the allegation that he had assaulted a postman R. C. Nichani was arrested by the police. He was released on bail at the Esplanade Police Court today.

OVERHEARD IN A BUS!

1st PASSENGER: "I was lucky to have got a seat on this bus!"

2nd PASSENGER: "You were lucky—but why don't you get in at the stop before the terminus and thus reserve a seat?"

1st PASSENGER: "But isn't that unfair?"

2nd PASSENGER: "Unfair?... to whom?"

1st PASSENGER: "To all those waiting in a queue at the Terminus".

2nd PASSENGER: "How's that?" "Suppose one is in a hurry or wants to get home quickly?"

1st PASSENGER: "You might be in a hurry—but so are all of us—besides it is a travelling regulation to vacate a bus at a terminus—or if you wish to continue your journey to get down and take your place in the queue".

2nd PASSENGER: "What—is it a B.E.S.T. Regulation?"

1st PASSENGER: "No—it is the "Law" for which you can be fined anything upto Rs. 20/-—besides YOU would not like to be deprived of a seat if you were in the queue. Well it is only natural and fair to observe the same spirit towards others!"

2nd PASSENGER: "Well I never looked at it in that light before. I thought I was being smart in getting on a stop before—nor did I know the regulations!"

1st PASSENGER: "No body likes regulations but obviously this one is made in the interests of passengers as they are assured a seat strictly in turn, which is only fair."

BYE-LAW:—Rule 85A: Additional provisions relating to conduct of passengers and other persons in omnibuses operating in the City of Bombay:—

No passenger shall travel in an omnibus beyond the destination to which the fare he has paid entitles him to travel without informing and paying to the conductor the legal fare for the additional journey. Every passenger shall, when so required, get off the omnibus in which he is travelling at the terminus of the route for which it is booked.

DJK 4890

NOBILITY MUST FOSTER STUDY OF HISTORY

Osmania Needs Chair For Deccan History

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, (By Mail):

The Osmania University emphasises the study of Deccan History by devoting a special paper to the Subject in its curriculum for graduation, but one would like to see even more of this and to urge the establishment of a special Chair of Deccan History may be made possible by generous endowments from our nobles whose associations with that history have been so intimate and rich.

The ancestors of Hyderabad nobles had once inspired the writing of the Hadiqat-ul-Alam and the Tarikh-e-Rasheeduddin Khani, their varied interests resulted in the establishment of an Observatory in Hyderabad and one of them.

It is but right to expect of their descendants that they will collectively endow, a Chair designed to recall a legacy to which their own houses had once made distinguished contributions.

The history of the Deccan is a legacy the variety of which itself speaks the diversity of its sources. The continuity of its evolution endows it with a community of interest shared alike by different races

In its associations with the great scenes of the Ramayana and the Mahabharatha in its having been the abode of the earliest writers of Maharashtra and the great poets of the language of Kannada in the fact of its having housed the Andhra Nagari of ancient times in its expression in colour and symbolism in form on the rocks of Ajanta and Ellora, and again in its noble ruins of the Madrasah of Mahmud Gawan at Bidar and the library of Malik Amber at Aurangabad, in the great dams of recent times constructed to contain reserves of water for the peasant and in architecture such as you find in this building harmonising the concepts of the two great cultures which have found one home in all these and many more Hyderabad has common objects of pride and the resulting heritage belongs to one and all of us equally.

Ahmedabad Workers Interview Ambedkar

(From A Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD (By Mail).

Labour Minister Dr Ambedkar was interviewed at Ahmedabad by Kaloi workers' deputation on 30th. Nov. regarding victimisation of 500 workers of Navjivan mill and severe repression by the Baroda State Police. Dr. Ambedkar advised the deputation to meet the Resident of the State and to report the situation to him through Mr. N. M Joshi the General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress.

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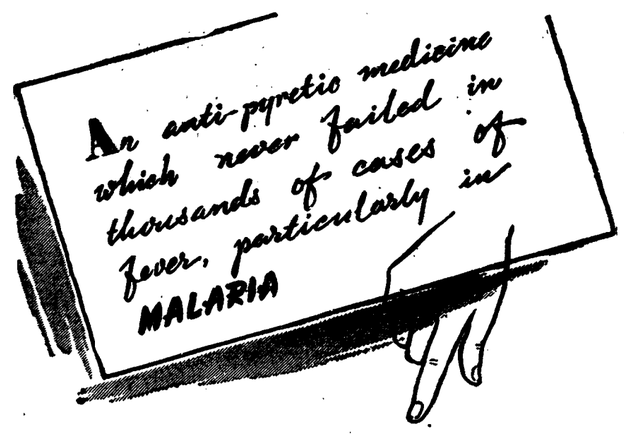

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Adhyaksha — Dr. Jogesh Chandra Ghosee, M.A., Ayurved-Sastri, F.C.S. (London), M.C.S. (America) Formerly Professor of Chemistry, Bhagalpur College.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Recent University Circulars

Although we are very grateful to the Vice-Chancellor, Sir B. J. Wadia for receiving two deputations last year and for taking personal interest in the affairs relating to the Matriculation Examination, I beg permission to bring to his notice through the medium of your Paper the great resentment felt by the Heads of Schools recognised by the University on account of the recent Circulars No. M 15, 19, 21 and 22 of 1945 issued by the University to them. I make an appeal to the University to amend them on the lines suggested as under:—

(a) As Circular No. M15 of 1945, interferes with the powers of the Governing bodies of schools to give any designation such as Principal, Headmasters, Superintendent to the heads of their schools as they deem fit, and whereas the said circular has unnecessarily created confusion and administrative difficulties the University should ask the Management of each recognised school to supply the name, designation and qualifications of the Head of its school for the purpose of Electoral Roll and for official correspondence with the University to avoid all confusion and difficulties enumerated in the Circular No. M 22 of 1945 and contradiction with the Circular No. M. 28 of 1944, clause 14 of O.156J.

(b) By asking the Heads of school under Circular No. M.19 of 1945 to again supply the abbreviated name, full name and number of the school together with a list of successful candidates with their full name, seat Nos., date of birth, languages and the Science group offered—all this information is filled in the Forms of Application submitted to the University, all the grace of accepting the work of filling in the certificates of successful candidates by the Office of the University as a result of our representations, is lost; I therefore, suggest that only a list of successful candidates with their seat No. should be supplied by every school within one month from the declaration of the Matriculation Examination Results, to facilitate the work of sorting out the certificates according to schools. To charge a fee for a copy of the certificate to a successful candidate if he requires it before the certificates are sent to schools for distribution is certainly a great injustice to students, as they are entitled to get the original under O.168. A fee of Rs. 5 should therefore only be charged for a certificate required by a successful candidate if the certificates are not ready and sent by the University before 31st Dec. for distribution.

I shall be highly obliged if the Members on the University Syndicate be pleased to consider above suggestions made by a person of 23 years' experience of school administration with sympathetic consideration and amend the circulars on the lines suggested above.

G. V. GADGIL,
Secretary,
Gokhale Education Society.
Bombay.

Petrol Rations

The informative letter from Mr. Patuck which you published the other day knocks the bottom out of the arguments of those who favour the maintenance of the existing control on petrol consumption in India. Motorists resent the continuance in peace-time of the restrictions which were introduced for emergency reasons during the war. If the authorities consider that the present conditions are not ripe for the withdrawal of the various controls on motoring, why don't they describe the particular conditions under which these controls would disappear. Motorists want to know the true reasons why the controls are continued.

Expansion of industry is not possible while transport remains inadequate. There should be freedom to send goods by the swiftest, most expedient and cheapest method and increased facilities for personal travel such as only the motor car can provide which is also important in solving housing problems. As for recreative motoring, if it is still to be restricted, then horse-racing which necessitate petrol consumption should be banned. Why should we have discrimination between one form of relaxation and another that characterised the war years.

Bombay, Dec. 1. K. G. S.

Rationing In Bassein

The people of Bassein are so much put to troubles by the irregular supply of kerosene and sugar that they are quite at a loss to know when they will have to remain in perfect darkness and without sugar for a considerable long time. During the last fortnight that is from 1st November to 15th November we had to enquire every day whether kerosene was available in rationing shop. The stock reply of negation was there. 15th November passed and on 16th it was announced by the shop holders that the quota for the said fortnight was frozen and from the 16th they began to issue the quota for the next fortnight. I wonder what law on earth can justify the action. Actually I myself had to pass many nights in absolute darkness without light. Similar is the case with many others. Can the rationing authorities be pleased to explain the fallacy and oblige the people? Rationing is meant mainly to redress the difficulties of people but here we find that the people are put to serious trouble, without any satisfaction of having full quota at the proper time.

G. B. KHANOLKAR.
Bassein.

Library Survey Work

The survey of library conditions is an essential pre-requisite of any well-conceived and well-planned library service in the province, which is one day bound to come into existence. The Bombay Library Association may not, for want of funds, cover more than Bombay and suburbs; but it is now felt that a programme should be drawn up for regular survey work of a definite plan so as to cover at least one district every year. There are plans and there are men as well, but it is a work that involves considerable financial recources which the association may not have at its disposal. It is, therefore, felt that such work can only be done with Government help. It is, therefore, proposed that the whole matter be placed before the Government and the necessity of taking up the work be impressed upon the Government without any more delay. It is well and good if the Government take up the work on themselves; but if not, it may be insisted that the whole work should be done on recognised methods and, if possible, under the direction and guidance of the Bombay Library Association, which will always be too glad and eager to render any co-operation needed or in the alternative, the Government can use the Association for this purpose by a grant-in-aid of the scheme that can be made to the Association.

H. K. VYAS,
Member, Council of Indian Library Association.
Bombay.

Cotton Policy

There has been serious discontent that the floor prices for raw cotton fixed by Government are uneconomic and unfair to the farmer. This is further aggravated by the fact that there is a general complaint all over that this year owing to vagaries of weather the field outturn per acre is much below normal in most areas with the result that the nett return to the grower is possibly even below the minimum contemplated by the Government. It is reliably reported that the field out-turn per acre in Sind has been as low as only 5 to 6 maunds per acre against an average of 8 to 10 maunds per acre, before. Although present prices are not much above the bottom, it seems unfortunate that Government could think of or do nothing better than decide to dump their stocks on an unwilling market and in direct competition with the much exploited cotton grower, when he is just beginning to market his year's labour. This is all the more surprising because our Government likes to call itself the Friend of the Farmer and have amassed quite a large fortune running into millions out of the levy of extra import duty on foreign cotton for the ostensible purpose of helping the cotton grower in his distress. The only person to benefit by this strange somersault is the already bloated millowner, who will be able to benefit by the heavy discounts of old crop cotton, while his cloth prices are based on new crop cotton quotations, to the detriment of the cotton grower and the cloth consumer.

In sharp contrast with this almost suicidal policy is the constructive policy of the U.S.A. Government who have lost no time and are busy stimulating exports of their surplus cotton accumulated during the war by affording credits and shipping space and by even subsidising exports thereby serving the double purpose of getting rid of their unwanted stocks and giving timely relief to bleeding and starved Europe and even China and Japan.

Under the circumstances the least the Government can do is to defer jettisoning their stocks for a few months till more normal exports are possible and allow the cotton grower to market his goods without undue competition.

"FRIEND OF COTTON".
Bombay, Nov. 28.

Cocoanut Oil

Mr. Gokhale's letter occupying nearly six inches of space in your valued paper neither gives any information nor shows any tendency on the part of the Supply Department to improve the present method of distribution of cocoanut oil. In my letter I had said that the present arrangement is most unsatisfactory and inadequate, too. The gist of Mr. Gokhale's letter does not lead us anywhere beyond practically admitting the same.

It is true that Mr. Gokhale has to justify his existence by attending to complaints. But surely we do not expect him to merely repeat the original complaints, but expect from him to secure some sort of redress of the grievances complained of. Mr. Gokhale complains of rampant blackmarketing of controlled articles. Does it prove the efficiency of the Supply Department authorities? And why the innocent general public should be penalised for it? Mr. Gokhale also says that the present arrangement of distribution is in the interest of the public. We know enough of such phrases. Everything that the Government does, we are often told, is in our best interest. Will Mr. Gokhale prove that the distribution of an article which is most essential in every family to every individual in a city like Bombay which has a population of about over 20 lacs could at all be satisfactory through the agency of a few selected Government grain shops which, in the first place, are quite few in number and that too only on alternate days?

Mr. Gokhale should try to be more practical than being merely theoretical.

S. R. K.

Two Nation Theory

Your correspondent, (Mrs.) Rafia Sharif, M.A., has tried to prove two-nation theory in a letter to you published in your issue of 15th instant. She fails to convince that Mussalmans of India are a nation. In such affairs fair and frank criticism is permissible and is essential for progress.

As regards Malik Barkat Ali's rebuttal of Mr. Asaf Ali's latest contention against the much-discussed two-nation theory, Asaf Ali has replied to Barkat Ali. Asaf Ali has observed, "As an Indian Muslim it is my proud privilege to claim whole of India as my country." He does not go by the definition of nation given by Renan, the French philosopher, as does Malik Barkat Ali. He 'sees things with his own eyes and interprets them in the light of history....'

Savarkar and Gandhi are quoted to prove that Asaf Ali is opposing what has been conceded on all hands. What can be worse than this. Did Savarkar or any other Hindu Mahasabha leader accept two-nation theory as understood by the League? On the contrary they speak bluntly, "One man, vote one; united India; if Muslims do not listen we shall see to it." Are these slogans to prove two-nation theory?

Gandhiji never accepted that the Mussalmans of India are a nation Undoubtedly, there is a very great difference in his present attitude towards the Muslim League demand. Gandhiji has observed in his letter to Mr. Jinnah (Sept. 22, 1944), "I am unable to accept the proposition that the Muslims of India are a nation distinct from the rest of the inhabitants of India....Let it be a partition as between two brothers, if a division there must be." Again, he has made his position clear when he stated in his letter to Mr. Jinnah (Sept. 24, 1944), "I proceed on the assumption that India is not to be regarded as two or more nations but as one family consisting of many members of whom the Muslims living in the north-west zones, i.e. Baluchistan, Sind, North-West Frontier Province and that part of the Punjab where they are in absolute majority over all other elements and in parts of Bengal and Assam where they are in absolute majority, desire to live in separation from the rest of India." Those who think that Gandhiji has accepted two-nation theory as understood by the Muslim League may please note these observations of Gandhiji. One may do well to note that the definition of Pakistan recently given by Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan is quite different from what Gandhiji observes.

Moreover, this claim of two-nation theory does not fit in with history. Both Hindus and Muslims have claimed the whole of India as their own country. Even Malik Barkat Ali, an able member of the Muslim League in the Punjab, has observed in his address at Pakistan conference held on 19th July, 1939, "True that, ten years ago, we of the Muslim League were wedded to the ideal of united India and that we had laboured throughout for preserving the integrity and inviolability of India." Before this Savarkar had already found out his 'two-nation theory'! (Mrs. Rafia Sharif quoted Savarkar's speech given in 1937).

To-day Muslim masses are carried away by propaganda of a few leading men. The two-nation theory which they support is prejudicial to their own interests. The other day Dr. Syed Abdul Latif gave a timely warning when he spoke, "Anybody who has even superficially studied the question will realise that economically and from the standpoint of defence, Pakistan is an impossible issue and culturally it will break the Muslim community or nation—as Mr. Jinnah calls it—permanently into several divisions."

Let the educated Muslim youths think over this much-discussed two-nation theory and form the right judgment which is vitally important to India.

JAYANT V. DAVE.

Indian Plastics Industry

Indian plastics industry is starving without the moulding powders to turn out finished articles and hence is utterly unable to meet the needs of the needy in Indian market. The reason, as is stated by the suppliers, is shortage of labour, lack of sufficient machinery and other incidental manufacturing difficulties, in England. Besides, foreign manufacturers have to feed the U. K. market which does not leave any surplus.

I urge the Government of India to study the grave situation arising out of the scarcity of moulding powders and the consequent impending dangers and take up the matter with the U. K. authorities to ease the situation as early as possible in the interest of the industry, the consumer and the workers altogether, by getting allotted a particular percentage of the powders manufactured in U. K. for the Indian plastics industry till the normal times return and raw materials are freely available.

A. PADIA.
President, All-India Plastics Manufacturers' Association.

Indian Football

It is really a very awkward time that English footballers have come down to India, when the best of the Indian footballers have been perished for no fault of theirs. If they had come some ten years back and seen some of the Indian players playing against the crack military footballers, then they would have seen entirely different football and it would have been very difficult for their side to have easy victories on the Indian football grounds.

Now the football that is being played in India is a war quality foot ball as we have war qualities in so many things of our daily life.

I remember, few years back, the best of the Indian foot-ballers were employed by the Railways and private firms to play football for them. These foot-ballers were started on such meagre salaries that with great difficulties they could manage to live and play football. But due to war everything has suddenly changed and these foot-ballers of ours were compelled to give up the most beloved game of football.

Before war it was possible for a foot-baller to drink a quarter seer of milk at least in a week and half a dozen times mutton in a month. But now everything is impossible. A foot-baller with a great difficulty can manage to get a quarter seer of milk once in a month and the question of affording muttons cannot be dreamt of. How can one expect high standard of football from such an under-fed foot-baller?

I am really surprised to see that in these days the pet dogs are better fed than a poor foot-baller and there can be no comparison between a race horse and an Indian foot-baller. What a wonderful time and world that we are living in, where a man who is a foot-baller, is being treated worst than an ordinary dog and still people have the decency to say that the standard of Indian foot-ball has gone down.

Who is responsible for all these? Are the foot-ballers to be blamed? Then, who else Where have those star players gone? How is it that they have disappeared so soon? Can they come back and help in bringing the standard of Indian football up? Have they retired from this game as they could not play? Then what are the reasons for their early retirement? Are the foot-ballers treated elsewhere in the same manners as our Indian foot-ballers? If not, then why? Can the Indians play against the touring team which is expected to visit India early in next July? What arrangements have been made to bring the standard of Indian foot-ball up? And then who should do it?

I am quite confident that many foot-ballers, who have gone in retirement, out of compulsion, will simply rush to the football grounds to play their most beloved game, provided they are cared for, as the foot-ballers are cared for elsewhere and given some justification in their cause.

What a great pity that dogs and horses can be well-fed, but a poor Indian footballer, who thrills and entertains thousands of people every evening is allowed to be perished.

A. FOOTBALLER.

Maoh And Marve

Allow me through the medium of your widely circulated esteemed journal to point out that the question of continued military occupation of the above places for training centre is causing very great distress among the poor people belonging to those places. The people of Maoh and its neighbouring villages up to Marve have been sifted ever since the last war broke out by the Government, to Orlem (near Malad) etc. and have been deprived of their houses and landed property. The Government pays a small sum to these poor people which is not sufficient even to meet their both ends.

It is earnestly hoped that the Government of India and the Government of Bombay will give full weight in the interest of the public to what has been said here and in my correspondence to them.

PAUL PEREIRA (ORLEM)
ORLEM MALAD, December 5.

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HEAVY SELLING PRESSURE TELLS ON BULLION QUOTATIONS

Early Rise In Cotton Meets Long Liquidation

SHARE BAZAR

Bombay, Dec. 7.

The Share Bazar was very steady with replacement buying. Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 2557 and advanced to Rs. 2590, Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 465 and improved to Rs. 471, Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 2160 and hardened to Rs. 2177, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 661 and steadied at Rs. 665. The market was very steady.

MILL SHARES

BOMBAY Dec. 7.

Bombay Dyeing XD 2176/4 Century 930 Nagpur 426 Swadeshi 630 New Great 423/8 Simplex 331/8 Kohinoor 665 Colaba 271 Gokak 321 Phoenix 782/8 Mysore 300 Indian Bleaching 208 Swan 350 Finlay 318 Morarjee 785 Indore 770 Edward Sassoon 755

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 471/8 Steel Dfds 2590

ELECTRIC

Tata Hydro 214/8 Andhra 1835 Tata Power 1962/8 Tram Ord 150/12

CEMENT

Associated Merger 235/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 582/8 Alcock 447/8 Bellapur 236 Shivrajpur 59 Steamer Ord 635 Scindia 39/2 Construction 223

CASH SECTION

MILLS: Apollo 4/7 Elphinstone 85/8 I U Ord 16/4 Defd 3/2/6 Indian Mfg 3580 Kurla 286/14 Khatau 343/12 Dawn 1225 David 1280 New City 415 Minerva 245 Bradbury 390 Bharucha Dfds 12 Bharat 67 Madhavji 20/8 Model 271/4 Laxmi Cotton 1560 Vishnu Cotton 532/8 Western 3595 Standard 505 Sholapur 7115 Sassoon Cotton 24/12 Hindustan 3700 Meyer Sassoon 210 Tata Mills 74 Ahd. Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 95 New Union 26/4 Poddar 360 Madhusudan 503/12 New 92 Shri Nivas 403/12 Raja Bahadur Poona 127/8 Berar 335

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 199/6 New 170 Surat 262/8 Surat New Premium 132/8 Karachi 237/8 Broach 12/12 Ajmer 14/9 Amalgamated 18/14/6 Jalgaon 11/9 Nagpur 51 Poona 285 Bombay Suburban 245 New Premium 100

BANKS

Reserve 155/8 Imperial 2422/8 P P 600 Central 98/8 India 224 Union 11/2 Baroda 163 Habib 84 International 50 A B C 44 Dena Bank 67 United 90 Jaipur 73/4 Hindustan 56 National Savings F P 72 P P 40 Mysore 383 Exchange 58 Eastern 106

INSURANCE

Oriental 6775 Empire 1232/8 New India 91 Jupiter 37/12 Vulcan 18/4 Indian Mercantile 70 Universal 15/6 Vasant 25/6 Br. I. Gen. 29/3 Ind. Prud 51/8 Neptune 11/8

RAILWAYS

Ah. Prantij 707/8 C.P. 111 Mymensing Reb 116/4 Guaranteed 115 Mandra Bhon 110/8 Sara Sirajganj 116/4 Sialkot 117/8 New 54 Pachora 92/8 Hoshiarpur 117/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Burma New 201/4 Burma Petrol 5/14 Tata Oil 81/8 Mackenzie 148/12 Port Canning 111 Kemp 616/4 Zandu 215 Indian Radio Ord 391/4 B 380 Dia 425 Indian Investment Trust 128 Wimco 357/8 Tata Chemical 17/6 Dharamsi Chemical 36/8 Mukund Iron 14/11 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 322/8 Supreme Industries 230 Jam Wire 134 Bombay Uganda 81 Bombay Cycle 38/8 Indian Cement (1937) 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 705

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel 1st 229/6 Tata Steel Second 168/8 Tram 71 Andhra 1600 Tata Power 1700 Hydro 166/4 Bombay Steam 352/8 Nagpur 726/4 Vishnu 780 Laxmi 302/8 New Great 251/4 Poddar 117 Shri Nivas 101 Elphinstone 135 Bradbury 522/8 Surat Elec 215 Premier Construction First 135 Premier Construction Second 135/8 Amalgamated 153/12 Tata Chemical 122/8 Walchand Nagar Industries 283/12

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Iron and Steel 46/14 Bengal Steel 41/14 Indian Copper 4/1 B I C 8/8 Burma Corporation 7/3 New Victoria Mill 6/8 New Victoria Pref. 10/12 Cawnpore Tex 13/4 Raja Tex 64 Phalton 160 Gold Mohar 355 New Kaiser Hind 2575 Sajjan Mills 420 Osmanshahi 360 Ajamshahi 660

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 7.

The bullion market was fairly steady with moderate professional support. Forward gold opened at Rs. 32/8 and after advancing to Rs. 33/8 steadied at Rs. 33. Forward silver opened at Rs. 133/4 and after advancing to Rs. 133/12 steadied at Rs. 133/8.

Later on there was heavy selling and the market registered a sharp decline. However it is feared that short interest is increasing and makes market position healthy closing quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	133	4	0
Forward Silver	133	4	0
Ready Gold	82	2	6
Forward Gold	82	4	0
Sovereigns	57	4	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 7.

The local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 428 and improved to Rs. 430/8 and reacted at Rs. 427. Later on the market was steady at Rs. 428/8.

Professional operators were found selling on the rise and January declined to Rs. 426 but there was moderate support and January was quoted at Rs. 427/8. The market again weakened to Rs. 424/12 and finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

BOMBAY, Dec. 7

MILLS

Ahmedabad Advance 458/12 60
Apollo 4/7/6 4/7
Bharat 67/4 67/8 66/8 67
Bharucha 12 12/2 12
B. Dyeing 2150 62/8 55 58/12 56/4 71/4 67/8 77/8 70 80 76/4
Bradbury (Ord) 390
Central India (Ord) 425 27 24 26/8 25 26/8 25/8 26
Central India (Pref) 732/8
Century 925 30
Colaba 268 70/8 68 71
Edward 750 55
Elphinstone (Ord) 85 84 85 84/8 85/8
Elphinstone (Pref) 135
Finlay 315 17 14/8 16
Gokak 314 18 17 20 19 21
Kohinoor 658 62 59 61 58/8 64/8 62 66 64 66 65
India United Defd 3/1/6 3/2 3/1/3 3/3 3/2 3/2/6
India United Ord 16 16/2 16/0/6 16/8 16/3/6 16/4
Indore 762/8 66/4 63/12 70
Luxmi (1545)
Madhavji 20
Meyer 210
Model (271/4)
Minerva 245
Mysore 300
New City 415
New Great 421 22 20 23/8
Phoenix (780)
Sholapur 7115
Simplex 326/8 29 28/8 31 30 32/8 31 32 31/8
Swadeshi 620 24/8 21 27/6 26 30/8 30
Swan 349 47 50
Tata Mills 74/8 74
Vishnu 533/12 32/8

BANKS

Baroda 164 64/8 63
Central 97/8 97 96/8
Habib 84
Imperial (Old) 2422/2
Imperial (New) 600
India 224
Reserve 156 55 55/8
Union 11/2 11 11/2

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad (198/12)
Andhra Valley (Ord) 1835
Tram (Ord) 151/4 50/4 50/12
Tram (Pref) 71
B. Suburban 245
Karachi 237/8
Hydro (Ord) 214 14/8
Power (Ord) 1965 62/8

INSURANCE

British India 29/8 29/4 29/8
Jupiter (37/4)
New India 91/4 90/8 91/4 91
Vulcan 18/4
Scindia 38/10 38/7 39/2
Jam Wire 134
Bengal Steel 41/4 41/14
Indian Iron 46 46/14
Tata Steel Defd 2550 75 60 65 60 70 65 80 75 87/8 75 90
Tata Steel Ord 465 69 67 68 67 70/8 69 71/8
Tata Steel 1st Pref 228 27/8 29/6
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (168/12)

MISCELLANEOUS COS

A Cement 234/8 34 35 34/8 35/8 35 35/8
Belapur 235 34/8 37 36
Burma (Old) 575 85 77/8 67/6 82/8 85 82/8
Burma (New) 202/8 200 201/4
B. B. Petrol 5/9 5/10
Dena Invest. (25/2)
I. Bleaching 210 7 9 8
Port Canning 111
P. Construction 222 21 24 23
Shivrajpur 58 59
Tata Chemical (Ord) 1"/6
Tata Chemical (Pref) 122/8
Tata Oil 82 81/8 82 81/8
Walchandnagar 705
Western India 355 57/8
Coorla Mills 236/4

I. C. C. January	425	8	0
I. C. C. March	434	12	0
I. C. C. May	443	12	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY Dec. 6.

I.C.C. Jan. Highest 428 1/2. Lowest 420, Closing at 5.30 p.m. 428.1/4.
I.C.C. March Highest 437. Lowest 430. Closing at 5.30 p.m. 436.1/2.
I.C.C. May Highest 447 Lowest 441 Closing at 5.30 p.m. 445.1/4.
Karachi 4F Jan. Highest 44/9/0 Lowest 44/4/6. Closing at 5.30 p.m 44/7/9.

COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 790 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

POSITION OF SCHEDULED BANKS

Statement of the position of scheduled banks as at the close of business on the 30th November.

Demand Liabilities in India	673,73,85,000
Time Liabilities in India	273,15,24,000
Cash in India:	
(i) Currency Notes of the Government of India and Bank Notes	33,09,32,000
(ii) Rupee Coin	2,45,52,000
(iii) Subsidiary Coin	78,08,000
Balances with Reserve Bank	84,32,25,000
Advances in India	271,33,29,000
Bills discounted in India	17,68,42,000

DENA BANK.

OPENING OF BROACH BRANCH.

Devkaran Nanjee Banking Co. Ltd., are opening a Branch of their Bank at Broach on Friday the 14th inst.

Seth Chinubhai Haridas Achratlal B.A., has kindly consented to perform the Opening Ceremony.

Dena Bank will now have 44 Branches

CALICUT QUOTATIONS.

CALICUT Dec. 7.

Cocoanuts Raw 120, Dry 120, Cocoanutoil 480, Copra Office 310, Dilpasand 325, Madrasnottam 330, Goodgooda 330, Pepper Wynaad 390, Country 385, Dryginger Chernad 330, Ernad 325, Coffee Robusta 90.

Wall Street Steady On Better Business Prospects

COTTON IRREGULAR AWAITING BRITISH BUYING

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.

Wall Street opened irregularly higher and active. Buying of steels, motors, and aircrafts and rails put prices from fractions to one point higher with overall averages reaching for another fifteen years peak hopes for settlements of strikes were reviewed and the trend was stimulated by an agreement of general motors and union leaders while cost of living figures strengthened inflation psychology as a bullish argument. Led by steels, motors advanced half a point but towards the closing were trimmed by profittaking. Dividend earnings and brightening business prospects contributed to the cheerfulness. The session closed firm.

American telephone 190-3/8 (190-5/8), Amarex Corpn 37 (37-1/8), Anaconda Copper 46-5/8 (46-5/8), Chase National 45 (45-1/8), Consolidated Oil 20-3/4 (20-5/8), Firestone Tyre 70-1/8 (69), General Electric 47-5/8 (47-1/4), General Motors 76-5/8 (75-1/8), Ingersol Rand 126-1/2 (129-1/4), International Nickel 38-3/4 (38-3/8), National City Bank 48-1/8 (48-3/8), New York Central 31-1/4 (31-1/4), Socony Vacuum Corpn 17-7/8 (17-3/8), Texas Corpn 59 (59), Union Carbon 100-3/4 (101-1/4), U. S. Smelting 74-1/2 (74-1/4), U. S. Steel Corpn 83-5/8 (82-1/4), Western Union telegraph 53-5/8 (54).

COTTON IRREGULAR

New York Cotton Market opened steady on early support for position other than December mostly overnight price fixing both against textile orders and in connection with French business. This support soon tapered and the market sagged owing to increased hedges and profit taking by local operators. Later the firmess of securities and revived hopes of an early settlement of the automobile strike brought a steadier tendency. Though little actual recovery developed. Far distants displayed relative firmness throughout. The announcement of a British-American Loan agreement had a cautionary influence on sellers because it suggests the possibility of renewed British interest in American Cotton which has been virtually dormant since the end of landlease. Lower crop ideas were also helpful but the trend around noon was erratic. Latterly occasional minor setbacks attributable to hedges met quick trade absorption. Otherwise no fresh trading features occurred with the session closing steady.

CHICAGOO GRAINS

CHICAGO: Early firmness reflecting a sharp reduction on Winnipeg rye margins and reports of good shipping demand for oats prices sagged attributed to lack of follow through support and a sharp reaction of the Canadian market.

December 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid),
May 1.80-1/2 bid (1.80-1/2 bid),
July 1.76-1/2 to 1.76-1/2 (1.76-5/8 to 1.76-5/8).

COTTON EXCHANGE MEMBERSHIP SOLD FOR NINE THOUSAND.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6. (U. P. A.): Membership on the New York Cotton Exchange was to-day sold for nine thousand dollars, showing an advance of one thousand and one hundred dollars from the last previous sale.

OPA ANNOUNCES REVISED CEILINGS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6. (UPA): The Office of Price Administration today announced that revised ceiling on cotton goods will probably be issued before the end of December.

WORTH STREET DULL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6, (U. P. A.): A dull session prevailed during to-day's trading in the Worth Street Cotton Cloth market, with producers showing little inclination to change from their withdrawn position until the export quota for the first quarter has been set aside and percentages announced.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7. (U.P.A.)

The dispatch said that Wool interests profess their inability to compute how much India wool has been released during 1945 including the latest Karachi figures and how much will be released early in 1946.

The Journal of Commerce said however that it is known that India's internal consumption of wool has enlarged.

The paper noted moreover that Argentine wool remains too high prices for profitable dealer transactions and that no new developments in China or Mid East Wool production have been reported recently.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 6.

December	24.60—03
January	24.41—05
March	24.52+02
March highest (10 a.m.)	24.54+04
March lowest (11.10 a.m.)	24.45—05
May	24.35—
July	24.04+01
October	23.30—
December	23.21—03
Middling Spot	25.12—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Dec. 6.

December	24.56—02
March	24.51+08
May	24.38+01
July	24.07+02
October	23.32—03
Middling Spot	24.15—

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.

New York, Dec. 6.

December	24.56
March	24.48
May	24.35

LONDON BULLION.

London, Dec. 6.

Spot 44d Forward 44d Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Dec. 6.

T. T. London on:
New York sellers 4.02.1/2, buyers 4.03.1/2, Madrid official 44.00 Montreal sellers 4.43, buyers 4.45, Zurich sellers 17.3 buyers 17.4, Stockholm sellers 16.85, buyers 16.95.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Dec. 6.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe (new crop) unoffered, Australian Wheat (bulk) 61 quoted Dec.-Jan. (old or new crop) Australian—Wheat (bags) unoffered.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Dec. 6.

	£
Rupee Paper 3.1/2 p c	74-3/4
Consols 2.1/2 p c	90.7/8
Conversion Loan 3.1/2 p c 1961	106
War Loan 3-1/2 p c	103
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	112.1/2
Victory Bonds 4 p c	113.1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	10.3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	85.1/2
National Bank of India—N. Y. SILVER.	42.1/4

New York, Dec. 6.

United States price of Foreign Silver 71.1 cents.
New York buying price 70.3/4 cents.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Dec. 7.

LONDON: Banks Buying 90 Days/st. 1/6 5/32 1 to 4 Months.
Banks buying 90 days/st. 1/6 3/16 5 and 6 Months.
B. C. RATES: T. T. 1/5 15/16 D D 1/5 15/16.
Banks selling T. T. 1/5 31/32 D. D. 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 D. D 1/6 1/16.
LONDON/NEW YORK:
Banks selling T. T. Rs. 332 3/4 D. D. Rs. 332 3/4.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 329 1/2 D D. Rs. 328-1/2
LONDON/MONTREAL:
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2 D D. Rs 302 1/2.
Banks buying T. T. Rs. 299 D D Rs. 297 1/2.
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steadier.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c. Bank of England Rate 2 p c.
Money:—Call, one and two months 1/4 p c 3 to 5 months 1/2 p c. 6 to 11 months 3/4 p c. 12 months 1-1/4 p c.
Tone: Easy.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 30th November, 1945:—

LIABILITIES.

CAPITAL:—Rs. 5,52,50,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 6,05,00,000; Fixed Deposit. Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts Rs. 253,35,87,000; Sundries Rs. 1,42,27,000. Total Rs. 266,45,64,000.

ASSETS.

INVESTMENTS:—Government Securities Rs. 158,87,05,000; Other Authorised Investments Rs. 5,05,59,000; ADVANCES:—Loans Rs. 18,95,89,000; Cash Credits and Overdrafts Rs. 30,84,47,000; Bills Discounted and Purchased Rs. 3,85,61,000; Dead Stock Rs 1,64,22,000; Sundries Rs. 1,45,42,000; CASH:—In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 44,39,02,000; Balances with other Banks Rs. 1,35,37,000. Total Rs. 266,45,64,000.

W.A.C.(I) Dance At Poona

POONA, Dec. 4: In an effort to day's function has already received cause of the T. B. Ward at the I. B. H. at Poona a dance and variety show were held at W.A.C.(I.) Headquarters, Poona, on Friday, November 30.

W.A.C.(I.)s from various parts of India come to Poona for treatment in the T. B. Ward. Junior Commander J. Sealey, organiser of Friday's function, has already received Rs. 2,500 from Delhi and over Rs. 500 was raised at a similar entertainment held at Kirkee recently.

An appeal is made to W.A.C.(I.) companies throughout India to organise raffles and dances in aid of the T. B. fund.

Workers' Alleged Assault On Foreman

A foreman of the BEST workshops got into trouble last evening at the hands of some BEST workers, who are said to have assaulted him with shoes and fists.

The genesis of the trouble, which is clouded in doubt, attributes it to a batch of workers refusing to carry out some instructions which the foreman isued.

Since the strike notice served on the management, this is the third untoward incident which has taken places, the other two victims being an inspector and a Pathan driver.

The Pathan driver is alleged to have been assaulted, because of a long standing grudge by some workers, he had taken out the first tramcar during the last strike.

Head Office:
Empire of India Life Building.

ASSETS EXCEED Rs. 6,67,60,000
★
CLAIMS PAID EXCEED Rs. 5,53,62,000
★

EMPIRE OF INDIA
LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Head Office: Bombay Established 1897.

New Thoughts— New Style— New Colours

For all sorts of Interior and Exterior decorations, Paintings, Oil colours, Spray designs, Distempers & Artistic excellence.

REMEMBER THE FAMOUS TOUCH OF
FAMOUS PAINTINGS & DECORATIVE WORKS,
12, Alli Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

DO YOU REMEMBER 1921?

DO YOU REMEMBER THE DREAM OF CHARKA AND HANDLOOMS?

THIS MISERY OF NAKEDNESS COULD BE, CAN BE, SHALL BE AVOIDED

WATCH

THE INDIAN HANDLOOM MFG. CO., LTD.

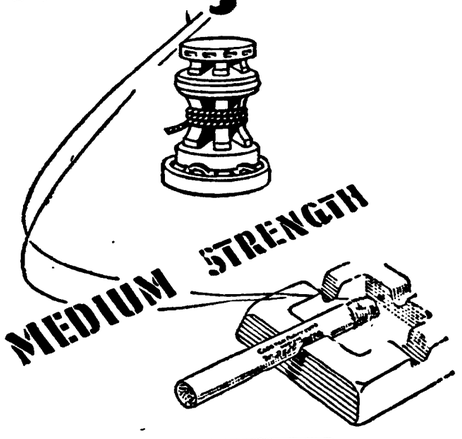
For Share Prospectus and details of Shares please write to the Mg. Agents.

WANTED RESPECTABLE AGENTS.

Inserted by:—
MR. I. B. BHATTACHARYA
Mg. Dir.—THE INDIAN MACHINE TOOL MFG. CO. LTD.
" —THE INDIAN CUTLERY MFG. CO. LTD.
Prop. —INDO BRITISH ENGINEERS
" — I. BHATTACHARYA & CO
2, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA.
Telegram: "Intish" Phone—Cal. 1817.

Better buy "Capstan" They're blended better

CAPSTAN
Navy Cut

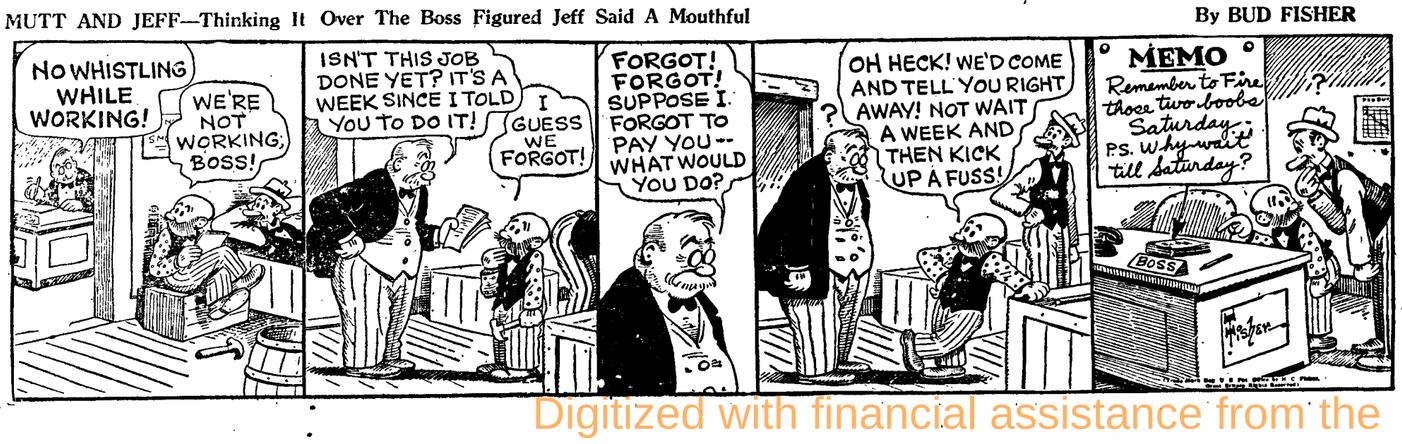


6 ANNAS FOR 10
Plus local tax where in force.

W. D. & H. O. WILLS
BRISTOL & LONDON
CAP/186

MUTT AND JEFF—Thinking It Over The Boss Figured Jeff Said A Mouthful

By BUD FISHER


NO WHISTLING WHILE WORKING!
WE'RE NOT WORKING, BOSS!
ISN'T THIS JOB DONE YET? IT'S A WEEK SINCE I TOLD YOU TO DO IT!
I GUESS WE FORGOT!
FORGOT! FORGOT! SUPPOSE I FORGOT TO PAY YOU -- WHAT WOULD YOU DO?
OH HECK! WE'D COME AND TELL YOU RIGHT AWAY! NOT WAIT A WEEK AND THEN KICK UP A FUSS!
MEMO
Remember to Fire those two boobs Saturday.
P.S. Why wait 'till Saturday?
BOSS

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 22 December, 2016

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS Per WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1|8|-.

To be paid in advance.

LOST & FOUND

On 28th November, I was travelling in Delhi Express from Ratlam to Bombay. My Bedding and one Trunk was found missing at Borivli Station. Anybody in possession of the said luggage may kindly inform the undersigned. A handsome reward will be awarded to the finder. G. D Tharia, c/o. Habib Bank Limited, Mahomedali Road, Bombay 3.
244

MATRIMONIAL

Two decent and well placed Gujrati youths of respected family of Bombay, desire marriage with cultured and educated girls of respectable family. No caste restriction. Age limit 25. Apply Post Box No. 207A, Bombay.

A Foreign returned educated Maratha, well settled desires marriage with educated, good looking Hindu girl no caste restriction. Please apply with copy of photograph (returnable) Box No. 237 "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Introductions, Matrimonial, Companionship, Hobbies. Particulars. Six annas. Ladies free. Miss Jayashree, 773, Sadashiv, Poona
162

Are you friendless, lonely, aesthetically starved? We introduce ladies, gents, pen, personal friends. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5521, Bombay. (5712A)

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted for a Large Sugar Factory in U. P., a whole time qualified and experienced Medical officer. Private Practice not allowed. Apply with full particulars and terms to Box No. 5791, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted by a large Manufacturing Concern, Registered Accountants, prepared to serve outside Bombay Salary Rs. 250/- plus Dearness Allowance. Young men with experience need appy to Box No. 5793 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Office assistants, Travelling Salesmen, Clerks, Packers Excellent prospects, honest, hardworking ambitious youngmen. Bring application own handwriting. Onward Trading Co., Tyabji Building, Opposite Gokuldas Hospital. (235)

Wanted Lady Secretary-Stenographer for Director of leading commercial firm in Bombay with good speed both in typewriting and stenography and preferably with secretarial experience. Salary according to qualifications. Please apply stating age, educational qualifications and experience to Box No. 5802, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted:—An experienced Manager to look after a new Hosiery factory. Only men of experience should apply stating terms, pay according to qualifications & experience, to Box No. 5801 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately. Two General Clerks. Gujarati or Maharashtrian, Matriculates only need apply personally with handwritten applications giving full details and mentioning minimum salary expected at 3-15 p. m. today to Mohan Sons & Co., Manekji Wadia Building, opp. University Gardens. (228)

Wanted immediately in Fort, Bombay, a full time, experienced Accountant-Cashier, honest, capable of hard work, fully familiar with banking account and bookkeeping. Apply stating age, copies of testimonials and minimum salary required to Box No. 221. "Bombay Chronicle."

Required experienced first class Weaving Master for Pure Silk and Art Silk—Only those with experience need apply Box No. 5807. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Immediately Graduates to learn a dignified business giving sure and easy income of Rs. 150|- per month. Capital of Rs. 500|-, sufficient. Experience not needed. Business taught by an old established Limited firm of repute. Apply Box No. 209. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Supervisors Mistries with Experience of Bitumen and concrete Road work and also Reinforced Concrete Work. Pay according to experience and qualifications. Those able to join immediately apply Box No. 208, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately experienced and efficient Ledger-Keepers, Cashiers, Typists, Clearing Supervisors and General Clerks for a good Banking Company with better future prospects. Apply stating terms, experience age, etc. Good references and securities essential for Cashiers Box No. 175 A "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately (a) A Mechanical Engineer with practical experience in Tool Room and Machine Shop Practice. He should be able to design Tools & Jigs one with Textile Machine experience will be preferred; (b) A Mechanical Engineer to take charge of Estimating and Planning Dept. Must be able to work independently. (c) A foreman for Heavy Duty Machines. Practical experience necessary. Apply to Box No. 5742 "Bombay Chronicle" with testimonials. Sanction Employment Exchange No. 74.
5742

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted Marathi speaking Lady Shorthand Typist. Immediately Apply G. P. O. Box No. 1176 "Bombay.

Wanted Marathi speaking Lady Junior Accounts Clerk, Typist preferred. Apply G. P. O. Post Box No. 1176, Bombay.
(233)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Any suitable Job which pays Rs. 300 or above for an experienced Medical Licentiate in Bombay. Apply Box No. 186, "Bombay Chronicle."

Accounts Clerk 15 years' experience requires Book-Keeping and Accounts Work. Excellent references. Apply Box No. 231 "Bombay Chronicle."

Young Gujarati Hindu, worked 14 years in reputed cotton business firm in various departments also with 8 years Hospital Secretarial experience seeks job Box No. 238. "Bombay Chronicle."

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms Available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Apply Manager. (9954)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matrics! Become Graduates (Punjab University) by 15 months' home study. Apply Dewan's, Lahore. 69

MEDICAL ADLETS

Best Medicine for Hysteria. Time 8-30 a.m. to 10-30 a.m. Price Rs. 1/6/3. Available from Shivlal Vahalchand Shah, Modi House, 1st Floor, Fool Gali, Bhuleshwar, Bombay 2. 185

ASTROLOGICAL

For accurate predictions and expert advice on different life problems. Consult famous Astrologer V. P. Kanhere, 129, Shukrawar, Poona City. (241)

LOANS AND MORTGAGES

Easy loans up to Rs. 500|- Novel mutual credit benefit plan among every 250 members earning monthly Rs. 50|-. Write to Box No. 206, "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For sale a running complete Dispensary near Post Office Pran Bhuvan, Ghatkoper, Telephone No. 87092. (245)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Wanted:— Immediately young educated businessman or wishing to own good business to take charge of highly developed, organised & established business of old Limited concern with net guaranteed income of Re. 400/- per month, for permanent contract. Personal investment of Rs. 25,000/- essential. Investment refundable. Box No. 236 "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Purchasers of our Tower Brand Bar Soap, cubes, Cash, write to the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (9149)

Wanted Agents or wholesale dealers. The Krishna Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal).
(240)

Wanted Stockists & Agents for Soapstone, Barytes, Whiting, Red Oxide of Iron, Yellow Ochre, Red Ochre, Corundun, Asbestos, Chinaclay and lime. Please address Mineral Marketing Company, Katni, C. P. (5799)

Wanted—Agents and Stockists for Steel Cabinets, Air-tight Almirahs, Office Furnitures, Fireproof safes, Deed Boxes, Hospital Furnitures, Cash Boxes, etc. Apply Unique Engineering Concern, 6, Hidaram Bannerjee Lane, Calcutta. 158

Wanted Sub-Agents & Stockists throughout India for our well-advertised products "Rheumolin" Embrocation and "Kahama" Tooth Powder etc. Communicate Gilpla, 264, Vadgadi, Bombay 3.
218

Wanted Travelling Agents for the sale of Confectionery products of a limited concern as a side business on a decent rate of commission in the following provinces and states: Madras, Bombay, Orissa, C. I., C. P., U. P., Rajputana, Sind, Ceylon, Baluchistan, Mysore, Hyderabad and Kashmir. Claims for the sole-agency of a particular province or provinces may be considered. Apply Box No. 5790 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

We will sell it for you for better profit. Let us know what you have to sell—Shamsundar Kishindas, III floor, III block, Devkaran Mansions, Princess St., Bombay 2 Phone 31291. 210

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Fresh Stocks, "Brighto" Metal Polish now available Rs. 27 per Gross cakes. Retail As. 5. Agents Wanted everywhere. P. D. Singh Rikhi Bhuvan, Napoo Road, Matunga, G.I.P. Phone 61594 or 4th floor 327, Hornby Road, Bombay. Phone 31225. 201

Golden opportunity for all Kashmir goods. Mixed tweed 2/- per yard. Dress material 9/- Fur gloves 10/- pair. Leather gloves 9/- Fur slippers 5/8/- Dressing gown 30/- Overcoat 55/- Pure wool sweater 15/- Currandy silk bed spreads embroidered 36/- Small cuttings against Re. 1/- Other samples against cost. Nath & Co., Srinagar. 239

For Sale Teak Wardrobe, Mirror inside, Rs. 625. Dressing Table, Circular Mirror, 285. Dining Table, Six Chairs, 225. Linen Box 60, Lamp Standard 50. Rao, 2nd Floor, Shanti Kuteer, Marine Drive. 220

Large firm has for sale medium size and practically new packing cases can supply a few hundred every month. Apply Post Box 118, G.P.O., Bombay. 5770

PUBLIC NOTICES

BAN ON IMPORT OF RATIONED ARTICLES

ORDER

Finance Department (Supply), Bombay Castle, 6th Dec., 1945.

No. 383/I.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-rule (2) of rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules the Government of Bombay is pleased with effect from 7th December, 1945, in supersession of the Order issued in Government Notification in the Finance Department (Supply), No. 383/II, dated the 3rd July, 1943, and of all notifications amending the said Order, to make the following Order, namely:—

(1) No person shall bring into the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District (hereinafter referred to as the said area) by rail, road, sea or air any quantity of the article specified in the Schedule hereto appended (hereinafter referred to as the said articles) without a licence from the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay, or an Officer authorised by him in this behalf or where the second proviso hereinafter appearing applies, from the Assistant Controller of Rationing, Bombay, or a Rationing Officer authorised in this behalf by the Controller of Rationing, Bombay.

Provided that such license shall not be required in respect of stocks of the said articles brought into the said area by or on behalf of Government or covered by Military Credit Notes:

Provided further that such license shall be granted against cancellation of the appropriate coupons of a ration card available for lawful use in the said area within the month of the issue of the licence where the stocks of the said articles to be brought into the said area do not exceed the quantity represented by coupons so available in relation to the said articles in combination.

(2) Any Court trying a contravention of any of the provisions of this Order may, without prejudice to any other sentence it may pass, direct that any stocks of the articles in respect of which the Court is satisfied that the Order has been contravened shall, together with any receptacles in which they are contained and coverings in which they are packed, be forfeited to His Majesty.

EXPLANATION:—For the purpose of this Order, "the Bombay Suburban District" means the Bombay Suburban District as constituted immediately before the 1st day of October, 1945.

2. With reference to sub-rule (1) of the rule 119 of the Defence of India Rules, the Government of Bombay is pleased to direct that notice of the Order should be given by—(a) publication of the same in the Bombay Government Gazette; (b) issue of Press Note summarising and explaining its provisions; and (c) publication of the Order in the following newspapers having circulation in the City of Bombay and the Bombay Suburban District, namely:—(1) Times of India, (2) Bombay Chronicle, (3) Morning Standard, (4) Press Press Journal, (5) Navakal, (6) Nava Shakti, (7) Prabhat, (8) Iqbal, (9) Inquilab, (10) Khilafat, (11) Jame-Jamshed, (12) Janmabhumi, (13) Vandemataram, (14) Hindustan.

SCHEDULE

(1) Wheat, Wheat products, including atta, maida, Rava, bread (Bakers bread or loaf), Suji and Bran;
(2) Barley, Barley in the husk, barley flour and barley bread;
(3) Rice (including rice in husk) and rice flour,
(4) Jowar, jowar flour;
(5) Bajri, Bajri flour.

By order of the Governor of Bombay,
D. S. SAKHLE,
Joint Secretary to the Government.
5792

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of Cotton Waste (Soft & Hard) from The India United Mills, Ltd., No. 2 & 3 Mills and will be received up to 4 p. m. of TUESDAY, the 11th instant at their registered office, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. The copies of the tenders can be obtained from the Cotton Department. (5788)

FOR SALE

Useful Engineering Stores as under:—

Sledge Hammers, Pulleys, Plug Cocks, Drills twist, Spring and Beam scales, M. S. Rivets, Boiler Pipes, Tool & Drill steel bars, Hollow steel bars, Expanded Metal Sheets, G. I. Wire, Bottle cooler Box etc.

Tender closes on 20th December, 1945.

Apply for tender form to the General Manager, The Tata Power Co, Ltd., Bombay House, Fort Bombay. 5750

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the certificates for five Ordinary Shares Nos. 078506|10 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company, Limited standing in the name of Mr. Ramdas Narandas Mehta have been lost, or mislaid and the undersigned has applied to the Company to issue duplicate certificates for the said shares. Any person who has a claim in respect of the said shares should lodge such claim with the Company at its registered office Bombay House, 24 Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within one month from this date, else the Company will proceed to issue duplicate share certificates.

Dated 8th December, 1945.

SUNDERLAL BHAIDAS
for
RAMDAS NARANDAS MEHTA.
(232)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF 74TH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SEVENTY-FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Soparibaug Road, Parel, Bombay on SATURDAY, the 29th December, 1945, at 3-0 P. M. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1945.
2. To declare a Dividend and a Bonus.
3. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Gordhandas Govindji who retires by rotation under Article 108 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election, as he holds office of profit under the Company, being a partner in the firm of Messrs. Kedarnath Baijnath, who are the Selling Agents of the Company. Consent of Share-holders is required for re-election.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Radhakisan Sagarmal who vacates office under Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election.
5. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Matadin Hariram who vacates office under Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election.
6. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Harnarayan Gopaldas who vacates office under Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election.
7. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Kamalaprasad Onkarmal who vacates office under Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election.
8. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Bishambarlal Maheshwari who vacates office under Article 93 of the Articles of Association of the Company but is eligible for re-election.
9. To confirm donations.
10. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
11. To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting by the Chairman.

The Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, the 14th December 1945 to Friday, the 11th January 1946 (both days inclusive).

By Order of
the Board of Directors,
GANESHNARAYAN PIRAMAL,
Agents.

Soparibaug Road,
Parel, Bombay.
3-12-1945.

NOTE:—The Dividend and Bonus if sanctioned will be payable to those Shareholders, whose names stand on the Register of the Company in the evening of Thursday, the 13th December, 1945. Payment will be made at the Bank of India, Ltd., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, between 11-0 a. m. and 3-0 p. m. (S.T.) from Monday, the 14th January, 1946 to Friday, the 18th January 1946 (both days inclusive). During this period, no payment will be made at the Registered Office of the Company, except to such shareholders, who desire remittance through post.

On and after Saturday, the 19th January, 1946, Payment of Dividend and Bonus will be made at the Registered Office of the Company between 11-30 a.m. and 3-30 p. m. (S.T.) on week days and between 11-30 a. m. and 1-30 p. m. on Saturdays.

Dividend Warrants will be posted in due course to the Registered addresses of the Shareholders. Change of address, if any, should be notified without delay, on receipt of this notice.

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. & WVG. CO., LTD.,

To,

The Members of the Morarjee Goculdas Spinning and Weaving Co., Ltd., in general and to the under-noted Members in particular:—

NAME OF THE SHARE-HOLDER.

Anant Narhar Mahajan, Esqr.,
Ashwinkumar Nanabhai Oza, Esq.,
Arvindlal Nanabhai Oza, Esq.,
Sha Anderji Manekchand, Esq. and another.
Anant Krishna Ganpule and another.
Raja Bahadur Bansilal Motilal.
Balchandra Nanabhai Oza, Esq.,
Bai Bhuri guardian of Ratilal Bhagwanji Choksey.
Bapalal Mohanlal Vaidya, Esq. and another,
Bhogilal Morarjee, Esq.,
Bhikhubhai Jamnadas, Esq.,
Bhogilal Morarjee, Esq., and another.
Chunilal Kamalsi, Esq.,
Clandino Xavier Menezes, Esq.,
Choksi Ochhavlal Balkishan, Esq.,
Chandulal Girdharlal Patwa, Esq. and others.
Zaveri Chandulal Purshottamdas, Esq.,
Choksi Ratilal Bhagwanji, Esq.,
Dineshchandra Girdharlal, Esq.,
Dilsukhrai Mansukhrai Nanavati and other.
Dayanand R. Kedia, Esq.,
Gunvantrai R. Mazmudar, Esq.,
Girdharlal Dosabhai Parikh, Esq. and another.
Govind Damodar Dandekar, Esq.,
Hargovan Harjivan, Esq.,
Indulal Bapalal, Esq. and another.
Bai Jashiben Bapalal and another.
Jivanlal Girdhardas, Esq.,
Khushalchand Panachand, Esq. and another.
Seth Bhailal Girdharlal, and another.
Bhogilal Dwarkadas, Esq.,
Chandulal Purshottamdas Zaveri, Esq. and another.
Manohar Shankar Zirpe, Esq.,
Natverlal Avantiram Mehta, Esq. and another.
Natverlal Vidyashankar Acharya and another.
Mrs. Narmadabai Natverlal.
Bai Kapilagauri Maneklal and another.
Kantilal Ratilal Vohra, Esq.,
Bai Kanchangauri Dhanki,
Kishanlal Ramjidas, Esq.,
Mrs. Kadambari Kumarkant and another.
Mrs. Kumudlaxmi Gunvantrai Desai and others.
Khushalchand Panachand, Esq.,
Krishnarai Vithalrai, Esq.,
Manohar Shripat Naik Akalkotkar, Esq.,
Murlidhar Gordhandas Pasari, Esq.,
Manekchand Nanchand Shah, Esq.,
Mangaldas Narandas, Esq. and another.
Mrs. Manjula Batuklal and another.
Mr. Madhavdas Manekchand and another.
Mr. Maganlal Andarji and another.
Mansukhlal Jivraj Mehta, Esq. and another.
Manoharlal Jwalaprasad Tibrewala, Esq.,
Nandlal Tribhovandas, Esq.,
Navnitray Vithalray, Esq.,
Prabhudas Tribhovandas Shah, Esq.,
Purshottamdas Gordhandas Pasari, Esq.,
Messrs. Panalal Bansilal and others.
Pannalal Bansilal, Esq. and another.
Pralhad Govind Naik, Akalkotkar, Esq.,
Panachand Rangnath, Esq., and another.
Parsadrai Vithalrai Trivedi, Esq.,
Parasram Balvant Ganpule, Esq. and another.
Radhakishan Pashupatinath, Esq.,
Mrs. Ramavati S. Ghoda.
Rustomji Jamshedji Vakharia, Esq. and another.
Mrs. Ramavati Surendrarai Ghoda and another.
Sidlingappa Rachappa Tambake, Esq.,
Shamaldas Bhagwandas, Esq.,
Bai Suntok widow of Mulchand Maganlal and another.
Sunderji Hirji, Esq. and another.
Shantikumar Gautam Shah, Esq.,
Mrs. Sehra Tehmasp Kothavala and another.
Sunderji Khimji, Esq. and another.
Rao Saheb Shrikisan Narandas Bhayya and another.
Tribhovandas Narandas, Esq. and another.
Trikamlal Purshottamdas Dalal, Esq.,
Tambake Sidlingappa Rachappa, Esq. and another.
Tribhovandas Andarji, Esq.,
Ratilal Damodardas Parikh, Esq.,
Bai Rukhi Mulchand, Administratrix to the Estate of late Mr. Mulchand Bhaichand.
Ramchandrarao Nilkanthrao Patwardhan Esq.,
Mrs. Radhabai Krishnarai Natu,
Ramdeo Moralia. Esq.,
Bai Sakerbai Alibhoy.
Bai Tambakaha Aditram.
Bai Virmati Kantiray.
(5810)

THE RATLAM SUGAR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED RATLAM

THE THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Ratlam Sugar Mills Co., Ltd., will be held on 29th December, 1945. The transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from the 15th December, 1945 to 29th Decr. 1945 (both days inclusive). All applications for transfer of shares should be sent immediately for necessary action. It may be noted that no interest or dividend shall be paid to any member whose name is not borne on the Register of Members on the 15th of December, 1945.

G. C. NARANG
Chairman.
5800

SALE OF CASE TINS, HOOPS, ETC.

Offers are invited for purchase of:—

1. Empty tins and cases of 1 cwt. capacity (damaged).
2. Loose planks of dealwood.
3. Steel hoops and wires (mixed up).
4. Wooden casks or barrels—capacity 200 lbs. (good and damaged).

Tenders should be sent in sealed covers to the Milk Commissioner, Secretariat, Bombay not later than WEDNESDAY, the 19th December, 1945.
(5798)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
City Engineer's Department
(Works Branch)
NOTICE

TENDER for the works in the construction of 100' Road (Extension of Maulana Abdul Gaffar Khan Road) between its junction with Love Grove Road and 20 passage, Scheme No. 58, Worli Extension, with cement concrete (1:2:4) 6" thick and laying storm water drain therein will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on FRIDAY, the 21st December, 1945.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 5th December, 1945.
5809

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for the work of tyre servicing and repairs to pneumatic tyres and tubes of lorries, passenger cars, animal drawn vehicles and hand carts etc. belonging to the Bombay Municipality during the year 1946-47, will be received upto 1 p. m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 21st day of December, 1945.

Tenders should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Tender for the work of tyre servicing and repairs to pneumatic tyres and tubes of lorries, passenger cars &c." addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 600|-

Forms of tender, specification etc., will be issued to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer on payment of a fee of Rupee One each form which will, on no account, be refunded.

The Dy. City Engineer will, on application at his office at the Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, Bombay, give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 4-12-1945.
(5808)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for three temporary posts of 'C' Grade Clerk in the Office of the Income-tax Appellate Tribunal, Bombay, on a pay of Rs. 55|- in the scale of Rs. 40-5-60-E.B.-5-80 plus dearness allowance and house rent allowance as sanctioned by the Government of India from time to time.

Applicants should have passed at least Matriculation Examination of a recognised University and should be proficient in typing.

Applications addressed to him by designation and not by name should reach the undersigned not later than 27th December, 1945.

G. C. KHANNA,
Registrar.
Income-tax Appellate Tribunal,
Industrial Assurance Building,
Churchgate, Bombay.
(5797)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASANALI RAHIMTULLA PEERBHOY and Others, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim of any kind whatsoever on or upon the said property is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the receipt hereof, otherwise, the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY: Piece of land with structures thereon situate at Dongri Street admeasuring 27½ feet by 52 feet, assessed under Municipal 4 (B) Ward No. 2979 and Street Nos. 164-166, bearing New Survey No. 3148 and C. S. No. 1723 of Mandvi Division and bounded on the North by the House of Karmali Peerbhoy, West by Samuel Street, South by the property of late Dhunjibhai Karmali and East by Dongri Street.

SECONDLY: Piece of land with structures thereon situate at Dongri Street, admeasuring 205 sq. yds. assessed under Municipal 4(B) Ward No. 3040 and Street Nos. 160-162. bearing New Survey No. 3|3148 and C. S. No. 1724, Mandvi Division and bounded on the North by the property of Versi Lalji, South by the property firstly described, East by Dongri Street and West by Samuel Street.

Bombay dated this 7th day of December, 1945.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5794)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invitec so as to reach the undersigned by 12th January 1946 for the supply of the following pencils for a period of one year from 1st April 1946 to 31st March 1947.

DESCRIPTION OF ARTICLES

	Quantity Nos.
(1) Pencils black lead soft	50,000
(2) Pencils black lead middling	1,50,000
(3) Pencils black lead hard	15,000
(4) Pencils blue	30,000
(5) Pencils red	30,000
(6) Pencils green	1,200
(7) Pencils copying	50 000
(8) Pencils Shorthand	6,000

Details showing the quality of manufacture, conditions of supply and the tender form can be had on application free of charge.

Tenderers may quote for Pencils of Indian and or foreign manufacture though preference will as far as possible be given to the Indian made pencils.

Director of Industries
and
Stores Purchasing Officer.

Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay.
7th December, 1945.
5796

LEGAL NOTICES

HIGH COURT,
O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 1347 of 1945.

ABDUR REHMANKHAN MAHOMEDKHAN .. Plaintiff.
v|s
KARIMBHAI A. SOMJEE & Ors. ..... Defendants.

To
ABDUL JABBAR RIAZUDDIN,
Second Defendant in the above suit.

THE PLAINTIFF has filed the above suit for a declaration that the 1st defendant has no charge or mortgage on any of the assets of India Iron Manufacturing Co., that the alleged loan advanced by the 1st defendant is not binding on the partnership firm, that the 1st defendant had no right whatsoever on the assets or articles mentioned in the advertisement and is not entitled to sell them or get them sold, that the said partnership was dissolved on 15th September, 1945 or such date as the Court may determine, that the affairs of the partnership be wound up and accounts taken by and under the directions of the Court, that the amount due and payable by you, the 2nd defendant or the 3rd defendant be ascertained and you the 2nd defendant and|or the 3rd defendant be ordered to pay the same to the plaintiff and for other reliefs.

TAKE NOTICE that the hearing of the above suit is fixed for 7th January 1946 and you are hereby summoned to appear in Court on that day at 11 O'Clock in person or by an Advocate AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1945.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYAN AYYAR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Messrs. TAHER & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(5789)

IN THE COURT OF THE JOINT SUB-JUDGE, SHIKARPUR.
Suit No. 55 of 1945.

HASSANAND s|o Gobindram merchant of Shikarpur ..... Plaintiff

Versus

DWARKADAS s|o Lalachand, merchant resident of Bombay New India Insurance Co. Post No. 2 .... Defendant.

To,
The abovenamed defendant.

WHEREAS the plaintiff abovenamed has filed a suit against you for Rs. 1,200|- and whereas you cannot be served in an ordinary way, you are hereby informed through this paper to appear in this court on 18th December 1945 at 10 a. m. and filed your written statement failing which suit will proceed ex parte against you.

Given under my hand and the Seal of this court, this 1st day of December, 1945.

(Sd.).....
Clerk of the Court, Shikarpur.
(5812)

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(Cape Gooseberry & Guava)
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Bombay.

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